CURRICULUM FOR B.Sc. NURSING COURSE



SUMANDEEP NURSING COLLEGE

Piparia, Waghodia, Vadodara- 391760, Gujarat, India.

Telephone: 02668 - 245055, 245266, 64, Ext – 288,290, Fax: 02668- 245292, 245126 E- mail: sumandeepnursingcollege@gmail.com; pnc@sumandeepnursity.co.in

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PHILOSOPHY

The Sumandeep Nursing College believes that:

Nursing science is a discipline that requires nurse's continuous professionalism throughout their life. Nursing professionals also need to be highly skillful in order to meet the client's comprehensive health care needs and to expand their professional functions in solving various problems. In addition, nurses need to demonstrate leadership by coordination with other health professionals.

In order to achieve these aims, the Sumandeep Nursing College believes in endorsing excellence in every area of its teaching, maintaining and developing its position as world Class College to enrich international and regional communities through the skill of its nursing graduates. The College also pursues ideal healthcare that fits the local culture and lifestyle and provides learning activities rich with practical and applied educational materials based on research findings. It therefore believes in guiding the students to the profession through its unique educational program.

Each faculty of the institution assumes the responsibility as to be the role model and helps in creating learning environment that enables students to acquire driven, self directed learning and foster an attitude of life long lasting.

Thus, the Sumandeep College of Nursing believes in preparing its graduates to become exemplary citizen by adhering to the code of ethics and professional conduct at all times in fulfilling personal, social and professional obligations so as to respond to national aspirations.

OUR VISION: -

To Educate, Illuminate & train the B.Sc. (Nursing) Students for better tomorrow.

OUR MISSION: -

To be one of the best B.Sc. (Nursing) Institutions on the global map by developing individuals through skilled, well planned, coordinated Nursing training, conducting applied research & developing institutional resources.

AIM: -

The aim of the undergraduate nursing program is to:

- Prepare graduates to assume responsibilities as professional competent nurses and midwives in providing promotive, curative, and rehabilitative services.
- Prepare nurses who can make independent decisions in nursing situations, protect the rights of and facilitate individuals and groups in pursuit of health, function in the hospital, Community nursing services, and conduct research studies in the areas of nursing practice. They are also expected to assume the role of teacher, supervisor, and manager in a clinical/public health setting.

Estd.: 2007

OBJECTIVES: -

The Sumandeep College of Nursing endeavors to develop a graduate level nurse who will be able to:

- 1. Apply knowledge from physical, biological, and behavioral sciences, medicine including alternative systems and nursing in providing nursing care to individuals, families and communities.
- 2. Demonstrate understanding of like style and other factors, which affect health of individuals and groups.
- 3. Provide nursing care based on steps of nursing process in collaboration with the individuals and groups.
- 4. Demonstrate critical thinking skill in making decisions in all situations in order to provide quality care.
- 5. Utilize the latest trends and technology in providing health care.
- 6. Provide promotive, preventive and restorative health services in line with the national health policies and programmes.
- 7. Practice within the framework of code of ethics and professional conduct, and acceptable standards of practice within the legal boundaries.
- 8. Communicate effectively with individuals and groups, and members of the health team in order to promote effective interpersonal relationship and teamwork.
- 9. Demonstrate skills in teaching to individuals and groups in clinical/community health settings.

- 10. Participate effectively as members of the health team in health care delivery system.
- 11. Demonstrate leadership and managerial skills in clinical/community health settings.
- 12. Conduct need based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to improve the quality of care.
- 13. Demonstrate awareness, interest, and contribute towards advancement of self and of the profession.
- 14. Provide qualified nurses to cope with advancement in medical science and technology.
- 15. Be efficient in teaching to nursing students as well as providing direct patient care.
- 16. Incorporate evidence based teaching learning activities in nursing curriculum to strengthen nursing practice for quality and cost effective nursing care.

The above objectives can be fulfilled by implementing EBES:

- **Knowledge:-** Students should be facilitated by didactic lectures and evidence searching exercises for the same (**Good to Know category**)
- Analyze: Theory classes should incorporate recent evidences. (Desirable to Know category)
- Application: Tutorials and demonstrations based on all steps of Evidence Based
 Decision Making. (Must Know category)

Admission Requirements

- 1. The minimum age for admission shall be 17 years on or before 31st July of the year of admission.
- 2. The minimum educational requirements shall be the passing of:

Higher Secondary school certificate Examination (12 years course),

OR

Senior School certificate Examination (10 + 2), pre-degree Examination (10+2) OR

An equivalent with 12 years schooling from a recognized board or university with Science (Physics, Chemistry, Biology and English) with minimum of 50% aggregate marks (PCBC).

3. Candidate shall be Psychologically & Medically Fit.

Entrance/Selection test

Selection of the candidates should be based on the merit of the entrance examination held by University or competent authority.

Duration:

Duration of the course shall be four years including internship.

Vacation:

3 weeks vacation shall be given in each year.

Duration:

Course Duration 4 years Weeks available per year 52 Weeks Vacation 3 Weeks Gazetted holidays 3 Weeks Examination (Including Preparatory) 4 Weeks Available Weeks 37 Weeks Hours per week 40 Practical 30 hours per week =Theory 10 hours per week =Internship practical 40 Hours per week Hours available per academic year 1480 (37 Weeks X 40 Hours

COURSE OF INSTRUCTION

First Year

	Subject	Theory (In hrs) (Class and lab)	Practical (In hrs) (Clinical)	(Total hrs)
1.	*English	60	-	60
2.	Anatomy	60	_	60
3.	Physiology	60	- AND	60
4.	Nutrition	60	-	60

5.	Biochemistry	30	-	30
6.	Nursing Foundation	265 + 200	450	915
7.	Psychology	60	-	60
8.	Microbiology	60	-	60
9.	Introduction to Computer	45	-	45
10.	EBNE	10	10	20
11	Library work / Self Study	-	1	50
12.	Co – Curricular activities	-	1	50
	Total Hours	910	460	1470
	Total hours = 1470 hrs.			

Second Year

		Theory	Practical (In hrs)	
	Subject	(In hrs)	(Clinical)	(In hrs)
		(Class and lab)		
1.	Sociology	60	-	60
2.	Pharmacology	45	-	45
3.	Pathology &	30	-	30
4.	Genetics	15	-	15
5.	Medical – Surgical Nursing	210	720	930
	(Adult including geriatrics) – I			
6.	Community Health Nursing -	90	135	225
	I			
7.	Communication and	60 + 30	-	90
	Educational Technology			
8.	EBNE	15	10	25
9.	Library work / Self Study			50
10.	Co – Curricular activity			35
	Total Hours	555	865	1505
	Total hours = 1505 hrs.			

Third Year

Subject		Theory (In hrs) (Class and lab)	Practical (In hrs) (Clinical)	(In hrs)
1.	Medical – Surgical Nursing	120	270	390
	(Adult including geriatrics) – I			
2.	Child Health Nursing	90	270	360
3.	Mental Health Nursing	90	270	360
4.	Midwifery and obstetrical	90	180	270
	nursing	6	4	
5.	EBNE	30	20	50
6.	Library work / self study	9/		50
7.	Co – Curricular activity	1		50
	Total Hours	420	1010	1530

Total hours $= 1530$ hrs.		
100015 100015		

Fourth Year

		Theory	Practical (In hrs)	(T. 1.)
	Subject	(In hrs)	(Clinical)	(In hrs)
		(Class and lab)		
1.	Midwifery and obstetrical	-	180	180
	nursing			
2.	Community Health Nursing	90	135	225
3.	Nursing Research & Statistics	45	45	90
4.	Management of Nursing	60 + 30	-	90
	Services and educational			
5.	EBNE	45	40	85
	Total Hours	270	400	670
	Total hours $= 670$ hrs.			

Intern – ship (Integrated Practice)

	Subject	Theory	Practical (In hrs)	(In Weeks)
	· ·	1 neor y	` ′	(III VVEEKS)
1.	Midwifery and Obstetrical nursing		240	5
2.	Community Health Nursing – II		195	4
3.	Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult and		430	9
	geriatric)			
4.	Child Health Nursing		145	3
5.	Mental Health Nursing		95	2
6.	Research Project		45	1
	Total Hours		1150	24
	Total hours $= 1820$ hrs.			

Note:-

- 1. Internship means 8 Hours of integrated clinical duties in which 2 weeks of evening and night shift duties are included.
- 2. Internship should be carried out as 8 Hours per day @ 48 hours per week
- 3. Students during internship will be supervised by nursing teachers.
- 4. Fourth year final examination to be held only after completing internship.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

First Year

		Assessment				
	Subject	Hours	Internal	External	Total	
Theory				-		
1.	Anatomy & Physiology	3	25	75	100	
2.	Nutrition and Biochemistry	3	25	75	100	
3.	Nursing Foundation	3	25	75	100	
4.	Psychology	3	25	75	100	
5.	Microbiology	3	25	75	100	
6.	English	3	25	75	100	

Estd.: 2007

7.	Introduction to Computer		25	75	100
8.	EBNE	1	30	20	50
Practical and Viva Voce					
1.	Nursing Foundation	-	100	100	200

Second Year

			Asses	sment	
	Subject	Hours	Internal	External	Total
Theory					
1.	Sociology	3	25	75	100
2.	Medical – Surgical Nursing – I	3	25	75	100
3.	Pharmacology, Pathology,	3	25	75	100
	genetics				
4.	Community Health Nursing	3	25	75	100
5.	Communication and	3	25	75	100
	Educational Technology				
6.	EBNE	1	30	20	50
Practical and Viva Voce					
1.	Medical – Surgical Nursing – I	-	100	100	200

Third Year

		Assessment			
	Subject	Hours	Internal	External	Total
Theory		900			
1.	Medical – Surgical Nursing - II	3	25	75	100
2.	Child Health Nursing	-3	25	75	100
3.	Mental Health Nursing	3	25	75	100
4.	EBNE	1	30	20	50
Practical	and Viva Voce		10		
1.	Medical – Surgical Nursing - II	- C	50	50	100
2.	Child Health Nursing	(-)	50	50	100
3.	Mental Health Nursing		50	50	100

Fourth Year

I out the	Cal				
		0	Asses	sment —	
	Subject	Hours	Internal	External	Total
Theory		1/4/		- American	
1.	Midwifery & Obstetrical	3/7	25	75	100
	Nursing	一		Am. T	
2.	Community Health Nursing	3	25	75	100
3.	Nursing Research & Statistics	3-0	25	75	100
4.	Management of Nursing	U - 34 U	25	75	100

	Services & educational				
5.	EBNE	1	30	20	50
Practical	and Viva Voce				
1.	Midwifery & Obstetrical	3	50	50	100
	Nursing				
2.	Community Health Nursing	3	50	50	100

Note: -

- 1. Anatomy and Physiology Question paper will consist of Section A Anatomy of 37 marks and B Physiology should be of 38 Marks
- 2. Nutrition and Biochemistry and Question paper will consist of Section A Nutrition of 45 marks and Section B Biochemistry of 30 marks
- 3. Pharmacology, Genetics, Pathology: Section A of Pharmacology with 38 Marks, Section B of Pathology of 25 Marks and Genetics with 12 marks.
- 4. Nursing Research & Statistics Nursing Research should be of 50 marks and statistics of 25 marks.
- 5. Minimum pass marks shall be 40% for English only
- 6. Theory and practical exams for Introduction to computer to be conducted as college exam and marks to be sent to the University for Inclusion in the marks sheet.
- 7. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Theory and practical papers separately.
- 8. A candidate must have minimum of 85% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing for examination.
- 9. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before appearing for the final University examination and award of degree.
- 10. A Candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 11. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical)
- 12. Maximum numbers of permitted for each paper is 3 including first attempt.
- 13. A candidate failing in more then two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.
- 14. Candidate shall not be admitted to the subsequent higher examination unless the candidate has passed the previous examination.
- 15. The maximum period to complete the course successfully should not exceed 8 years.
- 16. Maximum number of candidates for practical examination should not exceed 20 per day.

- 17. All practical examination must be held in the respective clinical areas.
- 18. One internal and one external examination should jointly conduct practical examination for each student.
- 19. An examiner should be a lecturer or above in a college of nursing with M.Sc. (N) in concerned subject and minimum of 3 years of teaching experience. To be an examiner for nursing foundations course faculty having M. Sc. (N) with any specialty shall be considered.

Tours: -

Educational tours will be conducted according to the curriculum Recreational tours will be conducted once in a year.

Extra Curricular Activities: -

In addition to provide good nursing training to student in order to make competent nurses the college will strike for their all round personal & professional development by providing various outlets to present their talents like national & state level students conferences, N.S.S. activities nurses week and other day celebration social gathering T.N.A.T. state level and national level activities inter collegiate sports competitions, seminars & guest lectures will be held in order to give all round exposure to the world of professionals nursing developments.

Rules of Conduct & discipline: -

- 1. Student responsible to the principal for their behavior, both in hostel & college.
- 2. Student should maintain silence in the class, library, reading room & in the college campus.
- 3. Student should make every effort to take care of the college and hospital property and help in maintaining it.
- 4. If a student is required to get leave from the college & hospital due to an emergency the student must get it sanctioned from his/her class teacher and a letter must be produced from parents or Guardian.
- 5. Students are required to maintain the high ethical and professional behavior laid down by the college authorities, in the college, hostel, hospital & Community.
- 6. Parents/guardians are requested meet the principal when called for.
- 7. Possession of arms and or any banned substances like drug. Consumption of alcohol, use of the tobacco in any from is strictly prohibited.
- 8. No student should engage himself / herself in ragging. It is a criminal offence which may lead to punishment of Rs. 10,000 & two year imprisonment.
- 9. Any violation of rules will invite disciplinary action according to the discretion of the college authorities and if necessary dismissal from the college may be considered depending upon the seriousness of the violation.

10. The students of nursing college if found indulging in anti – national activities, contrary to the provision of act and law informed by Govt. Will be liable to be expelled from college of nursing.

B.Sc. NURSING FIRST YEAR

SUBJECT: - ENGLISH THEORY – 60 HOURS

Course Description: - The course is designed to enable students to enhance ability to comprehend spoken and written English (and use English) required for effective communication in their in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experiences.

- > Speak and write grammatically correct English.
- > Develop ability to read, understand and express meaningfully, the prescribed text.
- > Develop skill in spoken English.
- > Develop skill in listening comprehension.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content
I	10	Review of GrammarRemedial study of Grammar
		Building Vocabulary
		• Phonetics
		Public Speaking
II	30	Read and Comprehend Prescribed course books.
III	10	Various forms of composition
		Letter Writing
		Note taking
		Precise Writing
		Nurses Notes
		Anecdotal Records
		Diary Writing
		Reports on Health Problems etc.
		> Resume / CV
IV	6	Spoken English
		Oral Report
		Discussion
		Debate
		Telephonic Conversation
V	4	Listening Comprehension
		Media, audio, Video, Speeches etc.

Course Description: - This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of the normal structure of various human body systems and understand the alterations in anatomical structure in disease and practice of nursing.

- ➤ Describe the anatomical terms, organization of human body and structure of cell, tissues, membranes and glands.
- > Describe the structure and function of bones and joints.
- > Describes the structure and function of muscles.
- > Describes the structure and function of nervous system.
- Explain the structure and functions of sensory organs.
- ➤ Describes the structure and function of circulatory and lymphatic system.
- > Describes the structure and functions of respiratory system.
- > Describes the structure and functions of digestive system.
- > Describes the structure and functions excretory system.
- > Describes the structure and functions of endocrine system
- > Describes the structure and functions of reproductive system
- > Search evidence based education of alterations in disease

Unit	Time	Content
	(Hrs)	
I	5	<u>Introduction Anatomical terms organization of the Human Body:</u>
		1. Human Cell structure
		2. Tissues – Definition, Types, characteristics, Classification, Location,
		Functions and Formation
		3. Membranes and Glands – Classification & Structure,
		Alterations in disease
		Identify clinical aspects using EBNE
	_	Applications and implications in nursing.
II	6	The Skeletal System:
		• Bones – types, structure, Axial & Appendicular Skeleton.
		Bone formation and growth
		 Description of bones
		• Joints – Classification and structure
		Alterations in disease
		Classify between the normal and abnormal conditions using EBNE
		Applications and implications in nursing.
III	7	The Muscular System:
		Types and structure of Muscles
		Muscles groups
		Alterations in disease
		Applications and implications in nursing.
IV	6	The Nervous system:
		Structure of neurologia & neurons
		Somatic Nervous system
		Structure of brain, spinal chord, Cranial nerves, Spinal nerves,
		Peripheral nerves.
		Anatomic Nervous System – Sympathetic, Parasympathetic
		Structure, Location

		Alterations in disease
		Search evidence based studies on diseases of nervous system
		Applications and implications in nursing.
V	6	The Sensory Organs:
•	0	• Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose, tongue, (Auditory and olfactory
		apparatus) Alterations in disease
		Incorporating EBNE to develop students understanding about the sensory
		organs Applications and implications in nursing.
VI	7	Circulatory and lymphatic system:
V I	_ ′	
		The circulatory system Plead Microscopia structure
		 Blood – Microscopic structure Structure of Heart
		• Lymphatic system
		Lymphatic vessels & LymphLymphatic tissues
		Lymphatic tissuesThymes gland
		Trivines glandLymph nodes
		Lymph hodesSpleen
		SpicenLymphatic nodules
		Alterations in disease
		Applications and implications in nursing.
VII	5	* The Respiratory System:
V 11		• Structure of the organs of respiration
		 Muscles of respiration: Intercostals and Diaphragm
		Alterations in disease
		Describe the alterations in the respiratory systems using EBNE
		Applications and implications in nursing.
VIII	6	The Digestive System:
V 111		Structure of Alimentary tract and accessory organs of digestion
		Alterations in disease
		Applications and implications in nursing.
IX	4	The Excretory System (Urinary):
121		• Structure of organs urinary
		 System: Kidney, ureters, urinary bladder, urethra, structure of skin.
		Alterations in disease
		Applications and implications in nursing.
X	4	The Endocrine System:
Λ	_	• Structure of pituitary, pancreas, thyroid, parathyroid, thymus and
		adrenal glands
		Alterations in disease
		Search evidence based studies on diseases of endocrine system
		Applications and implications in nursing.
XI	4	The Reproductive system including breast:
731	-	Structure of female reproductive organs.
		 Structure of remaie reproductive organs. Structure of male reproductive organs.
		 Structure of male reproductive organs. Structure of breast
		Alterations in disease
		Authanolis III disease

Applications and implications in nursing using evidences

SUBJECT: - PHYSIOLOGY **THEORY** – 60 HOURS

Course Description: - The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal physiology of various human body systems and understand the alteration in Physiology in diseases and practice of nursing.

- ➤ Describe the physiology of cell, tissues, membranes and glands
- > Describe the bone formation and growth and movements of skeletal system
- > Describe the muscle movements and tone and demonstrate muscle contraction and tone
- Describe the physiology of nerve stimulus, reflexes, brain, cranial and spinal nerves
- > Demonstrate reflex action and stimulus

- > Describe the physiology of blood and functions of Heart
- > Demonstrate blood cell count, coagulation, grouping, Hb, BP and pulse monitoring
- > Describe the physiology and mechanisms of respiration
- Demonstrate spirometry
- > Describe the physiology of digestive system
- Demonstrate BMR
- > Describe the physiology of Excretory system
- > Describe the physiology of sensory organs
- > Describe the physiology of endocrine glands
- > Describe the physiology of male and female reproductive systems
- > Describe the physiology of lymphatic and immunological system
- > Apply evidence based education in studying normal and abnormal physiological conditions

Unit	Time	Content
	(Hours)	
I	4	Cell Physiology: -
		Tissue – formation, repair
		• Membranes & glands – functions.
		Alterations in disease
		Using levels of evidences, study alterations in physiology of Cell. Applications and implications in nursing.
II	4	Skeletal System: -
		Bone formation & growth
		 Bones – Functions and movements of bones of axial and appendicular skeleton, bone healing.
		Joints and joint movement
		Alterations in disease
		Applications and implications in nursing based on evidence based education.
III	4	Muscular System: -
		 Muscle movements, Muscle tone, Physiology of muscle
		contraction, levels and maintenance of posture.
		Alterations in disease
		Applications and implications in nursing based on evidence based education.
IV	7	Nervous System: -
		Functions of Neuralgia & neurons
		Stimulus & nerve-impulse-definitions and mechanism.
		Functions of brain, spinal cord, cranial and spinal nerves
		Cerebrospinal fluid- composition, circulation and function.
		 Reflex are, Reflex action and reflexes.
		Autonomic functions –
		Pain: somatic, visceral, and referred.
		Autonomic learning and biofeedback.
		Alterations in disease
		Incorporating evidence- based nursing education to study the
		diseases of Nervous System.
37	0	Applications and implications in nursing.
V	8	Circulatory system: -

		Blood formation, Composition, blood groups, blood coagulation.
		Hemoglobin: Structure, Synthesis & breakdown, variation of
		Molecules, estimation.
		 Function of Heart, conduction, cardiac cycle, circulation,
		Principles, Control, factors influencing BP & pulse.
		Alterations in disease
		Incorporating evidence- based nursing education to study the
		abnormal Circulatory conditions.
VI	6	Applications and implications in nursing. The Respiratory System: -
V1	0	 Functions of respiratory organs.
		Physiology of respiration.Pulmonary ventilation, Volume
		 Mechanics of respiration
		 Gaseous exchange in lungs.
		 Carriage of oxygen & carbon – dioxide.
		 Exchange of gases in tissues.
		 Regulation of respiration.
		Alterations in disease
		Incorporating evidence- based nursing education to study the
		abnormal Respiratory conditions
		Applications and implications in nursing.
VII	6	The Digestive System: -
		 Functions of organs of digestive tract. Movements of
		alimentary, tract. Digestive in mouth, stomach, small intestines,
		Large intestines, Absorption of food, functions of liver, gall
		bladder & pancreas.
VIII	5	Metabolism of carbohydrates, protein, and fat. The Everytomy systems.
V 111	3	The Excretory system: - • Functions of kidneys, ureters, urinary bladder & urethra.
		 Composition of urine
		Mechanism of urine formation
		Functions of skin
		Regulation of body temperature
		 Fluid and electrolyte balance,
		Alterations in disease
		Search evidence based education in studying alterations in
		physiology of Excretory System.
		Applications and implications in nursing.
IX	4	The Sensory Organs: -
		 Functions of skin, eye, ear, nose, tongue,
		Alterations in disease
		Applications and implications in nursing using evidence based
v	5	education. The Endeswine Systems
X	5	The Endocrine System: -
		 Functions of Pituitary, Pineal body, thymus, Thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas, Suprarenal, Placement and ovaries &
		Testes.
		Alterations in disease
	l .	Thermions in discuse

		Applications and implications in nursing using evidence based
		education.
XI	5	The Reproductive System: -
		 Reproduction of cell – DNA, Mitosis, Meiosis,
		spermatogenesis, oogenesis
		 Functions of female reproductive organ, Function of breast,
		Female sexual cycle.
		Introduction to embryology.
		 Functions of male reproductive organs, Male function in
		reproduction, Male fertility system.
		Alterations in disease
		Applications and implications in nursing using evidence based
		education.
XII	2	Lymphatic and Immunological System: -
		Circulation of lymph
		Immunity
		Formation of T-cells & B-cells.
		Types of immune response.
		Antigens.
		Cytokines
		Antibodies.

SUBJECT: - NUTRITION

THEORY – 60 HOURS

Course Description: - The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of nutrition for maintenance of optimum health at different stages of life and its application for practice of nursing.

- > Describe the relationship between nutrition & health
- ➤ Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of Carbohydrates
- ➤ Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of Fats
- ➤ Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of Proteins.
- > Describe the daily calorie requirement for different categories of people
- ➤ Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of Vitamins.
- ➤ Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of Minerals
- ➤ Describe the sources, functions and requirements of water & electrolytes
- ➤ Describe the cookery rules and preservation of nutrients and prepare serve simple beverages and different types of food.

- Describe and plan balanced diet for different categories of people
 Describe various national programs related to nutrition
 Describe the role of nurse in assessment of nutritional status and nutrition education using evidence based Nursing Practice

Time	Content
(Hours)	2 2
4	Introduction: -
	Nutrition: -
	* History
	* Concepts
	Role of nutrition in maintaining health
	Nutritional problem in India
	National nutritional policy
	➤ Factors affecting food and nutrition: Socio – economic,
	cultural, tradition, production, system of distribution, life style
	and food habits etc.
	Role of food and its medicinal value.
	Classification of foods
	➤ Food standards
	Elements of Nutrition: Micro and micro
	Calorie, BMR.
2	Carbohydrates: -
	> Classification
	Caloric value
	Recommended daily allowances
	Dietary sources.
	> Functions
	 Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism of
	carbohydrates
2	➤ Malnutrition: Deficiencies and over consumption
2	Fats: - ➤ Classification
	Classification Caloric value
	Recommended daily allowancesDietary sources.
	Functions
	Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism
	 Malnutrition: Deficiencies and over consumption
2.	Proteins: -
2	> Classification
	Caloric value
	➤ Recommended daily allowances
	Dietary sources.
	> Functions
	Digestion, absorption, metabolism and storage.
	➤ Malnutrition: Deficiencies and over consumption
3	Energy: -
	➤ Unit of Energy – Kcal
	Energy requirements of different categories of people.
	➤ Measurements of energy.
	Body Mass Index (BMI) and basic metabolism
	2 2

		➤ Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) – determination and factors
7.77		affecting.
VI	4	Vitamins: -
		> Classification
		Recommended daily allowances
		Dietary sources.
		> Functions
		➤ Absorption, synthesis, metabolism storage and excretion
		Deficiencies
		Hypervitaminosis
VII	4	Minerals: -
		Classification
		Recommended daily allowances
		Dietary sources.
		> Functions
		➤ Absorption, synthesis, metabolism storage and excretion
		▶ Deficiencies
		Over consumption and toxicity
VIII	3	Water & electrolytes: -
, 111		➤ Water: Daily requirements, regulation of water metabolism,
		distribution of body water,
		Electrolytes: Types, sources, composition of body fluids.
		 Maintenance of fluid & electrolyte balance
		 Over hydration, dehydration and water intoxication
		Electrolyte imbalances.
IX	5	Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients: -
171	3	> Principles, methods of cooking and serving
		× Preservation of nutrition
		➤ Safe Food handling – toxicity
		> Storage of food
		Food preservation, food additives and its principles
		 Prood preservation, rood additives and its principles Prevention of food adulteration Act (PEA)
		Food standards
		Prood standardsPreparation of simple beverages and different types of food.
X	7	Balanced diet: -
Λ	/	Elements
		Food groups
		Recommended Daily Allowance
		Nutritive value of foods
		Calculation of balanced diet for different categories of people
		Planning the menu
		➤ Budgeting of food
		➤ Introduction to therapeutic diets: Naturopathy – Dirt.
XI	4	Role of nurse in nutritional programmes: -
		➤ National programmes related to nutrition
		Vitamin A deficiency programme
		* National iodine deficiency disorders (IDD)
		programme.
		× Mid – day meal programme
		Integrated child development scheme (ICDS)
		➤ National and International agencies working towards food
		/ nutrition.

* NIPCCD, CARE, FAO, NIN, CFTERI (Central food
technology and research institute) etc.
> Assessment of nutritional status
> Nutrition education and role of nurse using evidence based
Nursing practice.

Course Description: - This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body and understand the alterations in biochemistry in disease for practice of nursing.

- > Describe the structure composition and functions of cell
- > Differentiate between Prokaryote and eukaryote cell
- > Identify techniques of Microscopy
- > Describe the structure and functions of cell membrane
- > Explain the metabolism of carbohydrate
- > Explain the metabolism of Lipids
- > Explain the metabolism of amino acid and proteins
- > Describe the composition and utilization of vitamins & minerals
- > Describe Immunochemistry

Unit	Time	Content
	(Hours)	
I	3	Introduction: -
		 Definition and significance in nursing
		 Review of structure, Composition and Functions of cell
		 Prokaryote and Eukaryote cell organization
		 Microscopy
II	6	Structure and functions of Cell membrane: -
		 Fluid mosaic model tight junction, Cytoskeleton.
		• Transport, mechanism: diffusion, osmosis, filtration, active. Channel, sodium
		pump.
		 Acid base balance maintenance & diagnostic tests.
		PH buffers.
III	6	Composition and metabolism of Carbohydrates: -
		 Types, Structure, composition and uses.
		Monosaccharide, Disaccharides, Polysaccharides, Oligosaccharides.
		• Metabolism
		Pathways of glucose :
		- Glycosis
		- Gluconeogenesis: Cori's, cycle, Tri carboxylic acid (TCA) cycle
		- Glycogenolysis
		 Pentose Phosphate pathways (Hexose mono phosphate)
		Regulation of blood glucose level.
IV	4	Investigations and their Interpretations.
10	4	Composition and metabolism of Lipids: -
		Types, structure, composition and uses of fatty acids: Nomenaletyme, Bales and Prostaglanding.
		Nomenclature, Roles and Prostaglandins.
		 Metabolism of fatty acid : Breakdown
		> Synthesis
		·
		Metabolism of triacylglycerols:Cholesterol Metabolism :
		 Biosynthesis and its Regulation: Bile salts and bilirubin
		- Due saits and dimiddin

		- Vitamin – D
		- Steroid hormones
		• Lipoproteins and their functions :
		> VLDLs - IDLs, LDLs and HDLs
		> Transport of lipids
		Atherosclerosis, Investigations and their interpretations.
V	6	Composition and metabolism of amino acids and Proteins: -
		 Types, structure, composition and uses of amino acids and proteins.
		Metabolism of amino acids and proteins:
		 Protein synthesis, targeting and glycosylation.
		> Chromatography
		> Electrophoresis
		> Sequencing
		Metabolism of Nitrogen :
		Fixation and Assimilation
		Urea Cycle
		➤ Hemes and chlorophylls
		• Enzymes and coenzymes:
		Classification
		Properties
		Kinetics and Inhibition
		> Control
		Investigations and their interpretations.
VI	2	Composition and vitamins and minerals: -
		Vitamins and minerals
		> Structure
		Classification
		Properties
		Absorption
		> Storage and transportation
		> Normal Concentration
* ***	2	Investigations and their interpretations.
VII	3	Immunochemistry: -
		• Immune response.
		Structure and classification of immunoglobins.
		Mechanism of antibody Production.
		Antigens : HLA typing
		Free radical and antioxidants.
		• Specialized Protein: Collagen, Elastin, Keratin, Myosin, Lens Protein, Electro
		phoretic and Quantitative, determination of immunoglobins, ELISA etc.
		Investigations and their interpretations

SUBJECT: - NURSING FOUNDATION (Theory) **THEORY** – 265 HOURS **PRACTICAL** – 650 HOURS

Course Description: - This course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the Physiology, Objective theories & Process of Nursing in various supervised clinical setting.

- 1) Describe the concept of health, illness and health care agencies
- 2) Explain concept and scope of nursing
- 3) Describe values, code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses in India
- 4) Explain the admission and discharge procedure
- 5) Perform admission and discharge procedure
- 6) Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members and maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)
- 7) Appreciate the importance of patient teaching in nursing
- 8) Explain the concept, uses, format and steps of nursing process
- 9) Documents nursing process as per the format
- 10) Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting
- 11) Describe principles and techniques of monitoring and maintaining vital signs
- 12) Monitor and maintain vital signs
- 13) Describe purpose and process of health assessment
- 14) Describe the health assessment of each body system
- 15) Perform health assessment of each body system
- 16) Identifies the various machinery, equipment and linen and their care
- 17) Describe the basic, physiological and psychosocial needs of patient
- 18) Perform nursing assessment, plan, implement and evaluate the care for meeting basic, physiological and psychological needs of patient
- 19) Describe principles and techniques for infection control and biomedical waste management in supervised clinical settings
- 20) Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications
- 21) Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of measurements
- 22) Administer drugs by the following routes-oral, intra-dermal, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous, topical, inhalation
- 23) Describe the pre and post operative care of patients
- 24) Explain the process of wound healing
- 25) Explain the principles and techniques of wound care
- 26) Perform care of wounds
- 27) Explain care of patients having alterations in body functioning
- 28) Explain care of terminally ill patient
- 29) Explain the basic concepts of conceptual and theoretical models of nursing
- 30) Incorporate evidence based teaching learning activities in nursing foundation to strengthen nursing practice of students for quality and cost effective nursing care.

The above objectives can be fulfilled by implementing EBES,

- Knowledge level: Students should be facilitated by didactic lectures and evidence searching exercises for the same (Good to Know category).
- Analyze: Theory classes should incorporate recent evidences (Desirable to Know category).
- Application: Tutorials and demonstrations based on all steps of Evidence Based
 Decision Making (Must know category).

Unit	Time	Content	Distribution
	(Hrs)		

I	10	Introduction: -	
		* Concept of Health: Health Illness continuum	Must know
		Factor influencing Health.	Must know
		Causes and risk factors for developing illness	Good to know
		Body defenses: - Immunity and Immunization.	Good to know
		Body defenses: - Infinitinty and Infinitinzation: Illness and Illness Behavior:	Desirable to know
			Desirable to know
		1 1	
		r	Must know
		prevention, primary care, Diagnosis, Treatment,	
		Rehabilitation and Continuing Care.	3.6 1
		* Health care teams.	Must know
		* Types of health care agencies.	Good to know
		* Hospital: Types, Organization and functions.	Must know
		Health Promotion and level of Disease	Must know
		Prevention.	Must know
		Primary health care and its delivery: Role of	Desirable to know
		nurse.	
		× Incorporate evidence based knowledge in	
		preventive & promotive nursing care	
	1.6	strategies.	
II	16	Nursing as a Profession:	N. 4.1
		Example 2 Definition and Characteristics of a profession.	Must know
		* Nursing: -	M4 1
		➤ Definition, Concepts, Philosophy,	Must know
		Objectives.	Must know
		Characteristics, Nature and scope of nursing	M4 1
		Practice.	Must know
		Functions of nurse.	Must know
		Qualities of a nurse.	Good to know
		Categories of nursing personnel	Must know
		Nursing as a Profession	Desirable to know
		➤ History of Nursing in India.	Good to know
		× Values: Definition, Types, Values Clarification	
		and values in professional Nursing: Caring and	3.6
		Advocacy.	Must know
		× Ethics:	
		Definition and Ethical Principles	5
		Code of ethics and professional conduct for	Desirable to know
		nurses.	
		* Practice evidence based guidelines to	
		maintain ethical practice and develop	
TIT	1	professional attitude.	
III	4	Hospital Admission and Discharge: - × Admission to the hospital	
		Admission to the hospitalUnit and its preparation admission bed.	Must know
		Admission procedure	Must know
		Admission procedureSpecial Considerations	Desirable to know
		Special ConsiderationsMedico-legal issues	Good to know
		Roles & Responsibilities of the nurse	Must know
		Notes & Responsibilities of the nurse Discharge from the Hospital.	TIGGE KIIOW
		> Types: Planned Discharge, LAMA and	Must know
		abscond, Referrals & Transfers	1.1600 11110 11
<u> </u>	l	abbolia, itelettato & francieto	

F	1		
		Discharge planning	Good to know
		Discharge Procedure	Must know
		Special Considerations	Desirable to know
		Medico-legal issues	Must know
		Roles & Responsibilities of the nurse	Must know
		Care of the unit after Discharge.	Good to know
		Develop evidence based protocols for	Desirable to know
		admission & discharge procedures.	Desirable to know
		aumission & discharge procedures.	
IV	10	Communication and Nurse patient relationship: -	
		Communication: Levels, Elements, Types,	Must know
		Modes, Process, Factors influencing	
		Communication	Must know
		Methods of Effecti8ve Communication,	Desirable to know
		Attending skills	Must know
		Rapport building skills	Good to know
		■ Empathy skills	Good to know
		Barriers to effective Communication,	Desirable to know
		* Helping Relationships (NPR):- Dimensions of	
		helping Relationships, Phases of a Helping	
		Relationship.	Must know
		Communicating effectively with patient, families	
		and team members and maintain effective	
		human relations with special reference to	
		communicating with vulnerable group (Children,	
		women, physically and mentally challenged and	Good to know
		elderly.).	Good to know
		Ratient Teaching: - Importance, Purposes, role of	Desirable to know
		8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Desirable to know
		nurse and Integrating teaching in Process.	
		 Incorporate evidence based practice in therapeutic communication. 	
V	15	The Nursing Process: -	
v	13	* Critical Thinking & Nursing Judgment.	Must know
			Must know
		Critical Thinking:- Thinking and Learning	
		Competencies, Attitudes for Critical	Good to know
		Thinking, Levels of Critical Thinking in	
		Nursing.	
		X Nursing Process Overview:- Application in	
		Practice	Must know
		Nursing Process format: INC, Current format	Must know
		Assessment:	
		Collection of data: Types, Sources,	
		Methods	
		 Formulating Nursing Judgment: Data 	
		interpretation	Must know
		Nursing Diagnosis:	
		 Identification of client problems 	
		=	
		 Nursing diagnosis statement Difference between medical and pursing 	
		 Difference between medical and nursing 	N/ 1
		diagnosis	Must know
		> Planning	
		Establishing Priorities	

	 Establishing Goals and Expected 	
	Outcomes,	
	 Selection of interventions: Protocols and standing Orders 	Must know
	 Writing the Nursing care plan 	Must know
>	Implementation	
	Implementation the plan of care	
>	Evaluation	Must know
	Outcome of care	Desirable to know
	Review and modify	
\	Documentation and Reporting	
>	Apply evidence based knowledge in preparation of nursing care process.	

VI	4	Docume	entation and Reporting: -	
		*	Documentation: Purposes of Recording and reporting	Must know
		*	Communication within the Health Care Team,	Good to know
		*	Types of records; ward records Medical / Nursing records,	Must know
		*	Common Record – Keeping forms, Computerized documentation	Desirable to know
		*	Guidelines for Reporting: Factual Basis, Accuracy, Completeness, Currentness, Organization, Confidentiality.	Good to know
		*	Methods of Recording,	
		*	Reporting: Change – of – sift reports: Transfer reports, Incident reports.	Must know Must know
		*	Minimizing legal Liability through effective record keeping.	Must know
		*	Practice evidence based skills in effective	
			record keeping & reporting.	Desirable to know
X / X X	15			
VII	15	Vital sig		3.6 1
		× ×	Guidelines for taking vital signs:	Must know
		*	Body temperature:Physiology, Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature.	Good to know
			 Assessment of body temperature: sites, equipments and technique, special Considerations. 	Must know
			> Temperature alterations: Hyperthermia,	Must know
			Heatstroke, Hypothermia Hot and cold applications.	Must know
		*	Pulse:	Triast Kilow
			 Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics of the pulse, factors affecting pulse. 	Must know
			Assessment of pulse: sites, location, equipments and technique, special	Must know

		considerations.	Good to know
		Alterations in pulse:	Good to know
		<u> </u>	Must know
		F	Wiust Kilow
		> Physiology and Regulation, Mechanics of	
		breathing Characteristics of the respiration,	Must Imorry
		Factors affecting respiration.	Must know
		Assessment of respirations: technique,	
		special considerations.	Good to know
		Alterations in respiration.	
		× Blood pressure:	Must know
		Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics	
		of the blood pressure, factors affecting	
		blood pressure.	Must know
		Assessment of blood pressure: sites,	
		equipments and technique, special	
		considerations	Must know
		Alterations in Blood Pressure.	Good to know
		* Recording of vital signs.	Desirable to
		Apply evidence based knowledge in	know
		identifying & treating alteration in vital signs.	
VIII	30	Health Assessment: -	
		× Purposes	Good to know
		Health History	Must know
		Physical Examination	Must know
		 Methods – Inspection, Palpation, 	
		Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction.	
		Preparation for examination: patient and	
		unit.	
		 General assessment 	
		 Assessment of each body system 	
		 Recording of health assessment 	Must know
		Process of Health assessment	Desirable to
		Exercise evidence based practice in health	know
		assessment of patient.	
IX	5	Machinery, Equipment and Linen: -	
		Types: Disposables and reusable – Linen, rubber	Good to know
		goods, glass ware, metal, plastic, furniture,	
		machinery	
		× Introduction:	Must know
		> Indent	
		Maintenance	
		> Inventory	
X	60	Meeting needs of patient: -	
		Basic needs (Activities of daily living)	
		> Providing safe and clean environment.	Must know
		■ Physical – environment: Temperature,	
		Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, light, Odor,	
		pests control.	
		 Reduction of physical hazards: fire, 	
		accidents	
		 Safety devices: Restraints, side rails, 	
		airways, trapez etc.	

	 Role of nurse in providing safe and clean 	
	environment.	Good to know
	> Hygiene: -	
	 Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice. 	
	 Hygienic care: Care of the Skin – Bath and 	
	pressure points, Feet and nail, oral cavity,	
	hair care, Eyes, Ears and Nose.	
	 Assessment, Principles, Types, 	
	Equipments, Procedure, Special	
	Considerations.	
	 Patient environment: Room Equipment and 	
	linen, marking patient beds.	
	 Types of beds and bed making 	Good to know
	Comfort: -	
	 Factors Influencing Comfort 	
	Comfort devices	
*	Physiological needs:	Must know
	Sleep and Rest:	
	Physiology of sleep	
	 Factors affecting sleep 	
	 Promoting Rest and sleep 	
	 Sleep Disorders 	Must know
	> Nutrition:	
	■ Importance	
	 Factors affecting nutritional needs. 	
	 Assessment of nutritional needs: 	
	Variables.	
	 Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, 	
	equipments, procedure and special	
	considerations.	
	- Oral	
	- Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy	Good to know
	- Parenteral:	Good to know
	Urinary Elimination	
	Review of Physiology of Urine	
	Elimination, Composition, and	
	characteristics of urine	
	 Factors Influencing Urination 	
	 Alteration in Urinary Elimination. 	Good to know
	Collection of urine specimen.	Good to know
	Facilitating urine Elimination.	
	Bowel Elimination	
	Review of Physiology of Bowel	
	Elimination.	
	 Factors affecting Bowel Elimination. 	Cood to Imorr
	 Types and Collection of specimen of 	Good to know
	faeces.	
	• Facilitating Bowel Elimination:	
	Assessment, Equipments, Procedures and	
	special Consideration.	
	Mobility and ImmobilityPrinciples of Body Mechanics	
		i .

		 Maintenance of normal body Alignment 	
		and mobility	Must to know
		 Factors affecting Body alignment and 	
		mobility.	
		 Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment and Mobility: 	
		Alignment and Mobility: • Rehabilitation aspects	Must to know
		- ROM Exercises	Widst to know
		Maintaining Body alignment	
		- Moving	
		Lifting, Walking, Restraints.	
		> Oxygenation:	
		 Review of Cardiovascular and respiratory 	Good to know
		Physiology.	
		 Factors Affecting Oxygenation. 	
		 Alterations in Oxygenation 	
		Nursing interventions in Oxygenation:	
		> Fluid, Electrolyte and acid – base Balances	
		Review of physiological regulation of	D 111 /
		Fluid Electrolyte and acid – base Balances	Desirable to
		 Factors Affecting Fluid Electrolyte and acid – base Balances. 	know
		 Nursing Intervention Fluid Electrolyte and 	
		acid – base Balances.	
		> Psychosocial Needs	
		 Concept of Cultural, Diversity, Stress and 	
		Adaptation, Self-Concept, Sexuality,	
		Spiritual Health, Coping with loss, Death	
		and grieving.	Good to know
		 Assessment of Psychosocial needs 	
		 Nursing intervention for Psychosocial 	
		needs	
		Recreational and divisional therapies.	
		 Apply evidence based knowledge in identification of patients' needs. 	
XI	20	Infection control in Clinical settings: -	
		× Infection Control	Must know
		Nature of infection	Must know
		Chain of infection transmission	Must know
		Defenses against infection: natural and	Good to know
		acquired.	Must know
		Hospital acquired infection Concept of a gameiar Medical acquire and	Must know
		 Concept of a asepsis: Medical asepsis, and Surgical asepsis 	Must know
		Isolation Precautions:	Must know
		> Hand washing	Must know
		> Isolation	Must know
		Personal protecting equipments	Must know
		Decontamination of equipment and unit	Must know
		Transportation of infected patients	Must know
		Standard safety Precautions	Good to know
		Transmission based precautions	Must know

		× Biomedical waste management:	Must know
		> Importance	Must know
		> Types of Hospital waste	Good to know
		Hazards associated with hospital waste	Good to know
		 Decontamination of hospital waste 	Good to know
		Segregation and Transportation and disposal.	Desirable to
		 Practice evidence based nursing in infection 	know
		control in clinical setting.	KIIOW
XII	40	Administration of Medications: -	
7111	70	* General Principles / Considerations	Must know
		> Purpose of Medication	Must know
		> Principles	Must know
		> Drug forms	Must know
		Routes of administration	Must know
			Must know
		 Storage and maintenance of drugs and Nurses responsibility 	Must know
		Broad classification of drugs.	Good to know
		Therapeutic Effect, side effects, Toxic Effects,	Must know
		Idiosyncratic Reactions, Allergic Reactions,	
		Drug, Tolerance, Drug Interactions,	
		Factors Influencing drug Actions,	Good to know
		Systems of Drug Measurement	Desirable to
		Converting measurements unit	know
		* Oral Drugs Administration	Desirable to
		* Parenteral	know
		General Principles	Must know
		Types of parenteral therapies	Must know
		Types of syringes, Needles, canula, and	Must know
		infusion sets.	Must know
		 Protection from needle-stick Injuries 	Must know
		> Routes of parenteral therapies:	112000 11110 11
		■ Intra-dermal	Must know
		 Subcutaneous 	Must know
		 Intramuscular 	Must know
		■ Intra Venous	Must know
		 Advanced techniques 	Must know
		> Topical Administration: Purposes, site,	Must know
		equipment, procedure, special considerations	Must know
		for	Must know
		Application to skin	
		 Application to mucous membrane 	Good to know
		➤ Inhalation: Nasal, oral, endotracheal/ tracheal.	Good to know
		Search the evidence based literature related	Must know
		to administration of medication to develop	Desirable to
		the skill & expertise.	know
XIII	10	Meeting needs of Perioperative patients: -	
		Definition and concept of Perioperative Nursing.	Must know
		X Preoperative Phase	Must know
		Preparation of patient for surgery	Must know
		X Intraoperative	Must know

			3.4 . 1
		> Operation theater Set up and environment	Must know
		Role of nurse	Must know
		× Postoperative Phase:	Must to know
		Recovery unit	Good to know
		Post operative unit	Must know
		Post operative care	Must know
		* Wounds: types, Classification, Factors affecting	Must know
		Wound, Complications of Wound Healing	
		× Surgical asepsis	Must know
		X Care of the Wound	Must know
		> Types, equipments, procedure and special	Must know
		considerations	
		Dressing, suture care	
		■ Care of drainage	
		 Application of Bandages, Binders, 	
		splints & slings	
		Heat and cold therapy	
			Desirable to
		nursing care to improve quality care.	know
XIV	15	Meeting special needs of the patient: -	
7X1 V	13	X Care of patient having alteration in	
		Temperature	Must know
		> Sensorium	Must know
		Urinary Elimination	Must know
		Functioning of sensory organs.	Good to know
			Good to know
		 Assessment of Self-Care ability Communication Methods & special 	
		r	Good to know
		Considerations	D 111
		> Mobility	Desirable to
		Mental States	know
		Communication Methods & special	Desirable to
		Considerations	know
		Respiration	Must know
		➤ Comfort (Pain) – Nature, Types, Factors	
		influencing Pain, Coping, Assessment,	Must know
		Management.	Must know
		* Treatment related to gastrointestinal System.	Good to know
		X Determine evidence based nursing care to meet	
		special needs of the patient.	Must know
			Desirable to
			know
XV	5	Care of Terminally ill patient: -	
		* Concepts of lose, Grief, grieving Process.	Must know
		Signs of Clinical death	Must know
		X Care of dying patient	Must know
		* Medico – legal issues	Must know
		X Care of dead body	Must know
		* Autopsy	Good to know
		× Embalming	Desirable to
		Develop evidence based nursing skills in care of	know
·	•		

		terminally ill patient.	Desirable to know
XVI	6	Professional Nursing concepts and practices: - * Conceptual and theoretical models of nursing practice	Good to know
		 Introduction to theories in Nursing; Peplau's Henderson's Orem's Neuman's Roger's and Roy's Linking theories with nursing process. Search evidence based implication of nursing 	Good to know Good to know
		theories & models & incorporates in care.	

SUBJECT: - NURSING FOUNDATION (PRACTICAL) **HOURS**

THEORY – 265

PRACTICAL – 650

HOURS

Course Description: - This course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the Physiology, Objective theories & Process of Nursing in various supervised clinical setting.

	Areas	Skills to be developed
-	Demonstration	* Hospital admission and discharge (III) : -
	Lab	• Admission
-	General,	 Prepare Unit for new patient
	Medical and	Prepare admission bed
	Surgery ward	• Performs admission Procedure :
		New Patient
		Transfer Patient
		Prepare patient records

X Discharge / Transfer out :

- Gives discharge counseling
- Perform discharge procedure (planned discharge, LAMA and abscond, Referrals and transfers)
- Prepare records of discharge / transfer.
- Dismantle, and disinfect unit and equipment after discharge / Transfer

× Perform assessment:

- History taking, Nursing diagnosis, Problem list, Prioritization, Goals & Expected Outcomes, Selection of interventions.
- Write Nursing care plan
- Given care as per the plan

× Communication:

- Use verbal non verbal communication techniques
- * Prepare a plan patient teaching session

Write patient report :

- Change-of shift reports, Transfer reports, incidents reports etc.
- Presents patient report

<u>Vital signs:</u>

 Measure, Records and interpret alterations in body temperature, pulse respiration and blood pressure.

***** Health assessment :

- Health History taking
- Perform assessment:
 - ➤ General
 - ➤ Body Systems
- Use various methods of physical examination
- Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction.
- Identification of system wise deviations.

Prepare patient's unit:

- Prepare beds:
 - > Open, Closed, Occupied, Operation, amputation.
 - > Cardiac, fracture, burn, Divided & Fowlers bed.
- Pain assessment and provision for comfort.

X Use comfort devices Hygienic care:

- Oral hygienic
- Baths and care of pressure paints.
- Hair wash, pediculosis treatment.

× Feeding:

- Oral, Enteral, Naso / Orogastric, gastrostomy and Parenteral feeding.
- Naso-gastric insertion, suction, and irrigation.

***** Assisting patient in urinary climination:

Provides urinal / bed pan

- Condom drainage
- Perineal care
- Catheterization
- Care of urinary drainage

X Bladder irrigation Assisting bowel Elimination:

- Insertion of flatus tube.
- Enemas
- Insertion of suppository.

8 Bowel wash, Body Alignment and Mobility:

- Range of motion exercises
- **Positioning:** Recumbent, Lateral (rt / lt) fowlers, Sims, Lithotomy, Prone, Tendelenburg positon.
- Assist patient in moving lifting, transferring walking.
- Restraints.
- **X** Oxygen administration: -
- **X** Suctioning: Oropharyangeal, nasopharyngeal: -
- **X** Chest Physiotherapy and postural drainage: -
- **X** CPR Basic life support: -
- **X** Intravenous therapy: -
- **×** Blood and blood component therapy: -
- **X** Collect / assist for collection of specimens for investigations urine, sputum, faces, vomitus, blood and other body fluids: -
- **×** Perform lab tests: -
 - Urine: Sugar, albumin, acetone
 - **Blood:** Sugar (with strip/ gluco-meter)
- * Hot and cold application: local and general Sitz bath
- * Communicating and assisting with self-care of visually & hearing impaired patients.
- * Communicating and assisting with self-care of mentally challenged / disturbed patient.
- * Recreational and divertional therapies.
- * Caring of patient with alteration in sensorium.

× Infection control: -

- Perform following Procedures: -
 - Hand washing techniques
 - > Simple, hand antisepsis and surgical antisepsis (scrub).
 - Prepare isolation unit in lab / ward.
 - Practice technique of wearing and removing Personal protective equipment (PPE).
 - Practice Standard safety Precautions (Universal Precautions)

X Decontamination of equipment and unit: -

- Surgical asepsis:
 - Sterilization
 - ➤ Handling sterilized equipment
 - Calculate strengths of lotions,
 - Prepare lotions

Care of articles

X Pre and post operative care: -

- Skin Preparations for surgery: Local
- Preparation of post operative unit
- Pre & Post operative teaching and counseling.
- Pre & Post operative monitoring.
- Care of the wound
- Dressings, Suture Care, care of Drainage, Application of Bandages, Binders, splints & Slings.
- Bandages of venous body part.

***** Administration of Medications: -

- Administer Medications in different forms and routes.
- Oral, Subcutaneous, Intramuscular etc.
- Parenteral: Intramuscular subcutaneous, Intramuscular etc.
- Assist with Intra venous medications
- Drug measurements and dose calculations.
- Preparation of lotions and solutions.
- Administers topical applications.
- Insertion of drug into body cavity: Suppository & medicated packing etc.
- Instillation of Medicines and spray into Ear, Eye, Nose, and throat
- Irrigations: Eye, Ear, Bladder, vagina and moist.

X Care of dying patient: -

- Caring and packing of dead body.
- Counseling and supporting grieving relatives.
- Terminal care of the unit.

List of Clinical Assignments

- 1 Visit Reports 5
- 2 Care plan Medicine ward 1
- 3 Care Plan Surgery ward 1
- 4 Care Plan Orthopedic ward -1
- 4 Nursing Procedure Record
- 5 Daily Diary
- 6 Clinical Evaluation performance

Course Description: -This course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of fundaments of psychology and develop an insight into behavior of self and others. Further it is aimed at helping them to practice the principles of mental hygiene for promoting mental health in nursing practice.

Learning objectives: - At the end of the course, the students will be able to,

- > Describe the history, scope and methods of psychology.
- > Explain the biology of human behavior.
- > Describe various cognitive processes and their applications
- > Describe the motivation, emotions, stress, attitudes and their influence on behavior.
- Explain the concepts of personality and its influence on behavior.
- > Describe psychology of people during the life cycle.
- ➤ Describe the characteristics of mentally healthy person, explain ego defense mechanisms.
- Explain the psychological assessments and role of nurse
- Incorporate evidence based education in studying the psychology of an individual.

T14	Time	Content		
Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content		
I	2	Introduction: -		
		History and origin of science of Psychology		
		Definitions and scope of Psychology		
		Relevance to Nursing		
		Methods of Psychology		
		Develop strategies for effective implementation and communicate these		
		constructs to an interdisciplinary audience through incorporation of		
		EBNE		
II	4	Biology of behavior: -		
		• Body mind relationship – Modulation process in Health and illness.		
		Genetics and behavior : Heredity and environment		
		Brain and Behavior: Nervous system, Neurons and synapse.		
		Association Cortex, Rt and Lt Hemispheres		
		Psychology of Sensations		
		Muscular and glandular controls of behavior.		
		Nature of behavior of an organism / integrated responses.		
	• •	Discuss the nature of behavior of an organism using EBNE		
III	20	Cognitive Processes: -		
		• Attention: - Types, determinants, Duration, and Degree, alterations.		
		Perception: - Meaning, Principles, factors affecting, errors.		
		• Learning Nature: - Types, learner and learning, factors influencing, laws and		
		theories, process, transfer, study habits.		
		Memory: - Meaning, types, nature, factors influencing, development theories The development of the second factors influencing.		
		methods of memorizing and Forgetting.		
		Thinking: - Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication.		
		language and communication.		
		• Intelligence: - Meaning, Classification, Uses, theories.		
		 Aptitude: - Concept, types, Individual differences and variability. Psychometric assessments of cognitive, Processes. 		
		Alterations in cognitive processes		

		Review literature and apply evidence- based studies to study cognitive	
		processes	
		Applications	
IV	8	Motivation and Emotional Processes: -	
		 Motivation: Meaning, Concepts, Types, Theories, Motives and behavior, 	
		Conflict and frustration, conflict resolution.	
		• Emotions & Stress :	
		Emotion: - Definition, components, Changes in emotions, theories,	
		emotional adjustments, emotions in health and illness.	
		Stress: - Stressor, cycle, effect, adaptation & Coping	
		• Attitude: - Meaning, nature, development, factors affecting.	
		Behavior and attitudes.	
		Attitudinal Change	
		 Psychometric assessments of emotions and attitudes. Alterations in emotions 	
		• Applications.	
V	7	Incorporate evidence based education in studying emotional diseases Description: Descr	
·	/	Personality: -	
		Definitions, topography, types, theories.Psychometric assessments of personality.	
		<u> </u>	
		Alterations in personality	
		 Applications. Identify factors affecting personality using evidence- based Nursing 	
		practice	
VI	7	Developmental Psychology: -	
,,,	,	 Psychology of people at deferent ages from infancy to old age. 	
		 Psychology of vulnerable individuals – Challenged, women, sick, etc. 	
		 Psychology of groups. 	
VII	8	tal hygiene and mental Health: -	
, 11		• Concepts of mental hygiene and mental health.	
		 Characteristics of mentally healthy person. 	
		Warning signs of poor mental health	
		 Promotive and Preventive mental health strategies and services. 	
		• Ego Defense mechanisms and implications.	
		Personal and social adjustments.	
		Guidance and Counseling	
		Role of nurse	
		• Incorporate evidence based education in studying mental hygiene.	
VIII	4	Psychological assessment & tests: -	
		Types, development, Characteristics, Principles, Uses, Interpretations, and	
		role of nurse in psychological assessment.	
		Identify plan for personal learning need using EBNE	

SUBJECT: - MICROBIOLOGY **THEORY** – 60 HOURS (THEORY 45 + 15 Lab)

Course Description: - This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology and identification of various Microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

Learning objectives: - At the end of the course, the students will be able to,

- > Explain concepts and principles of microbiology and their importance in nursing.
- Describe structure, classification morphology and growth of bacteria, identify microorganisms.
- ➤ Describe the methods of infection control, identify the role of nurse in hospital infection control programme
- > Describe the different disease producing organisms.
- Explain the concept of immunity, hypersensitivity and immunization

Unit	Time	e (Hrs)	Content	
Unit	Th.	Pr.	Content	
I	5	11.	Introduction: -	
1	3		Importance and relevance to nursing	
			Historical Perspective	
			 Concepts and terminology 	
			 Principles of microbiology 	
II	10	5	General characteristics of Microbes: -	
11	10	J	Structure and classification of Microbes.	
			Morphological types.	
			 Size and from of bacteria. 	
			Motility	
			• Colonization	
			• Growth and nutrition of microbes:	
			> Temperature	
			> Moisture	
			Blood and body fluids	
			 Laboratory methods for Identification of Micro – Organisms. 	
			Staining Techniques, Gram staining, Acid fast staining, Hanging	
			drop preparation	
			Culture: Various Medias.	
III	10	2	Infection Control: -	
			 Infection: Sources Portals of entry and exit, transmission. 	
			• Asepsis	
			 Disinfection: Types and methods. 	
			Sterilization: Types and Methods.	
			 Chemotherapy and antibiotics. 	
			Standard safety measures.	
			Biomedical waste management.	
			Role of nurse.	
			Hospital acquired infection.	
			 Hospital infection control programme. 	
			Protocols, collection of samples, preparation of report and	
			status of rate of infection in the unit/ hospital nurse's	
			accountability, continuing education etc.	
IV	12	4	Pathogenic organisms: -	
			• Micro-organisms :	
			Cocci – gram positive and gram negative	
			➤ Bacilli – gram positive and gram negative	
			> Spirochaete	
			Mycoplasma Richettains	
			Rickettsiae	

			Chlamydiae	
			• Viruses	
			 Fungi – Superficial and Deep mycoses 	
			• Parasites	
			 Rodents & vectors Characteristics, Source, Portal of entry, 	
			transmission of infection. Identification of disease producing	
			micro – organisms Collection of various specimens.	
V	8	4	Immunity: -	
			 Immunity – Types, Classification 	
			 Antigen and antibody reaction. 	
			Hypersensitivity – skin test	
			Sociological tests.	
			Immunoprophylaxis:	
			 Vaccines & sera – Types & Classification, Storage and 	
			handling cold chain.	
			Immunization for various diseases.	
			Immunization Schedule.	

Course Description: - This course is designed for students to develop basic understanding of uses of computer and its applications in nursing.

Learning objectives: - At the end of the course, the students will be able to,

- ➤ Identify and define various concepts used in computer, identify application of computer in nursing.
- ➤ Describe and use the Disk Operating System, demonstrate skill in the use of MS Office.
- ➤ Demonstrate skill in using multi- media, identify features of computer aided teaching and testing.
- > Demonstrate use of internet and Email.
- > Describe and use the statistical packages.
- > Describe the use of Hospital Management System.

Unit	Time	e (Hrs)	Content	
	Th.	Pr.		
I	3		Introduction: -	
			 Concepts of computers. 	
			 Hardware and Software: trends and technology 	
			Application of computers in nursing	
II	6	20	Introduction to disk – operative system: -	
			• DOS	
			• Windows (all version)	
			Introduction:	
			• MS – Word	
			 MS – Excel with pictorial presentation 	
			• MS – Access	
			• MS – Power point	
III	2	3	Multimedia: - types & uses	
			 Computer aided teaching & testing. 	
IV	1	3	Use of Internet and: - e - mail	
V	2	2	Statistical packages: - Types and their features.	
VI	1	2	Hospital Management System: - Types and uses.	

SYLLABUS FOR EVIDENCE BASED NURSING EDUCATION

Course for 1st Year B.Sc. Nursing

COURSE CONTENTS:--

THEORY: --

10hrs.

1) Introduction EBNES: Definition EBNES, Concept EBNES, Significance of EBNES. 2hrs

2) Need for EBNES, Aims EBNES.

1hr

3) Sources of EBNES.

1hr

4) How to Search evidence.

2hrs

5) Preparing Nursing care plan based on evidences.

4hrs

PRACTICAL (ASSIGNMENT):-

10hrs

- 1) Use of Internet to search evidence
- 2) Library search Submitting. bibliography
- 3) Posters on EBNES.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS:--

Total Marks: -- 50 Marks
Theory: - 20 Marks
Practical (Assignment): - 30 Marks

GUIDELINES:--

Theory:- 20 Marks

- 1) Theory and Practical exam for EBNE to be conducted as college exam and marks to be sent to the University for including in the marks sheet.
- 2) 1 Hr question paper containing one Short Essay (10 marks) one Short essay 4 marks and 3 Short answer two marks each (3X2=6 Marks).

Practical (Assignment):--

30 Marks

1) Marks will be given for all the three assignments. Each assignment will carry 10 marks

Passing Grade: -- A Student is said to be passed up to grade "C".

GRADE	RANGE OF MARKS
A	More than 45
В	36 to 45
С	25 to 35
D	Less than 25

B.Sc. NURSING SECOND YEAR

SUBJECT: - SOCIOLOGY THEORY-60HOURS

Course Description: - This course is designed to introduce the concept of sociology related to community & Society of India and Foreign.

Learning Objectives: - At the end of course, the student will be able to,

- State the importance of sociology Nursing
- Describe the inter relationship of individual in society and community
- Describe the influence of culture and on health and disease
- Identify various social group and their interaction
- Explain the growth of population in India and its impact on health.
- Describe the institutions of family and marriage in India.
- Describe the class and caste system and their influence on health and health practice.
- Describe the types of communities in India, their practices and impact on health.
- Explain the process of social change
- Describe the social system and inter-relationship of social organization.
- Explain the nature and process of social control
- Describe the role of the nurse in dealing with social problems in India.
- Incorporate evidence based teaching learning activities in Sociology to strengthen nursing practice of students for quality and cost effectiveness of nursing care.

- **Knowledge:-** Students should be facilitated by didactic lectures and evidence searching exercises for the same (**Good to Know category**)
- Analyze: Theory classes should incorporate recent evidences. (Desirable to Know category)
- Application: Tutorials and demonstrations based on all steps of Evidence Based
 Decision Making. (Must Know category)

Unit	Time	Content	Distribution
	(Hrs)		
I	1	Introduction: -	
		Definition of Sociology	Must know
		Nature and scope of the discipline.	Must know
		Importance and application of Sociology	Must know
		in Nursing.	
II	3	Individual & Society: -	
		Society and community.	Must know
		Nature of Society.	Must know
		Difference between Society and	Must know
		Community.	Must know

		➤ Process of Socialization and	
		individualization.	Must know
			Must know
TTT	2	➤ Personal disorganization.	
III	3	Culture: -	3.6 1
		Nature of Culture.	Must know
		Evolution of culture	Must know
		Diversity and uniformity of culture.	Must know
		Culture and socialization.	Must know
		Transcultural Society.	Must know
		> Influence on health and disease.	Must know
IV	4	Social Groups and Processes: -	
		The meaning and classification of groups.	Must know
		Primary & Secondary Groups	Must know
		➤ In – group V/s. Out – group, Class Tribe, Caste.	Must know
		Economic, Political, Religious groups,	Must know
		Mod, Crowd, Public and Audience	TVIGST MIS W
		Interaction & Social Processes.	
		Co – operation, Competition, Conflict.	Must know
		Accommodation, Assimilation & Isolation.	Must know
		, recommodation, rissimilation & isolation.	Widst Kilo W
V	6	Population: -	
		Society and Population	Must know
		Population distribution in India –	Must know
		Demographic characteristics.	
		➤ Malthusian theory of Populations.	Must know
		 Population explosion in India and its 	Must know
		impact on health status.	TVIGOU MITO VV
		Family welfare programme.	Must know
VI	5	Family and Marriage: -	
		Family – Functions	Must know
		➤ Types – Joint, Nuclear, Blended and	Must know
		extended family: Characteristics	
		➤ The Modern Family – Changes, Problems	Must know
		– Dowry etc., Welfare Services.	
		➤ Change & legislations on family and	Must know
		marriage in India – marriage acts.	
		➤ Marriage: From and functions of marriage,	Must know
		Marriage and family problems in India.	
		Family, Marriage and their influence on	Must know
		health and health Practices.	
VII	7	Social Stratification: -	
		Meaning & types of social stratification.	Good to know
		The Indian Caste System – Origin &	Good to know
		features	Good to know
		Features of caste in India Today	Good to know
		Social Class system and status	Good to know
		Social Mobility – Meaning & Types	Must know
		Race as a biological concept, criteria of	
		racial classification.	Must know
		➤ Salient features of Primary races – Racism.	Must know
		➤ Influence of class, Caste and Race on	

		health and health practices.	
VIII	6	Types of Communities in India (Rural, Urban and	
		Regional): -	
		Features of village community &	Must know
		Characteristics Indian villages – Panchayat	
		system, social dynamics.	3.6 1
		Community Development project &	Must know
		planning.	M
		Changes in Indian Rural Life.	Must know Must know
		Availability of health facilities in rural and its impact on health and health practices.	Must know
		 ► Urban – Community – features.	Must know
		The growth of cities: Urbanization and its	Must know
		impact on health and health practices.	Widst Kilow
		Major Urban problems – Urban Slums.	Must know
		Region: Problems and impact on Health.	Must know
IX	4	Social Change: -	
_		Nature and process of Social Change.	Good to know
		Factors influencing Social change: cultural	Must know
		change, Cultural lags.	
		➤ Introduction to Theories of social change:	
		Linear, Cyclical, Marxian, And Functional.	Good to know
		Role of nurse – Change agents.	Must know
X	4	Social organization and social system: -	
		Social organization: elements, types	Must know
		➤ Democratic and authoritarian modes of	Must know
		participation,	
		> Voluntary associations	Must know
		Social system: Definition and Types of social system	Wiust Kilow
		Role and status as structural elements of	Must know
		social system	Widst know
		Inter – relationship of institutions.	Good to know
XI	2	Social Control: -	
		➤ Nature and Process of social control.	Must know
		Political, Legal, Religious, Educational,	Good to know
		Economic, Industrial and Technological	
		systems, Norms & Values – Folkways &	
		Mores Customs, Laws and fashion.	
		Role of nurse.	Must know
XII	15	Social Problems: -	
		Social disorganization	Must know
		Control & Planning: Poverty, housing,	Must know
		illiteracy, food supplies, prostitution, rights	
		of women & children vulnerable groups:	
		Elderly, handicapped, Minority groups and other marginalized groups, child labor,	
		child abuse, delinquency and crime,	
		substance abuse, HIV/AIDS.	
		Social Welfare programmes in India.	
		Role of nurse.	Must know
L	1		

SUBJECT: - PHARMACOLOGY

THEORY–45 HOURS

Course Description: - This course is designed to enables students to acquire knowledge of Pharmacology.

Learning Objectives: - At the end of course, the student will be able to,

- > Describe pharmacodynamics, pharmaco kinetics, classification and the principles of drug administration.
- > Explain chemotherapy of specific infections and infestations and nurses responsibilities.
- > Describe antiseptics, disinfectants, insecticides and nurses responsibilities.
- > Describe drugs acting on gastrointestinal system and nurses responsibilities.
- > Describe drugs on respiratory system and nurses responsibilities.
- Describe drugs used on urinary system and nurses responsibilities.
- ➤ Describe drugs used in dead diction, emergency, deficiency of vitamins and minerals, positioning for immunization and immunosuppression and nurses responsibilities.

- > Describe drugs used on skin and mucous membranes and nurses responsibilities.
- > Describe drugs used on nervous system and nurses responsibilities.
- > Describe drugs used on cardiovascular system and nurses responsibilities.
- > Describe used on hormonal disorders and supplementation, contraception and medical termination of pregnancy and nurses responsibilities.
- > Demonstrate awareness of the common drugs used in alternative system of medicine.
- ➤ Incorporate evidence based teaching learning activities in pharmacology to strengthen nursing practice of students for quality and cost effectiveness of nursing care.

- **Knowledge:-** Students should be facilitated by didactic lectures and evidence searching exercises for the same (**Good to Know category**)
- Analyze: Theory classes should incorporate recent evidences. (Desirable to Know category)
- Application: Tutorials and demonstrations based on all steps of Evidence Based
 Decision Making. (Must Know category)

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Distribution
I	3	Introduction to Pharm	acology: -	
		Definitions		Must know
		Sources		Must know
		> Terminology	used	Must know
		> Type: Classi	fication	Must know
		Pharamacody	ynamics: Action, Therapeutic,	Must know
		Adverse, tox	ic	Must know
			netics: absorption, distribution,	Must know
		excretion	•	
		Review: Rou	ites and principles of administration of	Must know
		drugs.		
		Indian Pharn	nacopoeia: Legal issues	Must know
		Rational use		Must know
		Principles of	therapeutic	Must know
		_	dences on various dugs and its action.	Desirable to know
II	6	Chemotherapy: -		
		> Pharmacolo	gy of commonly used;	
		₩ Pen	icillin	Must know
		Ж Сер	halosporins	Must know
		₩ Am	ino glycosides	Must know
			crolide & Board Spectrum Antibiotics	Must know
			fonamides	Must know
		_	nolones	Must know
			iamoebic	Must know
			imalarials	Must know
			helmintics	Must know
			iscabies agents	Must know
			iviral & anti – fungal agents.	Must know
			itubercular drugs	Must know
			i leprosy drugs	Must know
			icancer drugs	Must know
		₩ Imn	nuno – suppressants	WIGST KILOW

		Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindication, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse.	Must know
		> Systematic review and analysis changes of cell structure in cancer	Desirable to know
III	2	Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics, disinfectants and insecticides: - Antiseptics; Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse.	Must know
		 Disinfectants Insecticides Search strategies on efficacy of antiseptics. 	Must know Must know Good to know
IV	2	Drugs acting on G.I. system: - ➤ Pharmacology of commonly used - ※ Antiemetics ※ Emetics ※ Purgatives ※ Antacids ※ Cholinergic ※ Antacids ※ Cholinergic ※ Anticholinergics ※ Fluid and electrolyte therapy ※ Anti diarrhoeals ※ Histamines	Must know
		Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse.	Must know Desirable to know
V	2	➤ Search strategy on efficacy of various GI drugs. Drugs used on Respiratory Systems: - ➤ Pharmacology of Commonly used: - ※ Antiasthmatica ※ Mucolytics ※ Decongestants ※ Expectorants ※ Antitussives ※ Bronchodilators ※ Broncho constrictors ※ Antihistamines Composition, action, dosage, route, indications,	Must Know
		contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse. Search strategy on efficacy of various drugs used on respiratory system.	Must know Desirable to know
VI	2	Drugs used on Urinary System: - ➤ Pharmacology of commonly used – ※ Diuretics and antidiuretics ※ Urinary antiseptics ※ Cholinergic and anticholinergics ※ Acidifiers and alkalanizers	Must Know
		Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse.	Must Know

		> Search strategy on efficacy of various drugs used on	5
X 7XX	4	Urinary system.	Desirable to know
VII	4	Miscellaneous: -	Must Know
		Drugs used in de – addiction	
		> Drugs used in CPR and emergency	
		Vitamins and minerals	
		> Immunosuppressant	
		> Antidotes	
* ****		➤ Vaccines and sera	
VIII	1	Drugs used on skin mucous membranes: -	
		Topical application for skin, eye, ear, nose and	Must Know
		buccal cavity antiprurities	
		Composition, action, dosage, route, indications,	
		contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse	Must Know
		effects, toxicity and role of nurse. Search strategy on efficacy of various drugs used on	
		integumentary system.	Desirable to know
IX	8	Drugs acting on Nervous system: -	
171	0	Basic & applied pharmacology of commonly used:	Must Know
		 Analegesics and anaesthetics 	Wiust Kilow
		× Analgesics	Must Know
		Non steroidal anti inflammatory	Wiust Kilow
		(NSAID) drugs	
		× Antipyretics	
		* Hypnotics and Sedatives	Must Know
		♥ Opioids	Wiust Kilow
		♥ Non – Opioids	
		Tranquilizers	
		General & local anesthetics	
		Gases: oxygen, nitrous oxide,	
		carbon-dioxide.	
		Cholinergic and anti – Cholinergics	
		Muscle relaxants	Must Know
		X Major tranquilizers	
		× Anti – psychotics	
		X Anticonvulsants	
		X Adrenergics	
		X Noradregenics	
		* Mood stabilizers	
		* Acetylcholine	
		* Stimulants	
		Composition, action, dosage, route, indications,	
		contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse	Must Know
		effects, toxicity and role of nurse.	
		Search strategy on efficacy of various drugs used on	
		Nervous system.	Good to know
X	5	Cardiovascular Drugs: -	
		➤ Haematinics	Must Know
		➤ Cardiotonics	
		➤ Anti anginals	
		➤ Anti – hypertensives & Vasodilators	
		➤ Anti – arrhythmics	
		Plasma expanders	
		Coagulants & anticoagulants	
		➤ Antiplatelets & thrombolytics	

	1	T .	
		Hypolipidemics Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse	Must Know
		effects, toxicity and role of nurse. Search strategy on efficacy of various drugs used on Cardiovascular system.	Good to know
XI	4	Drugs used for hormonal disorders and supplementation,	
		contraception and medical termination of pregnancy:-	Must know
		Insulins & Oral hypoglycemics	
		Thyroid supplements and suppressants	
		Steroids, Anabolics	
		Uterine stimulants and relaxants	Must know
		Oral contraceptives	
		Other estrogen – Progestrone preparations	
		Corticotrophin & Gonadotropines	
		Adrenaline	
		Prostaglandins	
		Calcitonins	
		Calcium salts	Must know
		Calcium regulators Composition, action, dosage, route, indications,	
		Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse	
		effects, toxicity and role of nurse.	
		> Search strategy on efficacy of various hormonal	Good to know
		injection used on hormonal disorders.	
XII	6	Introduction to Drugs used in alternative systems of	
		medicine: -	
		Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani and Siddha etc.	Must know
		> Search evidence on comparison of alternative	
		medicine with common medicine.	Desirable to know

SUBJECT: - PATHOLOGY

THEORY – 20 HOURS PRACTICAL – 10 HOURS

Course Description: - This course is designed to enables students to acquire knowledge of Pathology.

Learning Objectives: - At the end of course, the student will be able to,

- Define the common terms used in pathology.
- Appreciate the deviations from normal to abnormal structure and functions of the body system.
- Explain pathological changes in disease condition of various system.
- Describe various laboratory tests in assessment and monitoring of disease condition.
- Describe the laboratory tests for examination of body cavity fluids, transudates and exudates.
- Describe the laboratory test for the examination of urine and faeces.
- Incorporate evidence based teaching learning activities in pathology to strengthen nursing practice of students for quality and cost effectiveness of nursing care.

- **Knowledge:-** Students should be facilitated by didactic lectures and evidence searching exercises for the same (**Good to Know category**)
- Analyze: Theory classes should incorporate recent evidences. (Desirable to Know category)
- Application: Tutorials and demonstrations based on all steps of Evidence Based
 Decision Making. (Must Know category)

			Distribution
Unit	Time	Content	
I	3	Introduction: -	
		Importance of the study of pathology	Must know
		Definition of terms	Must know
		Methods and techniques	Must know
		Cellular and Tissue changes.	Must know
		➤ Infiltration and regeneration	Must know

	1	➤ Inflammations and Infections	
			M. 1
		Wound healing	Must know Must know
		Vascular changes	Must know
		Cellular growth, Neoplasms: - ➤ Normal & Cancer cell	M. 1
			Must know Must know
		Benign and Malignant growthsIn situ carcinoma	Must know
			Must know
		Disturbances of fluid and electrolyte imbalance	Desirable to know
11	10 : 5()	Research evidence on various cell and its structure	Desirable to know
II	10+5(p)	Special Pathology: -	3.6 1
		> Pathological changes in disease conditions of	Must know
		various systems.	Must know
		Respiratory tractTuberculosis, Bronchitis, Pleural effusion	Must know Must know
		and pneumonia.	Must know
		X Lung abscess, emphysema, bronchiectasis.	N6 41
		Bronchial asthma, chronic obstructive	Must know Must know
		pulmonary disease & tumours.	Must know
		Cardio – vascular system: -	
		X Pericardial effusion	34 1
		Rheumatic heart disease	Must know
		 Infective endocarditic, atherosclerosis 	Must know Must know
		X Ischemia, infraction & aneurysm.	
		➤ Gastro Intestinal Tract: -	Must know
		X Peptic ulcer, typhoid	Must know
		Carcinoma of GI tract – buccal, Esophageal	Must know
		Gastric & intestinal	Must know
		Liver, Gall bladder & pancreas: -	March 1-mars
		Hepatitis, Chronic liver abscess, cirrhosis	Must know Must know
		X Tumours of liver, gall bladder and pancreas.	Must know
		X Cholecystitis	Must know
		Kidneys & Urinary tract: -	Must know
			Must know
		X Calculi, renal failure, renal carcinoma &	Widst Kilow
		cystitis.	
		➤ Male genital systems: -	Must know
		X Cryptorchidism, testicular atrophy	Must know
		× Prostatic huperplasia, carcinoma penis &	Widst Kilow
		prostate	
		Female genital systems: -X Fibroids	Must know
		* Fibroids* Carcinoma cervix and Endometrium.	Must know
		Vesicular mole, Choriocarcinoma	Must know
		Vesicular mole, Choriocarcinoma Ectopic gestation	Must know
		Copic gestation We ovarian cyst & tumours	Must know
		Cancer Breast: -	
		Central nervous System: -	
		* Hydrocephalus, Meningitis, encephalitis,	Must know
		* Vascular disorders – thrombosis, embolism	Must know
		Stroke, Paraplegia, quadriplegia	Must know
		Tumours, meningiomas –gliomas	Must know
		Metastatic tumours: -	
		Skeletal system: -	
		* Bone healing, osteoporosis, osteomyelitis.	Must know
		Arthritis & tumours: -	Must know
		Systematic review and analysis changes of cell	Good to know

		structure in cancer	
III	4+3(p)	Clinical Pathology: -	
	- (1)	> Various blood and bone marrow test in assessment	
		and monitoring of disease conditions: -	
		* Hemoglobin	Must know
		* RBC, White cell & platelet counts	Must know
		Bleeding time, clotting time and	Must know
		prothrombine time	Wast Know
		Blood grouping and cross matching	Must know
		Blood chemistry	Good to know
		Blood culture	Good to know
		X Serological and immunological tests	Good to know
		X Examination of Bone marrow.	Good to know
		X Methods of collections of blood specimen for	Must know
		various clinical pathology, biochemistry,	111000 11110 11
		microbiology tests, inference and normal	
		values.	
		Identifying the clinical abnormalities and	Desirable to know
		searching the relevant database	Desirable to know
IV	2+1(p)	Examination of body cavity fluids, transudates and exudates:	
		The laboratories tests used in CSF analysis.	Good to know
		Examination of other body cavity fluids, transudates	Good to know
		and exudates – sputum wound discharge etc.	
		Analysis of gastric and duodenal contents.	Good to know
		➤ Analysis of semen – sperm count, motility and	Good to know
		morphology and their importance in infertility.	
		Methods of collection of CSF and other cavity fluids,	Good to know
		specimen for various clinical pathology, biochemistry,	
		microbiology tests, inference and normal values.	
		> Appraising a clinical problem and formulating a	Good to know
		question and searching the relevant database for the evidence.	
V	1 + 1 (n)	Urine and faeces: -	
V	1+1 (p)	Vrine: -	
		* Physical characteristics	Must Imani
		× Analysis	Must know Must know
		X Culture and sensitivity	Must know
		Faces: -	Wiust Kilow
			Must know
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	IVIUST KIIOW
			Must know
		and normal values.	
			GOOD TO KHOW
		 Characteristics Stool examination: occult blood, ova, parasite and cyst, reducing substance etc. Methods of collection for various tests, inference 	Must know Must know Must know Good to know

SUBJECT: - GENETICS

Course Description: - This course is designed to enables students to acquire knowledge of Genetics.

Learning Objectives: - At the end of course, the student will be able to,

- Explain nature principles and perspectives of heredity
- Explain maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and disease.
- Explain the screening methods for genetic defects and diseases in neonates and children's.
- Identify genetic disorders in adolescents and adults.
- Describe the role of nurse in genetic service and counseling.
- Incorporate evidence based teaching learning activities in Genetics to strengthen nursing practice of students for quality and cost effectiveness of nursing care.

- **Knowledge:-** Students should be facilitated by didactic lectures and evidence searching exercises for the same (**Good to Know category**)
- Analyze: Theory classes should incorporate recent evidences. (Desirable to Know category)
- Application: Tutorials and demonstrations based on all steps of Evidence Based
 Decision Making. (Must Know category)

Unit	Time(Hrs)	Content	Distribution
I	3	Introduction: - Practical application of genetics in Nursing. Impact of genetic condition on families. Review of cellular division mitosis and meiosis. Characteristics and structure of genes. Chromosomes –sex determination. Chromosomal aberrations patterns of inheritance. Mendalian theory of inheritance Multiple allots and blood groups. Sex linked inheritance Mechanism of inheritance. Errors in transmission. (Mutation) Review evidence on cell division and	Must know
II	3	abnormality. Maternal, Prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases: - Conditions affecting the mother genetic and	Must Imov
		infections. Consanguinity atopy	Must know Must know

		Dranatal nutrition and food allowing	Must know
		Prenatal nutrition and food allergies.	Must know
		Maternal Age.	
		Maternal drug therapy.	Must know
		Prenatal testing and diagnosis.	Must know
		Effect of Radiation, drugs and chemicals.	Must know
		Infertility	Must know
		Spontaneous abortion	Must know
		Neural tube defects and the role of folic	Must know
		acid in lowering the risks.	
		Down syndrome (Trisomy 21)	Must know
		Search meta-analysis on Maternal	Desirable to know
		infection and birth defects	
III	2	Genetic testing in the neonates and children: -	
		Screening for: -	
		X Congenital abnormalities	Must know
		X Development delay.	Must know
		* Dysmorphism.	Must know
		Evidence based protocols for	
		various screening techniques.	Good to know
IV	2	Genetic conditions of adolescents and adults: -	
		Cancer genetics – Familial Cancer.	Must know
		➤ Inborn errors of metabolism.	Must know
		Blood group alleles and hematological	Must know
		disorder.	
		➤ Genetics haemochromatosis.	Must know
		➤ Huntington's disease.	Must know
		Mental illness.	Must know
		Systematic review and analysis changes	
		of gene structure in cancer	Good to know
V	5	Services related to Genetics: -	
		Genetic testing	Must know
		➤ Human genome project.	Good to know
		Gene therapy.	Good to know
		The Eugenics movement.	Good to know
		Genetic Counseling.	Must know
		Legal and Ethical issues Role of nurse.	Must know
		> Search strategic to assess the	
		effectiveness of Genetic counseling	Good to know
		effectiveness of Genetic counseling	Good to know
<u> </u>	1		

Course Description: - The purpose of this course is to acquire and develop proficiency in caring for patient with Medical and Surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

Learning Objective: - At the end of the course, the students will be able to,

- Appreciate the trends in medical surgical nursing
- Describe the role of nurse in caring for adult patient in hospital
- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with disorders of respiratory systems.
- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with disorders of digestive systems
- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with disorders of cardio-vascular systems. Describe the vascular conditions and its nursing management.
- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with disorders of genitor-urinary systems.
- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with disorders of reproductive systems.
- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with disorders of endocrine systems.
- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with disorders of skin.
- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with disorders of musculo-skeletal systems.
- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with disorders of immunological system.
- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with communicable diseases.
- Describe the organization and physical set up of operation theatre. Identify the various instruments and equipments used for common surgical procedures.
- Describe the infection control measures in the operation theatre.
- Describe the role of the nurse in the pre operative nursing care.
- Incorporate evidence based nursing education into practice.

- **Knowledge:-** Students should be facilitated by didactic lectures and evidence searching exercises for the same (**Good to Know category**)
- Analyze: Theory classes should incorporate recent evidences. (Desirable to Know category)
- Application: Tutorials and demonstrations based on all steps of Evidence Based
 Decision Making. (Must Know category)

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content	
		Introduction	Distribution
I	15	- Introduction to Medical Surgical Nursing -Evolution and	Good to know

	1	4	
		trends of Medical and surgical Nursing.	Cood to Irmovy
		Review of Concepts of health and illness disease-concepts	Good to know
		causations, classification:- - International Classification of disease (ICD-10 or later	Good to know
		version)	Good to know
		Acute illness chronic illness and terminal illness.	Must know
			Must know
		> Stages of illness.	
		Review of Concepts of comprehensive Nursing care in	Good to know
		Medical Surgical conditions based in nursing process.	3.6 1
		Role of nurses, patient and family in care of adult patient.	Must know
		Role and responsibilities of a nurse in different medical	Must know
		surgical setting.	
		Out Patient Department	
		➤ In Patient Unit	
		➤ Intensive care Unit	
		Home and Community settings.	
		Introduction to Medical Surgical asepsis	Must know
		Inflammation and infection	
		➤ Immunity	
		➤ Ward healing	
		Care of Surgical Patient	Must know
		Preoperative	
		➤ Intra operative	
		➤ Post Operative	
II	15	Common signs and symptoms and management:-	
		Fluid and electrolyte imbalance	Must know
		➤ Vomiting	Must know
		Dyspnea, Cough and respiratory obstruction	Must know
		> Fever	Must know
		➤ Shock	Must know
		Unconsciousness, Syncope	Must know
		▶ Pain	Must know
		> Incontinence	Must know
		➤ Edema	Must know
		➤ Age related problems – Geriatric	Must know
		EBP: Systematic review and analysis of	Desirable to know
		interventions for Shock	
III	20	Nursing management of patients (adults including elderly)	
		with respiratory problems.	
		- Review of anatomy & physiology of respiratory systems.	Good to know
		 Nursing Assessment History and Physical assessment, 	Must know
		- Etiology, Pathophysiology clinical manifestations diagnosis	Must know
		treatment modalities and Medical, Surgical management of	
		adults including elderly with:	
		Upper respiratory treat infection.	
		Bronchitis	
		> Asthma	
		> Emphysema	
		> Atelectasis	
		Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases (COPD)	
	1	, chrome obstructive pullionary discusces (COLD)	

	I	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
		> Bronchiectasis	
		> Pneumonia	
		> Pulmonary Tuberculosis	
		Lung abscess	
		> Pleural effusion	
		Cysts and tumours	
		Chest injuries	
		Respiratory arrest and insufficiency	
		> Pulmonary emboli sin	D 1 11 . 1
		- Special therapies, alter native therapies	Desirable to know
		- Nursing Procedures	Must know
		- Drugs used in treatment of respiratory disorders.	Good to know
		- Research Evidence on interventions for respiratory	Desirable to know
		disorders	
IV	30	Nursing Management of patient (adults including elderly)	
		with disorders of digestive system:-	
		 Review of anatomy and physiology of digestive system. 	Good to know
		 Nursing Assessment, history and physical assessment. 	Must know
		– Etiology, pathophysiology clinical manifestations	Must know
		diagnostic, treatment modalities and medical and Nursing	
		Management:	
		- Disorders of	Must know
		➤ Oral cavity – lips, gums, tongue, salivary glands &	
		teeth.	
		➤ Esophagus – inflammation, Stricture, Obstruction,	
		blooding, and tumours.	
		➤ Stomach and duodenum hiatus hernia, gastritis,	
		peptic and duodenal ulcer blooding tumours,	
		pyloric stenosis.	
		➤ Small intestinal disorders, Inflammation and	
		infection, enteritis, malabsorption, Obstruction	
		tumour and perforation.	
		➤ Large intestinal disorders colitis, inflammation and	
		infection obstruction and tumour and lump.	
		➤ Hernia	
		➤ Appendices – inflammation, mass, abscess, fistulas	
		Anal and rectum; hemorrhoids fissures, fistulas.	
		Peritonitis acute abdomen	
		➤ Pancreas; inflammation, cyst abscess, cirrhosis,	
		portal hypertension, hepatic failure, tumour.	
		➤ Gall bladder: - Inflammation, Obstruction, stones	
		and tumour.	
		 Special therapies, alternative therapies. 	Desirable to know
		- Drugs used in treatment of disorders of digestive system.	Good to know
		- Research evidence: interventions for GI bleeding,	Desirable to know
		cholecystitis, etc.	
		- PICO:- Chemotherapy Vs Radiation therapy in Colorectal	Desirable to know
		cancer	
V	30	Nursing Management of patient (adults including elderly)	
		with blood and cardiovascular problems:-	
		- Review of anatomy and physiology of blood and cardio	Good to know
		vascular system.	
	l	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

 Nursing Assessment – History and Physical Assessment Etiology, pathophysiology clinical manifestations 	Must know Must know
	Must Kilow
diagnostic, treatment modalities and medical and Nursing	
Management:	
Vascular System:	
Hypertension, Hypotension	
Arteriosclerosis	
Raynaud's disease	
Anurisum and peripheral vascular disorders.	
Heart	3.6
- Coronary artery diseases	Must know
➤ Ischemic heart disease	
Coronary arfhreosderosis	
Angina pectoris	
Myocardial infarction.	
 Valvular disorders of the heart 	Must know
Congenital and acquired	
Rheumatic heart diseases	
Endocarditic, pericarditis Myocarditis	
Cardiomyopathies	
Cardiac dysrhythmias heart block	
Congestive cardiac failure	
- Cor - pulmonale, pulmonary edema, carcinogenic shock,	Must know
cardiac tamponade.	
Cardiac emergencies and arrest	
Cardiac pulmonary resuscitation (CPR)	
Blood:-	Must know
➤ Anemia	
Polycythemia	
➤ Blooding disorders, clotting factor defects and	
platelets defects	
➤ Thalassemia	
➤ Leucopenia	
Leucopenia and agranulocytosis	
Lymphomas	
Myelomas	
Special therapies	
 Blood transfusion, safety checks procedure of adverse 	Must know
transfusion reaction, records for blood transfusion	Must Kilow
 Management and counseling blood donors. 	Must know
 Phlebotomy procedure and post donation 	MINST KIIOM
• 1	
management Rload bank functioning and hospital transfusion	
Blood bank functioning and hospital transfusion	
committee Bio safety waste management in	
relation to blood transfusion.	Manat 1
- Role of nurses in organ donation retrieval and banking	Must know
- Alternative therapies,	Good to know
- Nursing procedure	Must know
 Drugs used in treatment of blood & co system. 	Good to know
- Research evidence: interventions of Cardiovascular	Desirable to kn
diseases, causes of heart attack, congenital heart disease	
 Evidence based theory on interventions of anemia. 	Desirable to kn

VI	10	Nursing management of patient (adult including elderly)	
		with genitor – urinary problems.	~
		- Review anatomy and physiology of genitor - urinary	Good to know
		system.	Must Imory
		- Nursing Assessment	Must know
		- Etiology, pathophysiology clinical manifestations	
		diagnostic, treatment modalities and medical and Nursing	
		Management:	3.6 . 1
		Nephritis	Must know
		Nephritic syndrome	Must know
		Nephrosis	Must know
		Renal calculus	Must know
		Tumours	Must know
		Acute & chronic renal failure	Must know
		Dialysis, renal failure	Must know
		End stage, renal disease	Must know
		Congenital disorders, urinary infection	Must know
		Benign pros tale hypertrophy	Must know
		➤ Disorders of ureter, urinary bladder & urethra –	Must know
		inflammation, infection, stricture, obstruction, and	
		tumour prostrate.	
		Nursing procedure	Must know
		Drugs used in treatment of genito urinary system.	Good to know
		➤ Research Evidence: interventions/management for	Desirable to know
		urinary infections, renal calculi, PICO:- surgery vs	
		transplantation.	
VII	5	Nursing Management of disorders of male (adult	
		including elderly) reproductive system.	~
		- Review of Anatomy & Physiology of male reproductive	Good to know
		system	3.6 1
		- Nursing Assessment - History and Physical Assessment	Must know
		- Etiology, pathophysiology clinical manifestations	Must know
		diagnostic, treatment modalities and medical and Nursing	
		Management:	N. 6.1
		- Congenital malformation cryptorchidism	Must know
		Hipospadiasis, Epispadiasis	Must know
		➤ Infection	Must know
		Testis & adjacent structures / penis	Must know
		➤ Prostate inflammation, infection, hypertrophy,	Must know
		tumour.	M 1
		Renal dysfunction	Must know
		➤ Infertility Contracentian	Must know
		Contraception	Must know
		➤ Breast: Gynecomastia, tumour	Must know
		Climatic changes :- special therapies related to male reproductive system.	Must know
			Must know
		 Nursing procedure Drugs used in treatment of disorder of reproductive 	Good to know
		> Drugs used in treatment of disorder of reproductive	GOOD TO KILOM
1		system	
		Evidence based protocols for syndromic case	Decirable to know
		Evidence based protocols for syndromic case	Desirable to know
VIII	10	 Evidence based protocols for syndromic case management Nursing Management of patient with disorders of 	Desirable to know

		and agrina gratam	
		endocrine system.	Cood to Imovy
		- Review of Anatomy & Physiology of Endocrine system	Good to know
		- Nursing Assessment - History and Physical Assessment	Must know
		- Etiology, pathophysiology clinical manifestations	Must know
		diagnostic, treatment modalities and medical surgical	
		dietetics and Nursing Management of:	
		Disorders of thyroid and parathyroid	Must know
		Diabetes mellitus	Must know
		Diabetes insipidus	Must know
		➤ Adrenal tumour	Must know
		Pituitary disorders	Must know
		Special therapies and alternative therapies.	Must know
		➤ Nursing procedure	Must know
		➤ Drugs used in treatment of disorder of endocrine	Good to know
		system	
		Research Evidence: interventions of diabetes	Desirable to know
		mellitus, Insulin Vs. Oral anti-diabetic drugs: PICO	Desirable to know
IX	10	<u> </u>	
IA	10	Nursing Management of patient (adult including elderly)	
		with disorders of integumentary System.	C 1. 1
		- Review of Anatomy & Physiology of skin and its	Good to know
		appendages:	
		 Nursing Assessment – History and Physical Assessment: - 	Must know
		- Etiology, pathophysiology clinical manifestations	Must know
		diagnostic, treatment modalities and medical surgical	
		dietetics and Nursing Management of: -	
		 Disorders of skin & its appendages:- 	Must know
		Lesions and abrasions	Must know
		➤ Infection & infestations; Dermatitis	Must know
		➤ Dermatoses, infection, non infections	Must know
		"inflammatory dermatoses"	
		➤ Acne vulgaris	Must know
		➤ Allergies & Eczema	Must know
		> Psoriasis	Must know
		Malignant Melanoma	Must know
		➤ Alopecia	Must know
		Special therapies / alternative therapies	Must know
		Drugs used in treatment of skin disorders.	Good to know
		Research review on interventions for dermatitis.	Desirable to know
		Systematic review and analysis of management of	Desirable to know
		skin infections.	Destracte to know
X	15		
^	13	Nursing Management of patient (adult including elderly)	
		with musculoskeletal problems.	Cood to 1
		- Review of Anatomy & Physiology of musculoskeletal	Good to know
		system	3.6
		- Nursing Assessment - History and Physical Assessment	Must know
		- Etiology, pathophysiology clinical manifestations	Must know
		diagnostic, treatment modalities and medical surgical	
		dietetics and Nursing Management of:	
		➤ Disorders of muscles, Ligaments and joints: –	Must know
		inflammation, infection, trauma.	
		➤ Bones: - inflammation, infection, dislocation	Must know
		fracture, tumour & trauma.	
	•	•	

	1		3.6 . 1
		Osteomalacia and osteoporosis	Must know
		> Arthritis	Must know
		Congenital deformities	Must know
		> Spinal Column defects and deformities, tumour,	Must know
		prolapsed inter vertebral disc pott's spine.	3.6 1
		Puget's disease	Must know
		> Amputation	Must know
		> Prosthesis	Must know
		Transplant & replacement Surgeries	Must know
		Rehabilitation	Must know
		Nursing Procedure	Must know
		> Drugs used in treatment of disorders of	Good to know
		musculoskeletal system	Desirable to Imary
		➤ Research evidence for causes of congenital deformities	Desirable to know
			Desirable to know
XI	10	➤ PICO: Open reduction Vs Closed Reduction Nursing management of patient (adult including elderly)	Desirable to know
ΛΙ	10	with immunological problems.	
		- Review of Immune system	Good to know
		 Nursing Assessment – History and Physical Assessment 	Must know
		- Etiology, pathophysiology clinical manifestations	Must know
		diagnostic, treatment modalities and medical surgical	Wiust Kilow
		dietetics and Nursing Management of:	
		➤ Immunodeficiency disorders.	Must know
		Primary Immunodeficiency	Must know
		Phagocyte dysfunction	Must know
		➤ B. all & T. all deficiencies	Must know
		Secondary Immunodeficiency	Must know
		➤ Acquired Immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS)	Must know
		➤ Incidence of HIV & AIDS	Good to know
		➤ Epidemiology	Good to know
		➤ Transfusion & its prevention	Must know
		> Standard safety precautions.	Must know
		➤ Role of nurses :- Counseling	Must know
		➤ Health education and home care consideration	Must know
		➤ National AIDS control prog. – NACO various	Good to know
		national and international agencies.	
		➤ Infection control program	Good to know
		➤ Rehabilitation	Must know
		Nursing Procedure	Must know
		> Drugs used in treatment of disorders of	Good to know
		Immunological system.	
		➤ Research evidence for effectiveness of Anti-	Desirable to know
		retroviral drugs.	
		➤ PICO:- ART Vs ART with alternative therapy	Desirable to know
XII	20	Nursing Management of patient (adult including elderly)	
		with communicable discuses.	
		- Overview of infectious disease, the infectious process	Good to know
		 Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment 	Must know
		- Epidemiology, infectious process, clinical manifestation,	Must know
		diagnosis, treatment prevention and dietics. Control and	
		eradication of common Communicable Diseases -	

		> Tuberculosis	Must know
		Diarrheal diseases	Must know
			Must know
		➤ Hepatitis A – E	Must know
		Herpes Chicken new	Must know
		Chicken pox	
		> Small pox	Must know
		> Typhoid	Must know
		> Meningitis	Must know
		Gas gangrene	Must know
		> Leprosy	Must know
		> Dengue	Must know
		> Plague	Must know
		> Malaria	Must know
		➤ Diphtheria	Must know
		Poliomyelitis	Must know
		Measles	Must know
		> Mumps	Must know
		Influenza	Must know
		> Tetanus	Must know
		Yellow Fever	Must know
		Filariasis	Must know
		> HIV / AIDS	Must know
		Reproductive tract infections	Must know
		> Special infection control measures: Notification,	Must know
		Isolation, Quarantine, Immunization, Infectious	
		disease hospitals.	Cood to Imary
		 Special therapies, alt. therapies. 	Good to know
		Nursing Procedures	Must know Good to know
		> Drug used in treatment of Communicable diseases	
		Research evidence on interventions for prevention of Communicable diseases	Desirable to know
		 Research Evidence: Effectiveness of Immunization 	Desirable to know
		on killer diseases.	Desirable to know
XIII	25 P 1	reoperative Nursing:-	
		Organization & Physical set up of the (O.T.) Operation	
		theater:	
		> Classifications	Good to know
		➤ O.T. design	Good to know
		> Staffing	Good to know
		➤ Members of the O.T. team	Good to know
		Duties & responsibilities of nurses in O.T.	Must know
		Principles of health and operation Theater.	Must know
		> Instrument	Must know
		Sutures & Suture materials	Must know
1			
			Must know
		> Equipments	Must know Must know
		EquipmentsO.T. Tables and sets for common Surgical	Must know Must know
		> Equipments	
		EquipmentsO.T. Tables and sets for common Surgical Procedure	Must know
		 Equipments O.T. Tables and sets for common Surgical Procedure Positions and draping for common Surgical 	Must know
		 Equipments O.T. Tables and sets for common Surgical Procedure Positions and draping for common Surgical Nursing procedure. 	Must know Must know

➤ Monitoring the patient during surgical procedures.	Must know
➤ Maintenance of therapeutic improvement in O.T.	Must know
> Standard safety measures,	Must know
× Infection control	
Bio medical waste management	
Prevention of accidents and hazards in O.T.	
× Anesthesia	
> Types 7 methods of administration.	Must know
➤ Effects & Stages	Must know
➤ Equipments & Drugs	Must know
* CPR	Must know
Pain management techniques	Must know
* Legal Aspects.	Must know

SUBJECT: - MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING – I (Practical) **PRACTICAL** – 720 HOURS

PLACEMENT: - SECOND YEAR

COURSE DESCRIPTION: - The purpose of this course is to acquire, develop attitude and proficiency in caring for patient with Medical and Surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home

	4		
	Areas		Skills to be developed
U	General	*	Assessment of the patient: -
	Medical Ward.		 Taking history
	(*Respiratory,		 Perform general and specific physical examination.
	GI, Endocrine,		 Identify alterations and deviations.
	Renal,	ж	Practice medical surgical asepsis – Standard safety measures: -
	Hematology)	*	Administer medications: -
			• Oral, IV, IM, Subcutaneous.
		×	IV therapy
			• IV canulation
			Maintenance and monitoring
		*	Oxygen therapy by different methods
		×	Nebulization
		×	Chest physiotherapy
		Ж	Naso gastric feeding.
		*	Assist in common diagnostic
		*	Perform / Assist in therapeutic procedures.
		*	Blood and component therapy
		*	Throat Suctioning
		*	Collect specimens for common investigations.
		*	Maintain elimination: -
			 Catheterization
			 Bowel wash
			• Enema
			Urinary drainage
		*	Maintain Intake, Output and documentation.

		\ <u>'</u>	C1111
		*	Counsel and teach related to specific disease conditions.
	G 1	*	Searching evidence for causes & interventions of diseases.
		*	Practice medical surgical asepsis Standard safety measures
	Surgical Ward.	×	Pre operative preparation of patients.
	(GI, Urinary,	*	Post operative care Receiving pt, assessment, monitoring, care
	CTVS)	*	Care of wounds and drainage
		*	Suture removal
		*	Ambulation and exercise
		*	Nasogastric aspiration
		×	Care of chest drainage
		*	Ostomy care
			 Gastrostomy
			• Colostomy
			• Enterostomy
		×	Blood and component therapy
		×	Practice universal Precautions
		*	Making search strategy for research evidence.
•	Cardiology	*	Physical examination of the cardio vascular system Recording and
	ward		interpreting ECG.
	ward	*	Monitoring of patients
		*	Preparation and assisting in non – invasive and invasive diagnostic
			procedures.
		*	Administer cardiac drugs.
		*	Cardio pulmonary Resuscitation
		*	Teach patients and families
		×	<u> •</u>
		*	Practice medical and surgical asepsis Standard safety measures.
	Skin &		Incorporating research evidence in cardiovascular nursing care.
W		*	Assessment of patients with skin disorders.
	Communicable	*	Assist in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures
	diseases Ward.	*	Administer topical medication
		*	Practice medical surgical asepsis Standard safety measures.
		*	Use of personal protective equipment (PPE).
		*	Give Medicated baths.
		*	Counseling HIV positive patients.
		*	Teach prevention of infectious diseases.
	0.1.11	**	Developing an attitude for evidence based practice in skin disorders.
U	Orthopaedic	*	Assessment of orthopaedic patients
	ward	*	Assist in application of plaster cast and removal of cast.
		*	Apply skin traction buck's extension traction.
		*	Assist in application removal and prosthesis.
		*	Physiotherapy – Range of motion exercises
		×	Crutch maneuvering technique.
		×	Activities of daily living.
		×	Ambulation
		×	Teach and counsel patient and families.
		*	Developing search strategy for finding evidence on interventions of
			orthopedic disorders.
•	Operation	*	Scrubbing, gowning, gloving
	Theatre	×	Identify instruments, suturing materials for common operations.
		*	Disinfection, Carbolization, fumigation
		*	Preparation of instrument sets for common operations
L		×	Sterilization of sharps and their instruments

Prepare the OT table depending upon the operation
Positioning and monitoring of patients
× Endotracheal intubations
Assisting in minor and major operation
* Handling specimens
* Disposal of waste as per the guidelines.

Internship

Time: 260 Hours (9 Weeks)

	Areas		Skills to be developed
♦ ICU, CCU,		Ж	Assist in arterial puncture for blood gas analysis.
(CARDI, AC	*	Perform ECG and interpret accordingly.
(OT.	*	Conduct and analysis pulse oximetry.
		Ж	Care with artificial airway.
		Ж	Assist in endotracheal intubation.
		*	Setting up ventilator.
		Ж	Giving care in ventilator
		Ж	Drug sheet.
		×	Observation of special procedure in OT.
		*	Developing Evidence based nursing practice
	Neuro ICU,	Ж	Assess neurological status
]	ITU, OT	*	Implement care to head injury spinal injury patient.
		*	Drug sheet
		*	Pre and postoperative care with neuro surgery patients.
		*	Incorporating evidence based nursing care in neurological patients.
	Burns and	*	Nursing care
-	plastic	Ж	Analyzing research based evidence for burns patients.
l	Reconstructive		
	surgery.		
	TO	*	Nursing care
	Laproscopic,	*	Developing evidence based nursing practice.
	Orthopaedic,		
I	Eye, Ent.		

List of Clinical Assignments

- 1. Report Writing
 - Operation Theatre
 - ICU
 - Cardiac Unit
 - Dialysis
 - Cath lab
- 2. Care plan Medicine ward (5)
- 3. Care Plan Surgery ward (5)
- 4. Case Study Medical (1)
- 5. Case Study Surgical (1)
- 7. Health Talk
- 8. Case Presentation Medical Pertaining to disease

- Case Presentation Surgical Disease +
 Operation
 Nursing Procedure -1
 Witness OperationDaily Diary
 Drug Profile
 Articles Record 9.
- 10.
- 11.
- 12.
- 13.
- 14.

Course Description: - This course is designed for students to appreciate the principals of promotion and maintenance of Health.

Learning Objectives: - At the end of the course, the students will be able to,

- > Describe concept and dimensions of health.
- > Describe determinants of health.
- Describe concepts, scope, uses, methods and approaches of epidemiology.
- Describe Epidemiology and nursing management of common Communicable diseases.
- Describe Epidemiology and nursing management of common non- communicable diseases.
- ➤ Describe the concepts and scope of demography; describe methods of data collection, analysis and interpretation of demographic data.
- > Identify the impact of population explosion in India; describe methods of population control.

The above objectives can be fulfilled by implementing EBES depending upon the level of knowledge required:

- **Knowledge level:-** Students should be facilitated by didactic lectures and evidence searching exercises for the same (**Good to Know category**)
- Analyze: Theory classes should incorporate recent evidences. (Desirable to Know category)
- Application: Tutorials and demonstrations based on all steps of Evidence Based Decision Making. (Must Know category)

	Time		
Unit	(Hrs)	Content	
I	2	Introduction	Distribution
		Community health Nursing	Good to know
		Definition concepts are dimensions of	Must Know
		health.	
		Promotion of health	Must Know
		Maintenance of health	Must Know
II	20	Introduction	
		Determination of health.	Must Know
		Eugenics.	Must Know
		Environment:-	
		Physics, Air, Light, Ventilation, Water,	Must Know
		Housing, Sanitation, Disposal of waste	
		disposal of dead bodies, Pore station,	
		Noise, Clinical, Communication:	
		Infrastructure facilities and linkages.	
		Acts regulating the environment national	Good to know
		pollution control board.	

	1		
		Bacterial and viral: Agents, host, carries and immunity.	Must Know
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Desirable to
		Arthropods and Rodent.	
		N. D. H. J D. 1	know
		> Food hygiene: Production preservation,	Must Know
		Purchase, Prevention & food	
		Adulteration.	
		Socio – Cultural: -	
		Customs – taboos	Desirable to
			know
		Marriage System	Good to know
		Family Structure	Good to know
		Status of Special group's females,	Must Know
		Children, elderly challenged groups and	
		cock person.	
		➤ Life style	Good to know
		> Hygiene	Must Know
		, ,	WIUST IXIIOW
		Physical Activity	Must Know
		Recreation and Sleep	
		> Sexual Life	Must Know
		Spiritual life philosophy	Desirable to
			know
		➤ Self reliance	Desirable to
			know
		Dietary Pattern	Must Know
		➤ Education	Desirable to
			know
		Occupation	Desirable to
		1	know
		Financial Management	
		> Income	Desirable to
		,	know
		➤ Budget	Desirable to
		/ Budget	know
		Purchasing Power	Desirable to
		r dichasing rower	know
		Samurity.	Must Know
TIT	10	> Security	Wiust Kilow
III	10	Epidemiology	M
		➤ Definition, concept, aims, & cope, used	Must Know
		and terminology used in epidemiology.	3.6
		Dynamics & disease	Must Know
		Tran & mission: epidemiologic triad.	Must Know
		Morbidity and mortality measurements.	Must Know
		Levels & Prevention.	Must Know
		Methods & Epidemiology of;	
		Descriptive	Must Know
		Analytical	Must Know
		> Experimental	Must Know
IV	25	Epidemiology and Nursing management of	
		common communicable discuses,	
		- Respiratory infections	
		➤ Small Pox, Chicken pox, Measles	Must Know
	<u> </u>	position position process and process are processed as a process and process are processed as a process and processed as a process are processed as a proces	

		➤ Influenza, Rubella, ARI & Pneumonia,	Must Know
		Mumps, Diphtheria.	Must Know
		Whooping cough, Meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis, SARS.	Wiust Kilow
		 Internal infections 	
		Poliomyelitis, viral hepatitis, cholera,	Must Know
		Diarrhoeal, Diseases, Typhoid fever, Food	TVIGST INTO V
		poisoning, Amoediasis, Hookworm	
		infestation Ascariasis, Dranculosis.	
		Arthropod Infection	
		Dengue, malaria and filariasis.	Must Know
		> Zoo noses.	Must Know
		Viral	March IZ a see
		Radies yellow fever, Japnese encephalitis, kyasnur forest disease.	Must Know
		Bacterial	
		➤ Brucellosis, Plague, Anthrox,	Must Know
		Salmonellosis, Leprospirosis.	111000 11110 //
		Rickettsial diseases.	
		Rickettsial Zoonoses, Scrub typhus,	Must Know
		murine typhus, Ticktyphos & fever.	
		Parasotic Zoo noses	
		Taeniasis, Hydatid diseases,	Good to know
		Leishmamiasis.	
		Surface infection ➤ Trachoma, tetanus, leprosy, STD & RTI,	Must Know
		yaws, HIV, AIDS.	Widst Know
V	10	Epidemiology and Nursing management of non	
•	10	Communicable diseases.	
		 Malnutrition: under nutrition, over 	Must Know
		nutrition, nutritional deficiencies.	
		Anemia, Hypertension, Stroke.	Must Know
		 Rheumatic: Heart disease coronary heart 	Must Know
		disease, Cancer, diabetes mellitus, Blindness,	
		Accidents, Mental illness, Obesity, Iodine,	
VI	6	deficiency, Flurosis. Demography	<u> </u>
V 1		Definition, Concept and Scope.	Good to Know
		Methods of collection, Analysis and	Must Know
		interpretation & graphical representation	
		of data.	
		Demographic rates and ratios.	Must Know
VII	17	Population & Control	
		> Population explosion and its impact on	Desirable 4-
		social, economics, development of	Desirable to Know
		individual Society and Country. Population Controlling	MIOW
		> Over all development, women	Good to know
		empowerment Social, economic and	COOG TO KHOW
		educational development.	
		*	

Limiting family size	
Promotion & Small family norm.	Must Know
Methods & family planning Sparing creatural, biological Chemical.	Must Know
> Terminal Surgical Methods	Must Know
Emergency Contraceptives.	Must Know

Subject: - Community Health Nursing - I Practical

COURSE DESCRIPTION: - This course is designed for students to appreciate the principals of promotion and maintenance of Health.

Areas	Skills
Community Health Nursing.	W Use Techniques of interpersonal relationship
	× Identification of health determinants of
	co0mmunity.
	History of taking Discourse to a serious seri
	* Physical examination.
	* Collect specimens-sputum, Malaria smear.
	Perform simple lab tests at center – blood for
	Haemoglobin and sugar, urine for albumin and
	sugar.
	* Administer vaccines and medications to adults.
	Counsel and teach individual, family and
	community
	 Nutrition
	Hygiene
	 Self health Monitoring
	 Seeking health services
	 Healthy life style
	 Family welfare methods
	Health promotion

SUBJECT: - COMMUNICATION & EDUCATION TECHNOLOGY

THEORY – 90 HOURS, PRACTICAL – 30 HOURS

Course Description: - This course is designed to help the students acquire and understanding of the principles and methods of communication and teaching. It helps to develop skill in communicating effectively, maintaining effective interpersonal relations, teaching Individuals and Group in Clinical, community health and Educational setting.

Learning objectives: - At the end of the course, the students will be able to,

- 1. Describe the communication process, identify techniques of effective communication.
- 2. Establish effective inter- personal relations with patients, families and coworkers.
- 3. Develop effective human relations in context of nursing.
- 4. Develop basic skill of counseling and guidance.
- 5. Describe the philosophy and principles of education, explain the teaching learning process.
- 6. Demonstrate teaching skill using various teaching methods in clinical, classroom and community settings.
- 7. Prepare and use different types of educational media effectively.
- 8. Prepare different types of questions for assessment of knowledge, skills and attitudes.
- 9. Teach individuals, groups and communities about health with their active participation.
- 10. Incorporate evidence based nursing education in communication and education technology

The above objectives can be fulfilled by implementing EBES depending upon the level of knowledge required:

- **Knowledge level:-** Students should be facilitated by didactic lectures and evidence searching exercises for the same (**Good to Know category**)
- Analyze: Theory classes should incorporate recent evidences. (Desirable to Know category)
- **Application:** Tutorials and demonstrations based on all steps of Evidence Based Decision Making. (**Must Know category**)

Unit Time	Content	Distributio
(Hrs)		
Th. Pr.		

I	5		Review of Communication Process: -	
1			> Process; elements and channel.	Good to know
			Facilitators	Good to know
			Barriers and methods of overcoming	Good to know
			> Techniques	Good to know
			> Application of evidence-based nursing	Desirable to know
			practice on barriers and methods of	Desirable to know
			communication (Group assignment)	
II	5			
11	3		Interpersonal relations: - ➤ Purpose & types	Good to know
			> Phases	Good to know
			> Barriers & methods of overcoming	Good to know
			> Johari window	Good to know
III	5		Human relations: -	Good to know
1111	3		► Understanding self	Must know
			Social behavior, motivation, social	Must know
			attitudes.	MIUSI KIIUW
			➤ Individual and groups	Must know
			> Groups & individual	Must know
			Human relations in context of Nursing	Must know
			> Group dynamics	Must know
			> Team work	Must know
			> Incorporation of evidence-based nursing	Desirable to know
			education in understanding human	Desirable to know
			relation (Small group assignment)	
IV	10	5	Guidance & counseling: -	
			➤ Definition	Must know
			Purpose, scope and need	Must know
			> Basic principles	Must know
			Organization of counseling services	Must know
			Type of counseling approaches.	Must know
			Role and preparation of counselor	Must know
			Issues for counseling in nursing: students	Must know
			and practitioners.	
			Counseling process – steps & techniques,	Must know
			tools of counselor.	
			Guidance & counseling: -	
			Managing disciplinary problems	Must know
			Management of crisis & referral	Must know
			Develop and apply evidence- based	Desirable to know
			practice in guidance and counseling	
			(Group interaction)	
V	5		Principles of education & teaching learning	
			process: -	N. 4.1
			Education: meaning, philosophy, aims,	Must know
			functions & principles.	M4 1
			Nature and characteristics of learning,	Must know
			Principles and maxims of teaching,Formulating objectives; general and	Must know
•			Forminating objectives, deneral and	Must know
				TVIGST IIIIO VV
			specific.	
				Must know Must know

			 Demonstrate evidence- based nursing in teaching learning process (Group assignment) 	Desirable to know
VI	10	10	Methods of teaching: -	
VI	10	10	Lecture, demonstration, group discussion, seminar symposium, panel discussion, role play, project, field trip, workshop, exhibition, programmed, instruction, computer assisted learning, micro teaching problem based learning, self instructional	Must know
			module and simulation etc. Clinical teaching methods: case methods, nursing rounds & reports, bedside clinic, conference (individual & group) process recording.	Must know
			Methods of teaching: -	
			Demonstration of all methods of teaching,	Must know
			> Develop and demonstrate the skills	Desirable to know
			incorporating evidence- based nursing in methods of teaching (role play on different methods of teaching)	
VII	10	8	Educational media: -	
			 Purposes & types of A.V. Aids, principles and sources etc. 	Must know
			Graphic aids: chalk board, chart, graph, poster, flash, cards, flannel graph, bulletin, and cartoon.	Must know
			Three dimensional aids: Objects, specimens, models, puppets.	Must know
			Printed aids: pamphlets & leaflets	Must know
			Projected Aids: slides, overhead projectors, films, TV, VCR/VCD, camera,	Must know
			microscope, LCD.Audio aids: tape recorder, public address system.	Must know
			Computer.Application of evidence-based nursing	Must know Desirable to know
			practice in use of A.V. aids(Group	
* ****		_	presentation)	
VIII	5	7	Assessment: -	Must la ser
			Purpose & scope of evaluation & assessment.	Must know
			 Criteria for selection of assessment techniques and methods. 	Must know
			 Assessment of knowledge: essay type questions, Short answer questions (SAQ) Multiple choice questions (MCQ) 	Must know
			Assessment: -	
			Assessment of skills: observation	Must know
			checklist, practical exam, Viva, Objective structured clinical examination (OSCE).	
			➤ Assessment of attitudes: Attitude scales.	Must know

		> Apply evidence- based education in	Desirable to know
		assessment techniques(Group	
		demonstration)	
IX	5	Information, Education & communication for	
		health (IEC): -	
		Health behavior & health education.	Good to know
		Planning for health education.	Must know
		Health education with individuals, groups	Must know
		& communities.	
		Communicating health messages.	Must know
		Methods & media for communicating	Must know
		health messages	
		Using mass media.	Must know
		Identify, demonstrate and practice of	Desirable to know
		evidence- based nursing education in	
		IEC(Group assignment)	

SYLLABUS FOR EVIDENCE BASED NURSING EDUCATION <u>Course for 2nd Year B.Sc. Nursing</u>

COURSE CONTENT:-

THEORY:	15hrs
1) Past, present and future challenges in EBNES.	1hr
2) Appraising the evidence and formulating research question.	4hrs
3) Review of advance search engine / filters e.g MEDLINE, CINHAL etc.	3hrs
4) Levels of evidences.	2hrs
5) PICO method.	2hrs
6) Innovations and lifelong learning.	2hrs
7) Ethical aspects in EBN.	1hr

PRACTICAL (ASSIGNMENT):

10hrs

- 1) Searching net based on the identified research problem
- 2) Interaction with patients and writing the observational experience.

3) Formulating questions.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS:--

Total Marks:-- 50 Marks
Theory: - 20 Marks
Practical (Assignment): - 30 Marks

GUIDELINES:--

Theory:- 20 Marks

1) Theory and Practical exam for EBNE to be conducted as college exam and marks to be sent to the university for including in the mark sheet

2) 1 Hr question paper containing one long essay 10 marks & Two short essay (2x5=10 Marks)

Practical (Assignment):-

30 Marks

1) Marks will be given for all the three assignments. Each assignment will carry 10 marks

Passing Grade: - Student is said to be passed up to Grade "C".

GRADE	RANGE OF MARKS
A.	More than 45
B.	36 to 45
C.	25 to 35
D.	Less than 25.

B.Sc. NURSING THIRD YEAR

SUBJECT: - MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING – II (ADULT INCLUDING GERIATRICS)

THEORY – 120 HOURS, PRACTICAL – 270 HOURS

Course Description: - The purpose of this course is to acquire, develop attitude and proficiency in caring for patient with Medical and Surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home

Learning Objectives: - At the end of the course, the students will be able to,

- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with disorders of ear, nose and throat.
- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with disorders of eye.
- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with disorders of neurological systems.
- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with disorders of female reproductive system.
- Describe the concepts of reproductive health and family welfare programme.
- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with disorders of oncological disorders.
- Describe organization of emergency and disaster services.
- Describe the role of nurse in disaster management.
- Explain the concept and problems of aging.
- Describe nursing care of the elderly.
- Describe organization of critical care units.
- Describe the role of nurse in managements of patients with critical care units.
- Describe the common signs, symptoms, problems and their specific nursing interventions with industrial health disorders
- Developing evidence base education system into practice.

The above objectives can be fulfilled by implementing EBES,

- **Knowledge:-** Students should be facilitated by didactic lectures and evidence searching exercises for the same (**Good to Know category**)
- Analyze: Theory classes should incorporate recent evidences. (Desirable to Know category)
- Application: Tutorials and demonstrations based on all steps of Evidence Based
 Decision Making. (Must Know category)

Unit	Time	Content	
	(Hrs)		
I	15	Nursing management of patient with disorders of Ear Nose	Distribution
		and Throat: -	

		➤ Review of anatomy and Physiology of the Ear Nose	Good to know
		and Throat –	Good to know
		➤ Nursing Assessment – History and Physical	Must know
		assessment.	
		> Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical	Must know
		manifestations, diagnosis.	
		Treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing	
		management of Ear Nose and Throat disorders:	
		* External ear: deformities otalgia, foreign	Must know
		bodies, and tumours.	
		* Middle Ear – Impacted wax, Tympanic	Must know
		membrane perforation, otitis media,	
		Otosclerosis, mastoiditis, tumours.	
		X Inner ear – Meniere's Disease, labyrinthitis,	Must know
		ototoxicity, tumours.	
		Upper airway infection – Common code,	Must know
		sinusitis and adenoiditis, peritonsilar	
		abscess, laryngitis.	3.6
		Upper respiratory airway – epistaxis,	Must know
		➤ Nasal obstruction, laryngeal obstruction, cancer of	Must know
		the larynx Concer of the oral cavity	Must know
		Cancer of the oral cavitySpeech defects and speech therapy.	Must know
		Speech defects and speech therapy.Deafness –	Good to know
		Prevention, control and rehabilitation	Must know
		 Hearing Aids, implanted hearing devices 	Good to know
		Special therapies	Desirable to know
		Nursing Procedures	Must know
		Drugs used in treatment of disorders of Ear Nose and Throat.	Good to know
		Role of nurse Communicating with hearing impaired and	Must know
		muteness.	
		Research evidence for management of patients with skin, ear,	Desirable to know
		nose, throat infections	
II	15	Nursing Management of patient with disorders of eye: -	
		Review of anatomy and physiology of the eye –	Good to know
		➤ Nursing Assessment – History and physical	Must know
		assessment	
		Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical	
		manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities	
		and medical & surgical nursing management of eye disorders:	
		Refractive errors	Must know
		* Eyelids – infection, tumours and	Must know
		deformities	Widst Kilo W
		 Conjunctiva – inflammation and infection, 	Must know
		bleeding.	
		Cornea – inflammation and infection	Must know
		X Lens – Cataracts	Must know
			Must know
		X Disorder of the uveal tract,	Must know
		* Ocular tumours	Must know
		× Disorders of posterior chamber and retina:	Must know

		Retinal and vitreous problems.	
		Retinal detachment	Must know
		Coular emergencies and their prevention.	Must know
		Blindness	Must know
		National blindness control program	Good to know
		× Eye Banking	Desirable to know
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Desirable to know
		J · F	Must know
		Role of a nurse – Communication with visually impaired	Must know
		patient, Eye camps	D
		Special therapies	Desirable to know
		Nursing Procedures	Must know
		Drugs used in treatment of disorders of eye.	Good to know
***	1.5	Research evidence for interventions for eye disorders.	Desirable to know
III	16	Nursing management of patient with neurological	
		disorders: -	
		Review of anatomy and physiology of the	Good to know
		neurological system	
		➤ Nursing Assessment – History and Physical and	Must know
		neurological assessment and Glasgow coma scale.	
		➤ Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations,	Must know
		diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical &	
		surgical nursing management of neurological	
		disorders	
		Congenital malformation	Must know
		Headache	Must know
		Head Injuries	Must know
		Spinal Injuries:	
		X Paraplegia	Must know
		* Hemiplegia	Must know
		X Quadraplegia	Must know
		> Spinal cord compression – herniation of	Must know
		intervertebral disc.	
		Tumours of the brain & spainal cord	Must know
		Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms	Must know
		> Infections:	
		Meningities, Encephalitis, Brain abscess,	Must know
		neurocysticercosis	
		➤ Movement disorders	
		× Chorea	Must know
		× Seizures	Must know
		* Epilepsies	Must know
		Cerebro Vascular accidents (CVA)	Must know
		Cranial, Spinal Neuropathies – Bell's palsy,	Must know
		trigeminal neuralgia	3.6
		➤ Peripheral Neuropathies; Guillain – Barr'e	Must know
		Syndrome	3.6 . 1
		Myasthenia gravis	Must know
		Multiple sclerosis	Must know
		➤ Degenerative diseases	N. 6.1
		× Delirium	Must know
		× Dementia	Must know
		Alzheimer's disease	Must know

		× Parkinson's disease	Must know
		➤ Management of unconscious patient and patients	Must know
		with stroke	
		➤ Role of the nurse in communicating with patient	Must know
		having neurological deficit	
		Rehabilitation of patient with neurological deficit	Must know
		Role of nurse in long stay facility (institutions) and at home	D 111 (1
		Special therapies	Desirable to know
		Nursing Procedures Drugs used in treatment of neurological disorders.	Must know Good to know
		PICO on neurological problems, research evidence for	Desirable to know
		interventions for CVA, CNS disorders, etc.	Desirable to know
IV	16	Nursing management of patient of patients with disorders	
	10	of female reproductive: -	
		Review of anatomy and physiology of the female	Good to know
		reproductive system	
		➤ Nursing Assessment – History and physical	Must know
		assessment	
		Breast Self Examination	Must know
		➤ Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations,	Must know
		diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical &	
		Surgical nursing management of disorders of female	
		reproductive system.	M 1
		Congenital abnormalities of female reproductive	Must know
		System. Sexuality and Reproductive Health	Must know
		Sexual Health Assessment	Must know
		 Menstrual Disorders; Dysmenorrhea, Amenorrhea, 	Must know
		Premenstrual Syndrome.	TVIGST INTO V
		➤ Abnormal Uterine Bleeding; Menorrhagia,	Must know
		Metrorrhagia.	
		Pelvic Inflammatory Disease –	Must know
		➤ Ovarian and fallopian tube disorders; infection,	Must know
		cysts, tumours	
		➤ Uterine and cervical disorders; Endometriosis,	Must know
		polyps, Fibroids, Cervical and uterine tumours,	
		uterine displacement, Cystocele / Urethrocele /	
		Rectocele. > Vaginal disorders; Infections and Discharges,	Must know
		Fistulas	IVIUSI KIIUW
		Valvur disorders; Infections, cysts, tumours	Must know
		 Diseases of breasts; Deformities, Infections, Cysts 	Must know
		and tumours	
		Menopause and Hormonal Replacement Therapy	Must know
		➤ Infertility	Must know
		> Contraception; Types Methods, Risk and	
		effectiveness	
		× Spacing Methods	Must know
		Barrier methods, Intra Uterine	
		Devices, Hormonal, Post	
		Conceptional Methods, etc.	Must know
		× Terminal Methods	Must know

		♥ Sterilization	
		Emergency Contraception methods.	Must know
		➤ Abortion – Nature, Medical and Surgical abortion –	Must know
		MTP Act.	
		Toxic Shock syndrome.	Must know
		➤ Injuries and Trauma; sexual violence	Must know
		Special therapies	Desirable to know
		Nursing Procedures	Must know
		Drugs used in treatment of gynecological disorders National	Good to know
		family welfare programme.	Good to know
		Research evidence for interventions for genital tract infections.	Desirable to know
		Evidence based protocols for syndromic case management	Desirable to know
			Desirable to know
V	10	•	
		Nursing management of patient with Burns, reconstructive	
		and cosmetic surgery: -	
		➤ Review of anatomy and physiology of the skin and	Good to know
		connective tissues and various deformities.	
		➤ Nursing Assessment – History and physical	Must know
		assessment and electrolyte loss.	
		Etiology, Classification, Pathophysiology, clinical	Must know
		manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and	
		medical & Surgical nursing management of Burns	
		and Re – constructive and Cosmetic surgery;	
		➤ Types of Re – constructive and Cosmetic Surgery;	Must know
		for burns, congenital deformities, injuries and	Widst Kilow
		cosmetic purposes.	
		Role o0f Nurse	Must know
		> Legal aspects	Must know
		Rehabilitation	Must know
			Desirable to know
		> Special therapies	Desirable to know
		× Psycho social aspects	M
		Nursing Procedures	Must know
		Drugs used in treatment of Burns,	Good to know
		Reconstructive and cosmetic surgery.	Good to know
		Research evidence for management of burns patients	Desirable to know
		Study on effectiveness of parkland formula	Desirable to know
VI	10	Nursing management of patients with oncological	
1	10	conditions: -	
		Structure & characteristics of normal & cancer cells.	Must know
		Nursing assessment – History and physical	Must know
		assessment.	Widst Kilow
		➤ Prevention, Screening, Early detection, Warning	Must know
		signs of cancer.	TATUST KITOW
		➤ Epidemiology, Etiology, Classification,	Must know
		pathophysiology, Staging, clinical manifestations,	TATUSE KITO W
		diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical &	
		surgical nursing management of oncological	
		conditions.	Must Imorr
		Common malignancies of various body systems;	Must know
		Oral, larynx, lung, Stomach and Colon, Liver,	

Leukemia's and lymphomas, Breast, Cervix, Ovary, Uterus, Sarcoma, Brain, Renal, Bladder, Prostate etc. > Oncological emergences > Modalities of treatment
etc. > Oncological emergences > Modalities of treatment * Immunotherapy * Chemotherapy * Radiotherapy * Surgical Interventions * Stem cell and Bone marrow transplants * Gene therapy * Other forms of treatment > Phychosocial aspects of cancer Rehabilitation Palliative care; Symptom and pain Management, Nutritional support. Home care Hospital care Stomal Therapy Special therapies Special therapies PiCO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy PiCO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy Research evidence on interventions of cancer Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
> Oncological emergences > Modalities of treatment
> Modalities of treatment X
> Modalities of treatment X
X Immunotherapy X Chemotherapy X Radiotherapy X Radiotherapy X Surgical Interventions X Stem cell and Bone marrow transplants X Gene therapy X Other forms of treatment Y Phychosocial aspects of cancer Y Rehabilitation Y Palliative care; Symptom and pain Management, Nutritional support. Y Home care Y Hospital
* Chemotherapy * Radiotherapy * Surgical Interventions * Stem cell and Bone marrow transplants * Gene therapy * Other forms of treatment > Phychosocial aspects of cancer > Rehabilitation > Palliative care; Symptom and pain Management, Nutritional support. > Home care > Hospital care > Stomal Therapy > Special therapies * Psycho social aspects > Nursing procedures > PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy > Research evidence on interventions of cancer Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
* Radiotherapy * Surgical Interventions * Stem cell and Bone marrow transplants * Gene therapy * Other forms of treatment > Phychosocial aspects of cancer > Rehabilitation > Palliative care; Symptom and pain Management, Nutritional support. > Home care > Hospital care > Stomal Therapy > Special therapies * Psycho social aspects > Nursing procedures > PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy > Research evidence on interventions of cancer Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
* Surgical Interventions * Stem cell and Bone marrow transplants * Gene therapy * Other forms of treatment > Phychosocial aspects of cancer > Rehabilitation Palliative care; Symptom and pain Management, Nutritional support. > Home care > Hospital care > Hospital care > Stomal Therapy Special therapies * Psycho social aspects > Nursing procedures > PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy > Research evidence on interventions of cancer Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
* Stem cell and Bone marrow transplants * Gene therapy * Other forms of treatment > Phychosocial aspects of cancer > Rehabilitation > Palliative care; Symptom and pain Management, Nutritional support. > Home care > Hospital care > Stomal Therapy Special therapies * Psycho social aspects > Nursing procedures > PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy > Research evidence on interventions of cancer Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
* Gene therapy * Other forms of treatment Phychosocial aspects of cancer Rehabilitation Palliative care; Symptom and pain Management, Nutritional support. Home care Hospital care Stomal Therapy Special therapies Psycho social aspects Nursing procedures PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy Research evidence on interventions of cancer Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
** Other forms of treatment > Phychosocial aspects of cancer > Rehabilitation Palliative care; Symptom and pain Management, Nutritional support. > Home care > Hospital care > Stomal Therapy > Special therapies ** Psycho social aspects > Nursing procedures > PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy > Research evidence on interventions of cancer Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
 Phychosocial aspects of cancer Rehabilitation Palliative care; Symptom and pain Management, Nutritional support. Home care Hospital care Stomal Therapy Special therapies Psycho social aspects Nursing procedures PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy Research evidence on interventions of cancer Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
 Rehabilitation Palliative care; Symptom and pain Management, Nutritional support. Home care Hospital care Stomal Therapy Special therapies Psycho social aspects Nursing procedures PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy Research evidence on interventions of cancer Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
Palliative care; Symptom and pain Management, Nutritional support. → Home care → Hospital care → Stomal Therapy → Special therapies → Psycho social aspects → Nursing procedures → PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy → Research evidence on interventions of cancer Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
Nutritional support. Home care Hospital care Stomal Therapy Special therapies Psycho social aspects Nursing procedures Nursing procedures PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy Research evidence on interventions of cancer Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
Nutritional support. Home care Hospital care Stomal Therapy Special therapies Yespecial therapies Nursing procedures PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy Research evidence on interventions of cancer Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
➤ Hospital care Good to know ➤ Stomal Therapy Good to know ➤ Special therapies Desirable to know ※ Psycho social aspects Must know ➤ Nursing procedures Must know ➤ PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy Desirable to know ➤ Research evidence on interventions of cancer Desirable to know VII 10 Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
Stomal Therapy Special therapies Psycho social aspects Nursing procedures PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy Research evidence on interventions of cancer Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
Stomal Therapy Special therapies Psycho social aspects Nursing procedures PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy Research evidence on interventions of cancer Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
 Special therapies × Psycho social aspects Nursing procedures ► PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy ► Research evidence on interventions of cancer VII 10 Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
 X Psycho social aspects Nursing procedures PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy Pesirable to known Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
 Nursing procedures PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy Research evidence on interventions of cancer VII 10 Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
▶ PICO: Radiation therapy Vs Chemotherapy Desirable to know Desirable to
VII 10 Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
VII 10 Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & DISASTER situations: -
I Degetar Mircing _
Concepts and principles of Disaster Nursing Good to know
Concepts and principles of Disaster Natural and Man Good to know Causes and Types of Disaster: Natural and Man Good to know
- made
× Earthquakes, Floods, Epidemics, Cyclones
Earthquakes, Ploods, Epidelines, Cyclones Fire, Explosion, Accidents
' E '
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
➤ Policies related to emergency / disaster Good to know
management; International, national, state,
institutional.
Disaster Preparedness: Good to know
Team, Guidelines, Protocols, equipments, Good to know
Resources.
Coordination and involvement of; Community, Good to know
various govt. department, non – govt. Organizations
and International agencies
Role of nurse: working Must know
Legal Aspects of Disaster Nursing. Must know
Impact on Health and after effects; post Traumatic Good to know
Stress Disorder.
Rehabilitation; Physical, psychosocial, Financial, Good to know
Relocation
Emergency Nursing

	Concept, Priorities, Principles and Scope of	Good to know
	emergency nursing.	Good to know
	Organization of emergency services: Physical setup,	Good to know
		Good to know
	staffing, equipment and supplies, protocols,	
	Concepts of triage and role of triage nurse.	C 1. 1
	Coordination and involvement of different	Good to know
	departments and facilities.	3.6
	➤ Nursing Assessment – History and physical	Must know
	assessment	
	➤ Etiology, Pathology, Clinical manifestations,	Must know
	diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical &	
	Surgical nursing management of patient with	
	medical and surgical Emergency	
	Principles of emergency management	Must know
	➤ Common Emergency	Good to know
	Respiratory Emergency	Must know
	Cardiac Emergency	Must know
	Shock and Haemorrhage	Must know
	➤ Pain	Must know
	➤ Poly – Trauma, road accidents, crush injuries,	Must know
	wound	
	➤ Bites	Must know
	➤ Poisoning; Food, Gas, Drugs & chemical poisoning	Must know
	> Seizures	Must know
	➤ Thermal Emergency; Heat stroke & Cold injuries	Must know
	Pediatric Emergency	Must know
	Psychiatric Emergency	Must know
	Obstetrical Emergency	Must know
	Violence, Abuse, Sexual assault	Must know
	Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation	Must know
	Crisis Intervention	Must know
	➤ Role of the nurses: Communication and Inter	Must know
	Personal Relations	
	➤ Medico – Legal Aspects	Must know
	Evidence based protocols for code blue/CPR	Desirable to know
	r	
VIII	Nursing care of the elderly: -	
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Nursing Assessment – History and Physical	Must know
	Assessment	Widst Kilow
	> Ageing	Good to know
	Demography; Myths and realities	Good to know
	Concepts and theories of ageing	Good to know
	Cognitive Aspects of Ageing > Cognitive Aspects of Ageing	Good to know
	 Normal biological ageing 	Good to know
	➤ Age related body systems changes	Must know
	Age related body systems changesPsychosocial aspects of aging	Must know
	Psychosocial aspects of agingMedications and elderly	Good to know
	•	Must know
	Stress & coping in older adults Common Health Problems & Nursing Management:	Must know
	Cordiovescular Pospiratory Musculoskeletel	Must know
	Cardiovascular, Respiratory, Musculoskeletal,	Must know
	➤ Endocrine, genito— urinary, gastrointestinal	MINST KIIOM

		Normalogical alvin and other Comment	
		> Neurological, skin and other Sensory organs	Mma4 1
		Psychosocial and Sexual Abuse of aldedu	Must know
		* Abuse of elderly	Must know
		Role of nurse for race of elderly: ambulation,	Must know
		Nutritional, Communicational, Psychosocial and	
		spiritual	3.5
		Role of Nurse for caregivers of elderly	Must know
		➤ Role of family and formal and non formal	Must know
		caregivers.	
		➤ Use of aids and Prosthesis (hearing aids, dentures)	Must know
		➤ Legal & Ethical Issues.	Must know
		Provisional and Programmes for elderly; Privileges,	Must know
		community Programs and health services;	
		Home and instructional care.	Must know
		➤ Research evidence on management of geriatric	Desirable to know
		disorders	
IX	10	Nursing management of patient in critical care units: -	
		Nursing Assessment - History and Physical	Must know
		assessment	
		Classification	Must know
		Principles of critical care nursing	Must know
		> Organization; Physical setup, Policies, staffing	Must know
		norms,	
		➤ Protocols, equipments; ventilators, cardiac monitors	Must know
		defibrillators,	
		Resuscitation equipments	Good to know
		Infection Control Protocols	Must know
		Nursing management of critically ill patient;	Must know
		Monitoring of critically ill patient	Must know
		CPR – Advance Cardiac Life support	Must know
		➤ Treatments and procedures.	Must know
		> Transitional care	Good to know
		Ethical and Legal aspects	Must know
		Communication with patient and family	Must know
		➤ Intensive care records	Must know
		Crisis Intervention	Must know
		➤ Death and Dying – coping with Drugs used in	Must know
		critical care unit.	
		Evidence based protocols for CPR	Desirable to know
X	8	Nursing management of patients adult including elderly	Table 10 Into W
		with Occupational and Industrial disorders: -	
		➤ Nursing Assessment – History and Physical	Must know
		assessment.	TATUSE KITOW
		Etiology, Pathophysiology, Clinical manifestations,	Must know
		diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical &	TTUST KHOW
		surgical nursing management of occupational and	
		industrial health disorders	
		Role of nurse	Must know
		Special therapies, alternative therapies	Good to know
		Nursing procedures	Must know
		Drugs used in treatment of Occupational and Industrial	Good to know

disorders. Research evidence on effectiveness of alternative therapies of occupational disorders	Desirable to know

SUBJECT: - MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING – II (PRACTICAL) (ADULT AND GERIATRICS)

THEORY - 120 HOURS, PRACTICAL - 270 HOURS, INTERNSHIP - 430 HOURS

COURSE DESCRIPTION: - The purpose of this course is to acquire, develop attitude and proficiency in caring for patient with Medical and Surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home

Areas	Skills to be developed	
ENT	× Perform examination of ear, nose and throat	
	× Assist with diagnostic procedures	
	× Assist with therapeutic procedures.	
	× Instillation of drops	
	× Perform / assist with irrigations.	
	× Apply ear bandage	
	× Perform tracheostomy care	
	× Teach patient and families	
	× Incorporating evidence based nursing care	
Ophtha-	× Perform examination of eye	
mology	Assist with diagnostic procedures	
	Assist with therapeutic procedures	
	× Perform / assist with irrigations.	
	× Apply eye bandage	
	× Apply eye drops / ointments	
	* Assist with foreign body removal.	
	* Teach patients and families	
	 Developing evidence based nursing practice 	
Neurology	Perform Neurological	
	* Examination	
	× Use Glasgow coma scale	
	Assist with diagnostic procedures	
	Assist with therapeutic procedures	
	* Teach patient & families	
	× Participate in rehabilitation program	
	Searching evidence for interventions of neurological disorders	
Gynecology	Assist with gynecological	
ward	× Examination	
	Assist with diagnostic procedures	
	× Assist with therapeutic procedures	
	* Teach patients families	
	* Teaching self Breast Examination	
	* Assist with PAP smear collection.	
	× Moulding the attitude of students towards evidenced based nursing care	
Burns Unit	Assessment of the burns patient	
	Percentage of burns	
	Degree of burns	
	× Fluid & Electrolyte replacement therapy	
	> Assess	
	➤ Calculate	
	> Replace	

	Record intake / output
	X Care of burn wounds
	> Bathing
	Dressing
	× Perform active & passive exercises
	× Practice medical & surgical asepsis
	Counsel & Teach patients and families
	Participate in rehabilitation program
	Incorporating evidence based nursing care
Oncology	Screen for common cancers – TNM Classification
Unit	Assist with diagnostic procedures
	Biopsies
	➤ Pap smear
	➤ Bone marrow aspiration
	Breast examination
	Assist with therapeutic procedures
	× Participates in various modalities of treatment
	> Chemotherapy
	> Radiotherapy
	➤ Pain Management
	> Stomaltherapy
	➤ Hormonal therapy
	> Immuno therapy
	Gene therapy
	> Alternative therapy
	Participate in palliative care
	Counsel and teach patient families
	> Self Breast Examination
	Warning signs
	Participate in rehabilitation program
G ::: 1	Developing evidence based oncological nursing care
Critical care	Monitoring of patients in ICU
unit	X Maintain flow sheet
	X Care of patient on ventilators
	Perform Endotracheal suction
	× Demonstrates use of ventilators, cardiac monitors etc.
	Collect specimens and interprets ABG analysis
	Assist with arterial puncture
	Maintain CPV line
	× Pulse oximetry
	× CPR – ALS
	× Defibrillators
	× Pace makers
	Bag – mask ventilation
	Emergency try / trolly – Crash Cart
	* Administration of drugs
	* Total parenteral therapy
	* Chest physiotherapy
	Perform active & passive exercises
	× Counsel the patient and family in dealing with grieving and
	bereavement
	Following evidence based protocols for CPR
	mg - man- cases protection for critical

Casualty /	× Practical 'triage'
Emergency	Assist with assessment, examination, investigations & their
	interpretations, in emergency and disaster situations
	Assist in documentations
	Assist in legal procedures in emergency unit
	× Participate in managing crowd
	X Counsel patient and families in grief and bereavement.
	 Developing evidence based protocols and SOPs for emergency
	care/procedures.
	X Searching/analyzing the systematic review and analysis of research
	study selected for evidence

Placement: - Internship

Time: - 9 weeks (260 HOURS)

Skills
Integrated Practice

<u>List of Clinical Assignments</u>

- 1 **Reports**
 - ENT OT
 - Burns OT
 - Ophthalmic OT
 - **Disaster Nursing**
 - Critical care unit
- 2 Nursing Care Plan - (5) 4 Case Study - (2)
- 5 Clinical Presentation - (2)
- 5 Drug profile
- 6 Procedure - (1) - (1)
- 7 Health Talk
- **Daily Diary** 8
- 9 Article Record

SUBJECT: - CHILD HEALTH NURSING (THEORY)

THEORY - 90 HOURS, PRACTICAL - 270 HOURS, INTERNSHIP - 145 HOURS

Course Description: - The purpose of this course is to acquire and develop an understanding of the modern approach to child care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health Problems of neonates and children.

Learning Objectives: - At the end of the course, the students will be able to,

Explain the modern concept of child care and the principles of child health 1.

- nursing. Describe national policy, programs and legislation in relation to child health and welfare. List major causes of death during infancy, early and late childhood. Describe the major functions and role of the pediatric nurse in caring for hospitalized child. Describe the principles of child health nursing.
- 2. Describe the normal growth and development of children in various age groups. Identify the needs of children at different age; identify the nutritional needs of children at different ages; appreciate the role of play for normal and sick children; appreciate the preventive measures and strategies for children.
- 3. Provide care to normal and high risk neonates; perform neonatal resuscitation; recognize and manage common neonatal problems.
- 4. Understand the concept and application of IMNCI programme.
- 5. Provide nursing care in common childhood diseases; identify measures to prevent common childhood diseases including immunization
- 6. Manage the child with behavioral and social problems; identify the social and welfare services for challenged children.
- 7. Incorporate evidence based nursing education in pediatric nursing care.
- 8. Apply evidence based nursing education in pediatric nursing care.

The above objectives can be fulfilled by implementing EBES,

- **Knowledge level:-** Students should be facilitated by didactic lectures and evidence searching exercises for the same (**Good to Know category**)
- Analyze: Theory classes should incorporate recent evidences. (Desirable to Know category)
- Application: Tutorials and demonstrations based on all steps of Evidence Based
 Decision Making. (Must Know category

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content	Distribution
I	15	ightarrow Introduction Modern concept of childcare: -	
		Internationally accepted rights of the Child	Good to know
		National policy and legislations in relation to child health and welfare.	Good to know
		National programmes related to child health and welfare.	Good to know
		➤ Changing trends in hospital care, preventive,	Good to know
		promotive and curative aspects and mortality rates.	Good to know
		Differences between an adult and child.	Must know
		Hospital environment for a sick child.	Must know
		Impact of hospitalization on the child and family.	Must know
		Grief and bereavement	Good to know
		➤ The role of Child health nurse in caring for a hospitalized child.	Must know
		Principles of pre and post operative care of infants and children.	Must know
		Child health nursing procedures.	Must know

		> Incorporate evidence searching for recent and modern concept of child care (Group assignment)	Desirable to know
II	20	→ The health child: -	
		Principles of growth and development.	Good to know
		Factors affecting growth & development from	Good to know
		birth to adolescence.	
		➤ Growth and development from birth to	Must know
		adolescence.	
		The needs of normal children through the	Good to know
		stage of developmental and parental guidance.	
		Nutritional needs of children & infants: breast	Must know
		feeding, exclusive breast feeding	1,10,00 11110 ,,
		supplementary / artificial feeding and weaning.	
		Baby friendly hospital concepts prevention.	Good to know
		Accidents: causes and prevention.	Good to know
		Value of play and selection of play material.	Good to know
		> Preventive immunization, immunization	Good to know
		programme and cold chain.	
		> Preventive pediatrics	Good to know
		Care of under five & under five clinics / well	Good to know
		baby clinic.	
		> Searching of evidences related to concepts	Good to know
		of growth and development. (Group	
		assignment)	
III	15	→ Nursing care of a neonate: -	
		➤ Nursing care of a normal newborn / essential	Must know
		newborn care.	
		Neonatal resuscitation	Must know
		Nursing management of a low birth weight	Must know
		baby.	3.6 1
		➤ Kangaroo mother care.	Must know
		Nursing management of common neonatal	Must know
		disorders.	Must Imovy
		> Organization of neonatal unit.	Must know Must know
		> Identification & nursing management of	Wiust Kilow
		common congenital malformations. > Integration of evidence based nursing	Desirable to know
		> Integration of evidence based nursing practice on the aspect of care of neonates (Desirable to know
		Group presentation)	
IV	10	→ Integrated management of neonatal and childhood	Must know
		illnesses(IMNCI): -	1.1300 11110 11
		→ Searching evidences for strategies of IMNCI	Desirable to know
		(Group assignment)	
V	20	→ Nursing management in common childhood	
		diseases: -	
		Nutritional deficiency disorders	Must know
		Respiratory disorders and infections	Must know
		➤ Gastrointestinal infection, infestations and	Must know
		congenital disorders.	
		➤ Cardio vascular problem: congenital defects	Must know

		and decreased force decreased boom discoss	March Ires over
		and rheumatic fever, rheumatic heart disease.	Must know
		➤ Genito – urinary disorders: acute glomerulo	
		nephritis, nephritic syndrome, Wilms tumor,	M
		infection and congenital disorders.	Must know
		➤ Neurological infections and disorders:	
		convulsions, epilepsy, meningitis,	3.6
		hydrocephalus, spina – bifida.	Must know
		➤ Hematological disorders: Anemias,	
		thalassemia, ITP, Leukemia, hemophilia	Must know
		Endocrine disorders: juvenile Diabetes	
		Mellitus	Must know
		Orthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation	
		and fracture.	Must know
		Disorders of skin eye and ears.	Must know
		➤ Common communicable diseases in children,	
		their identification, nursing management in	
		hospital and home and prevention.	Must know
		➤ Child health emergencies: poisoning, foreign,	
		bodies, hemorrhage, burns and drowning.	Must know
		Nursing care of infant and children with HIV /	
		AIDS.	Desirable to know
		Searching and application of evidence based	
		nursing management of children with	
		systemic illness (Small group assignment)	
VI	10	→ Management of behavioral & social problems in	
		children: -	
		➤ Management of common behavioural	Must know
		disorders.	
		Management of disorders psychiatric problems	Must know
		Management of challenged children: Mentally,	Must to know
		Physically, & socially challenged.	
		➤ Welfare service for challenged children in	Must know
		India.	
		Child guidance clinics.	Must know
		Searching and application of evidence based	Desirable to know
		nursing care of children with behavioral	
		and social problems (Group assignment)	

SUBJECT: - CHILD HEALTH NURSING (PRACTICAL)

PLACEMENT: - THIRD & FOURTH YEAR B. Sc. NURSING

PRACTICAL – 270 HOURS, **INTERNSHIP** – 145 HOURS

COURSE DESCRIPTION: - The purpose of this course is to acquire and develop an understanding of the modern approach to child care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health Problems of neonates and children.

Areas	Skills to be developed
Pediatric	* Taking Pediatric History
Medical Ward	 Physical examination and assessment of children
	* Administer of oral I/M & IV medicine/fluids
	 Calculation of fluids requirements
	X Prepare different strengths of I.V. fluids
	X Apply restraints
	★ Administer O₂ inhalation by different methods
	X Give baby bath
	X Feed children by katori, spoon, etc.
	X Collect specimen for common investigations
	 Assist with common diagnostic procedures
	X Teach mother/Parents
	Malnutrition
	Oral rehydration therapy
	Feeding & Weaning
	Immunization schedule

	Play therapy	
	Specific Disease conditions	
Pediatric	X Calculate, Prepare and administer I/V fluids	
Surgery Ward	× Do bowel wash	
	* Care for ostomies:	
	Colostomy irrigation	
	Ureterostomy	
	Gastrostomy	
	Enterostomy	
	* Urinary catheterization and drainage	
	* Feeding	
	➤ Naso – gastric	
	Gastrostomy	
	Jejunostomy	
	* Care of surgical wounds	
	Dressing	
	> Suture removal	
Pediatric OPD	* Assessment of children	
/	➤ Health assessment	
Immunization	> Development	
room.	Anthropometric assessment	
	* Immunization	
	* Health / Nutritional Education	
Pediatric	* Care of baby in incubator / warmer	
medicine and	* Care of a child on ventilator	
surgery ICU	Endotracheal suctionChest physiotherapy	
	Chest physiotherapy	
	* Administer fluids with infusion pump	
	* Total parenteral nutrition	
	* Phototherapy	
	* Monitoring of babies	
	× Cardio pulmonary resuscitation.	

Internship: -

Areas	Skills
Pediatric Medicine ward / ICU	Integrated Practice
Pediatric Surgery Ward / ICU	Integrated Practice
NICU	Integrated Practice

List of Clinical Assignment

- 1 Reports
 - Pediatric ICU
 - Immunization
 - NICU
 - OPD
 - OT
- 2 Nursing Care Plan Pediatric Ward (2)

3 Nursing Care Plan - NICU + PICU - (3)4 Case Study -(2)Clinical Presentation - (2) 5 Procedure - (2) 6 7 Health Talk - (1) 8 Daily Diary 9 Drug Book

SUBJECT: - MENTAL HEALTH NURSING (THEORY)

THEORY – 90 HOURS, PRACTICAL – 270 HOURS, INTERNSHIP – 95 HOURS

Course Description: - The purpose of this course is to acquire and develop an understanding of the modern approach to mental health, Identification, prevention and nursing, management of common mental health problems with special emphasis on therapeutic interventions for individuals, family and community.

Learning Objectives: - At the end of course, the student will be able to,

- 1) Describe the historical development and current trends in mental health nursing
- 2) Describe the epidemiology of mental health problems
- 3) Describe the National Mental Health Act, programmes and mental health policy
- 4) Discuss the scope of mental health nursing
- 5) Describe the concept of normal and abnormal behavior
- 6) Defines the various terms used in mental health nursing
- 7) Explain the classification of mental disorders
- 8) Explain psychodynamics of maladaptive behavior
- 9) Discuss the etiological factors, psychopathology of mental disorders
- 10) Explain the principles and standards of mental health nursing
- 11) Describe the conceptual models of mental health nursing
- 12) Describe nature, purpose and process of assessment of mental health status
- 13) Identify therapeutic communication techniques
- 14) Describe therapeutic relationship
- 15) Describe therapeutic impasse and its intervention
- 16) Explain treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders and role of nurse
- 17) Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders
- 18) Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with mood disorders
- 19) Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders
- 20) Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders

- 21) Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with personality, sexual and eating disorders
- 22) Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency
- 23) Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria and management of organic brain disorders.
- 24) Identify psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis intervention
- 25) Explain legal aspects applied in mental health setting and role of nurse
- 26) Describe the model of preventive psychiatry
- 27) Describe community mental health services and role of the nurse
- 28) Incorporate evidence based teaching learning activities in mental health nursing to strengthen nursing practice of students for quality and cost effectiveness of nursing care.

The above objectives can be fulfilled by implementing EBES,

- **Knowledge level:-** Students should be facilitated by didactic lectures and evidence searching exercises for the same (**Good to Know category**)
- Analyze: Theory classes should incorporate recent evidences. (Desirable to Know category)
- Application: Tutorials and demonstrations based on all steps of Evidence Based
 Decision Making. (Must Know category)

Unit	Time	Content	Distribution
	(Hrs)		
I	5	Introduction: -	
		Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental	Must know
		Health Nursing: evolution Mental Health	
		services, treatments and nursing practices.	
		Prevalence and incidence of mental health	Must know
		problems and disorders.	
		Mental Health Act.	Must know
		National Mental health policy vis a vis	Must know
		National Health Programme.	
		National Mental Health Programme	Must know
		Mental Health team	Must know
		Nature and scope of mental health nursing.	Must know
		➤ Role and functions of mental health nurse in	
		various setting and factors affecting the level	
		of nursing practice.	
		Concepts of normal and abnormal Behavior.	Must know
		Evidence based Studies related to the	Desirable to Know
		effectiveness of mental health programme	

II	5	Principles and Concepts of Mental Health Nursing:	
		 Definition: Mental Health Nursing and terminology used. 	Must know
		Classification of mental disorders: ICD.	Must know
		➤ Review of personality development, defense	Must know
		mechanisms.	
		Maladaptive behaviour of individuals and	Must know
		groups: stress, crisis and disaster(S)	
		Etiology: Bio – psycho – social factors	Must know
		Psychopathology of mental disorders:	
		review of structure and function of brain,	
		limbic system and abnormal neuro	
		transmission	Must know
		Principles of mental health NursingStandards of Mental Health Nursing	Must know
		practice.	Wiust Kilow
		Conceptual models and the role of nurse:	Must know
		* Existential Model	Good to Know
		Psycho – analytical models	Good to Know
		X Behaviour model	Good to Know
		X Interpersonal Model.	Good to Know
		> Search systematic review on abnormal	Desirable to Know
		neurotransmission and Mental illness.	
III	8	Assessment of mental health status: -	
		History taking	Must know
		Mental status examination	Must know
		Mini mental status examination	Must know
		Neurological examination: Review	Must know
		➤ Investigation: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI	Must know
		> Psychological tests Role and responsibilities	Must know
		of nurse.	Widde Kilo W
		Application of Evidence based nursing	Desirable to Know
		practice in Mental status examination.	
IV	6	Therapeutic communication and nurse – patient	
		relationship: -	M
		Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics.	Must know
		Types of relationship,	Must know
		Types of relationship,Ethics and responsibilities	Must know
		Elements of nurse patient contract	Must know
		Review of technique of IPR – Johari	
		Window	Must know
		Goals, Phases, tasks, therapeutic techniques.	
		Therapeutic impasse and its intervention.	Must know
		> Incorporate Evidence based nursing	Desirable to leave
V	14	practice on therapeutic communication Treatment modalities and therapies used in Mental	Desirable to know
"	14	disorders: -	
		> Psycho Pharmacology	Must know
L	ı	,	

		 Psychological therapies: Therapeutic community, psycho-analytical, cognitive and supportive, Family, Group, Behavioural, Play, Psycho-drama, Music, Dance, Recreational and Light therapy, Relaxation therapies: Yoga, Meditation, bio feedback. Alternative systems of medicine. Occupational therapy Physical Therapy: electro convulsive therapy. Geriatric considerations Role of nurse in above therapies. Application of Evidence based nursing practice on various treatment modalities. 	Must know Must know Must know Must know Must know Desirable to know
VI	5	Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia,	
		and other psychotic disorders: -	
		Classification ICD	Must know
		➤ Etiology, Psycho – Pathology, types, clinical	Must know
		manifestations, diagnosis.	
		Nursing Assessment – History, Physical and	Must know
		mental assessment.	
		Treatment modalities and nursing	Must know
		management of patients with Schizophrenia	
		and other psychotic disorders.	
		Geriatric considerations.	Must know
		Follow – up and home care and rehabilitation.	Must know
		> Application of Evidence based nursing	Wiust Kilow
		practice on management of patient with	Desirable to know
		schizophrenia.	
VII	5	Nursing management of patient with mood	
		disorders: -	
		Mood disorders: Bipolar affective disorders,	Must know
		Mania depression and dysthamia etc.	
		Etiology, Psycho – pathology, Clinical	
		manifestations, diagnosis.	Must know
		➤ Nursing Assessment – History Physical and	3.6
		mental assessment.	Must know
		Treatment modalities and nursing	Marat langua
		management of patients with mood disorders.	Must know
		Geriatric considerations.	Must know
		Follow – up and home care and	Must know
		rehabilitation.	THUSE MILO W
		> Application of Evidence based nursing	
		practice on management of patient with	Good to know
		mood disorder.	
VIII	8	Nursing management of patient with neurotic,	
		stress related and somatization disorders: -	
		Anxiety disorders, Phobias, Dissociation and	Must know
		Conversion disorder, Obsessive compulsive	
		disorders, post traumatic stress disorder.	

		➤ Etiology, psycho – pathology, clinical	Must know
		manifestations, diagnosis.	Must know
		Nursing Assessment – History, physical and	Must know
		mental assessment.	Widst Know
		Treatment modalities and nursing	Must know
		management of patients with neurotic, stress	
		related and somatization disorders.	
		➤ Geriatric considerations.	Must know
		➤ Follow – up and home care and	Must know
		rehabilitation.	
		Application of Evidence based nursing	Good to know
		practice on management of patient with	
		anxiety and neurotic disorders.	
IX	5	Nursing management of patient with Substance use	
		disorders: -	
		Commonly used psychotropic substance:	Must know
		Classification, forms, routes, action,	
		intoxication and withdrawal	
		Etiology of dependence: tolerance,	Must know
		Psychological and physical dependence	
		withdrawal syndrome, diagnosis,	
		➤ Nursing Assessment – History, Physical,	Must know
		mental assessment and drug assay.	3.6 1
		> Treatment (detoxification, antagonist	Must know
		therapy and harm reduction) and nursing	
		management of patient with substance use	
		disorders. > Geriatric considerations	Must know
		Follow – up and home care and	Must know
		rehabilitation.	Widst Kilow
		Incorporate the evidence based nursing	Good to know
		practice on management of patient with	Cood to know
		Substance abuse disorder.	
X	4	Nursing management of patient with Personality,	
		Sexual and Eating disorders: -	
		Classification of disorders	Must know
		Etiology, Psycho-pathology, characteristics,	Must know
		diagnosis,	
		Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and	Must know
		mental assessment	
		Treatment modalities and nursing	Must know
		management of patients with personality,	
		Sexual and Eating disorders	
		➤ Geriatric considerations	Must know
		Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	Must know
		> Apply Meta analysis studies to implement	G 1, 1
		effective nursing care on Personality,	Good to know
VI	-	Sexual and eating disorder patients.	
XI	6	Nursing Management of childhood and adolescent	
		disorders including mental deficiency: - ➤ Classification	Must know
		Etiology, Psycho-pathology, characteristics,	Must know
	1	Enology, 1 sycho-pathology, characteristics,	MIUST KIIOW

		diagnosis Nursing Assessment-History,	
		Physical, mental and IQ assessment	
		> Treatment modalities and nursing	Must know
		management of childhood disorders	Widst Kilow
		including mental deficiency	
		Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	Must know
		 Identify the linkages between clinical 	Good to Know
		practice, research and theory.	Good to Know
XII	5	Nursing management of organic brain disorders:-	
AII	3	Classification: ICD?	Must know
		Etiology, Psycho-pathology, clinical	Wiust Kilow
		features, diagnosis and Differential diagnosis	Must know
		(Parkinsons and Alzheimers)	Wiust Kilow
		Nursing Assessment-history physical,	Must know
		mental and neurological assessment	Wiust Kilow
		 Treatment modalities and nursing 	Must know
		management of organic brain disorders	Wiust Kilow
		Geriatric considerations	Must know
			Must know
		 Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation Access current and relevant studies 	Wiust Kilow
		needed to address the effective nursing	Good to know
		practice on patient with Organic brain	Good to know
		disorder.	
XIII	6	Psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis	
2111		intervention: -	
		> Types of psychiatric emergencies and their	Must know
		management.	1/10/50 11110 //
		Stress adaptation Model: stress and stressor,	Must know
		coping, resources and mechanism	
		➤ Grief: Theories of grieving process,	Must know
		principles, techniques of counseling	
		> Types of crisis	Must know
		Crisis Intervention: Principles, Techniques	
		and Process	Must know
		Geriatric considerations	
		Role and responsibilities of nurse.	Must know
		Disseminating Evidence based research	
		Projects on treatment of person with	Good to know
		stress.	
XIV	4	Legal issue in Mental Health Nursing: -	
		➤ The Mental Health Act 1987: Act, Sections,	Must know
		Articles and their implications etc.	
		➤ Indian Lunacy Act. 1912	Must know
		Rights of mentally ill clients	Must know
		Forensic psychiatry	Must know
		> Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic	Must know
		substances and illegal drug trafficking.	3.6
		Admission and discharge procedures	Must know
		Role and responsibilities of nurse.	
		Finding and Critiquing Evidence	C14 1
		regarding legal aspects in mental health	Good to know
L		Nursing.	

XV	4	Community Mental Health Nursing: -	
		Development of Community Mental Health	Must know
		Services.	
		National Mental Health Programme	Must know
		➤ Institutionalization Versus	Must know
		Deinstitutionalization	
		Model of Preventive psychiatry: Levels of	Must know
		Prevention	
		Mental Health Services available at the	Must know
		primary, secondary, tertiary levels including	
		rehabilitees and role of nurse.	
		➤ Mental Health Agencies: Government and	Must know
		Voluntary, National and International	
		Mental Health Nursing issues for special	
		populations: Children, Adolescence,	Must know
		Women, Elderly, Victims of violence and	
		abuse, Handicapped, HIV / AIDS etc.	
		Searching Studies related to effectiveness	Good to know
		of levels of prevention in community	
		Mental health Nursing.	

SUBJECT: - MENTAL HEALTH NURSING (PRACTICAL)

PLACEMENT: - THIRD & FOURTH YEAR B. Sc. NURSING

PRACTICAL – 270 HOURS, **INTERNSHIP** – 95 HOURS

COURSE DESCRIPTION: - The purpose of this course is to acquire and develop an understanding of the modern approach to mental health, Identification, prevention and nursing, management of common mental health problems with special emphasis on therapeutic interventions for individuals, family and community.

Areas	Skills to be developed	
Psychiatric	× History taking	
OPD	Perform mental status examination (MSE)	
	Assist in Psychometric assessment	
	Perform Neurological examination	
	Observe and assist in therapies	
	* Teach patients and family members	
Child	History taking	
Guidance	Assist in Psychometric assessment	

clinic	X Observe and assist in various therapies
	* Teach family & significant others
Impatient	× History taking
ward	Perform mental status examination (MSE)
	Perform Neurological examination
	Assist in Psychometric assessment
	X Record therapeutic communication
	X Administer medications
	Assist in Electro convulsive Therapy (ECT)
	Participate in all therapies
	Prepare patients for Activity of Daily living (ADL)
	X Conduct admission and discharge counseling
	X Counsel and teach patients and families
Community	X Conduct case work
psychiatry	X Identify individuals with mental health problems
	Assists in mental health camps and clinics
	X Counsel and Teach family members, patients and community

Internship: -

Areas	Skills
Psychiatry ward	Integrated Practice

List of Clinical Assignments

- 1 Reports
 - Psychiatric Ward
 - ECT
 - Occupational Therapy
- Nursing Care Plan Psychiatric Ward (5) 2
- 3
- Case Study (2) Clinical Presentation (2) 4
- 5
- History taking (2) Mental Status Examination- (2) 6
- Process Recording (2) 7
- Health Talk 8
- Daily Diary 9
- Drug Book 10

SUBJECT: - MIDWIFERY AND OBSTETRICAL NURSING (THEORY)

THEORY – 90 HOURS, PRACTICAL – 180 HOURS, INTERNSHIP – 240 HOURS

Course Description: - The purpose of this course is to appreciate the concepts and principles of midwifery and obstetrical nursing, acquire knowledge and skills in rendering nursing care to normal and high risk pregnant women during antenatal, natal and post natal periods in hospitals and community settings, develop attitude and proficiency in managing normal and high risk neonates in family welfare Programme.

Learning Objectives: - At the end of the course, the students will be able to,

- 1. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical nursing
- 2. Describe the anatomy and physiology of female reproductive system
- 3. Describe the diagnosis and management of women during antenatal period
- 4. Demonstrate competence in caring for women with obstetrical and gynecological conditions
- 5. Describe the physiology and stages of labour
- 6. Describe the management of women during intra-natal period
- 7. Describe the physiology of Puerperium and management of women during postnatal period.
- 8. Describe the assessment and management of normal neonate
- 9. Describe the identification and management of women with high risk pregnancy
- 10. Describe management of abnormal labour and obstetrical emergencies
- 11. Describe management of postnatal complications
- 12. Identify the high risk neonates and their nursing management
- 13. Describe indication, dosage, action, side effects and nurses' responsibilities in the administration of drugs used for mothers.
- 14. Appreciate the importance of family welfare Programme and describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse in family welfare program
- 15. Incorporate evidence based nursing practice in giving Quality nursing care in the field of obstetrics and gynecological Nursing.
- 16. Apply evidence based nursing practice in giving Quality nursing care in the field of obstetrics and gynecological Nursing.

The above objectives can be fulfilled by implementing EBES:

- Knowledge level:- Students should be facilitated by didactic lectures and evidence searching exercises for the same (Good to Know category)
- Analyze: Theory classes should incorporate recent evidences. (Desirable to Know category)
- Application: Tutorials and demonstrations based on all steps of Evidence Based Decision Making. (Must Know category)

	(Hour		
	s) 3		
I	3	Introduction to Midwifery and obstetrical nursing: -	
		➤ Introduction to concepts of midwifery and obstetrical	Good to know
		nursing.	
		Trends in midwifery and obstetrical nursing	Good to know
		 Historical perspective and current trends 	Good to know
		X Legal and ethical aspects	Good to know
		Pre-conception care and preparing for parenthood	Must know
		* Role of Nurse in midwifery and obstetrical care.	Good to know
		X National policy and legislation in relation to	
		maternal health and welfare	Must know
		Maternal, morbidity, mortality and fertility rates	Must know
		Perinatal, morbidity and mortality rates	
		➤ Identify and apply the knowledge of evidence based	Desirable to know
		nursing in midwifery practices (Group assignments)	
II	8	Review of anatomy and physiology of female reproductive	
		system and Foetal development:	
		Female pelvis – general description of the bones joints,	Must know
		ligaments, planes of the pelvis diameters of the true	
		pelvis, important landmarks variations in pelvis shape.	
		Female organs of reproduction – external genetalia,	
		internal genital organs and their anatomical relations,	Must know
		musculature – blood supply, nerves, lymphatics, pelvic	
		cellular tissue, pelvic peritoneum	
		Physiology of menstrual cycle	3.5
		> Human sexuality	Must know
		Foetal development	Good to know
		× Conception	Must know
		* Review of fertilization, implantation	Good to know
		(embedding of the ovum), development of the	Must know
		embryo and placenta at term – functions,	
		abnormalities, the umbilical chord,	
		* Foetal circulation, foetal skull, bones, sutures	C 1 4 - 1
		and measurements.	Good to know
		> Review of Genetics	
		> Use evidences in understanding of anatomy and	Desimable to large
		physiology of female reproductive system and fetal	Desirable to know
		development (group Demonstration)	

III	8	Aggoggment and management of nyegnanov (anta notel)	
111	0	Assessment and management of pregnancy (ante – natal):	Must know
		Normal pregnancy	Must know
		➤ Physiological changes during pregnancy	Must know
		Reproductive system Condition recorder System	
		× Cardio vascular System	Must know
		× Respiratory system	Must know
		× Urinary system	3.6 1
		Gastro intestinal system	Must know
		Metabolic changes	Must know
		× Skin changes	Must know
		× Endocrine system	Must know
		× Psychological changes	Must know
			Must know
		➤ Diagnosis of pregnancy	Must know
		× Signs	
		Differential diagnosis	Good to know
		* Confirmatory tests	Good to know
		➤ Ante – natal care	Must know
		X Objectives	
		* Assessment	Good to know
		⇔ History and physical examination	
		Antenatal Examination	Must know
		Signs of previous child - birth	Must know
		Relationship of fetus to uterus and pelvis: Lie,	Must know
		Attitude, Presentation, position	
		X Per vaginal examination.	Must know
		Screening and assessment for high risk;	Must know
		Risk approach	Good to know
		History and physical Examination	Must know
		Modalities of diagnosis; ultrasonic, cardio tomography,	Must know
		NST, CST	
		Antenatal preparation	
		X Antenatal counseling	Must know
		X Antenatal exercises	Must know
		× Diet	Must know
		Substance use	Must know
		Education for child-birth	Must know
		Husband and families	Good to know
		Preparation for safe confinement	Must know
		Prevention from radiation	Must know
		Psycho – social and cultural aspects of pregnancy	
		* Adjustment to Pregnancy	Good to know
		× Unwed mother	Good to know
			Good to know
		X Teenage Pregnancy	Good to know
		* Sexual violence	Good to know
		➤ Adoption	Good to know
		> Exercise evidence based nursing in assessment and	Desirable to know
		management of antenatal mothers (group	
		demonstration)	
IV	12	Assessment and Management of intra – natal period: -	
			l .

		➤ Physiology of labour, mechanism of labour	Must know
		 Management of labour 	Must know
		× First stage	Widst Know
		Signs and symptoms of onset of labour;	Must know
		normal and abnormal	Wiust Kilow
		⇒ Duration	Must know
		Preparation of	Wiust Kilow
		Labour room	Must know
		Woman	Must know
		Assessment and observation of woman in	Must know
		labour; partogram – maternal and foetal	Widst know
		monitoring	
		Active management of labour, Induction of	Must know
		labour	Widst Know
		Pain relief and comfort in labour	Must know
		> Second Stage	Widst Know
		× Signs and symptoms; normal and abnormal	Must know
		× Duration	Must know
		Conduct of delivery; Principles and techniques	Must know
		Episiotomy (Only if required)	Must know
		Receiving the new born	TYLIGHT KITO VV
		Neonatal resuscitation; initial steps and	Must know
		subsequent resuscitation	Widst Know
		Subsequent resuscitation Series of umbilical cord	Must know
		₩ Immediate assessment including screening	Widst Kilow
		for congenital anomalies	Must know
		□ Identification □ Identification	Must know
		♥ Bonding	Must know
			Must know
		Screening and transportation of the neonate	Must know
		> Third stage	
		Signs and symptoms; normal and abnormal	Must know
		× Duration	Must know
		Method of placental expulsion	Must know
		 Management; Principles and techniques 	Must know
		Examination of the placenta	Must know
		Examination of perineum	Must know
		➤ Maintaining records and reports	Must know
		Fourth Stage	Must know
		> Exercise evidence based practices in assessment and	
		management of intranatal mothers (Group	Desirable to know
		Demonstration & Presentation)	
V	5	Assessment and management of women during post natal	
		period: -	
		Normal Puerperium; Physiology Duration	Good to know
		Postnatal assessment and management	
		Promoting physical and emotional well-being	Must know
		X Lactation management	Must know
		× Immunization	Must know
		➤ Family dynamics after child – birth	Good to know
		Family welfare services; methods, counseling	Must know
		➤ Follow – up	Must know

		➤ Records and reports	Must know
		➤ Incorporate evidence based practices in assessment	Desirable to know
		and management of Postnatal mothers(group	
		presentation)	
VI	6	Assessment and management of normal neonates: -	
		➤ Normal Neonate;	
		Physiological adaptation,	Good to know
		× Initial & Daily assessment	Must know
		× Essential newborn care; Thermal control,	Must know
		Breast feeding, prevention of infections.	Must know
		> Immunization	Must know
		➤ Minor disorders of newborn and its management	Must know
		Levels of neonatal care (level I, II, & III)	Good to know
		➤ At primary, secondary and tertiary levels	Good to know
		Maintenance of reports and Records	Must know
		> Search and apply evidence based nursing skills in the	Desirable to know
		care of normal neonates (group demonstration)	
VII	10	High – risk pregnancy – assessment & management: -	
		Screening and assessment	
		× Ultrasonics, cardio tomography, NST, CST, non-	Must know
		invasive & invasive,	
		× Newer modalities of diagnosis	Must know
		➤ High – risk approach	Must know
		➤ Levels of care; primary, secondary and tertiary levels	Good to know
		Disorders of pregnancy	
		* Hyper-emesis gravidarum, bleeding in early	
		pregnancy, abortion, ectopic	Must know
		× Pregnancy, vesicular mole,	3.6
		* Ante-partum hemorrhage	Must know
		> Uterine abnormality and displacement	Must know
		➤ Diseases complicating pregnancy	Good to know
		Medical and Surgical conditions Infections, BTL(STD), LITE LINE TOPOLE	March Irmora
		 Infections, RTI (STD), UTI, HIV, TORCH Gynaecological diseases complicating	Must know Must know
		pregnancy	Wiust Know
		Pregnancy induced hypertension & diabetes,	Must know
		Toxemia of pregnancy, hygramnios,	
		× Rh incompatibility	Must know
		* Mental disorders	Must know
		Adolescent pregnancy, Elderly primi and grand	Good to know
		multipara	
		Multiple pregnancy	Must know
		➤ Abnormalities of placenta & cord	Must know
		> Intra-uterine growth-retardation	Must know
		➤ Nursing management of mothers with high-risk	Must know
		pregnancy	3.6 1
		Maintenance of records and Report	Must know
		> Search evidence based strategies for the	Desirable to know
		management of high risk pregnancies (group	
X/TTT		presentation)	
VIII		Abnormal Labour – assessment and management: -	

		➤ Disorders in labour	
			Must Imov
		CPD and contracted pelvis Mala acitions and mala acceptations.	Must know Must know
		Malpositions and malpresentations	Must know
		× Premature labour, disorders of uterine action –	Must know
		precipitate labour, prolonged labour	Nf. 41
		* Complications of third stage: injuries to birth	Must know
		canal	
		> Obstetrical emergencies and their management	3.6 1
		* Presentation and prolapse of cord, Vasa	Must know
		praevia, amniotic fluid embolism, rupture of	
		uterus, shoulder dystocia, obstetrical shock	
		➤ Obstetrical procedures and operation;	
		* Induction of labour, forceps, vacuum version,	Good to know
		manual removal of placement, caesarean	
		section destructive operations.	
		Nursing management of women undergoing obstetrical	Must know
		operations and procedures	
		Assessment and management of woman with postnatal	Must know
		complications	
		> Develop evidence based nursing strategies in	Desirable to know
		management of abnormal labor (group	
***	4	demonstration)	
IX	4	Abnormalities during Postnatal Periods: -	
		Assessment and management of woman with postnatal	
		complications	3.6 1
		* Puerperal infections, breast engorgement &	Must know
		infections, UTI, Thrombo-Embolic disorders,	
		post-partum hemorrhage, Eclampsia and sub	
		involution	G 1, 1
		* Psychological complication:	Good to know
		Post partum Blues	Good to know
		Post partum Depression	Good to know
		Post partum Psychosis	Desirable to know
		> Incorporate and utilize evidence based nursing	
		literature in management of abnormalities during	
X	10	Postnatal Period.(group presentation)	
Λ	10	Assessment and management of High risk newborn: - Admission of neonates in the neonatal intensive care	Must know
		units – protocols	Must know
		Nursing management of:	
		X Low birth weight babies	Must know
		× Infections	Must know
		Respiratory problems	Must know
		Kespiratory problems Haemolytic disorders	Must know
		•	Must know
		× Birth injuries× Malformations	Must know
		➤ Monitoring of high risk neonates	Must know
		Feeding of high risk neonates	Must know
		 Preeding of high risk heoliates Organization and management of neonatal intensive 	Must know
		care units	MINST WHOM
		➤ Infection control in neonatal intensive care units	Must know
		 Maintenance of reports and records 	Must know
		riviannemance of reports and records	MINST WHOM

		Search evidences for best nursing practices in management of high risk newborn	Desirable to know
XI	4	Pharmaco – therapeutic in obstetrics: -	
		➤ Indication, dosage action, contra indication and side	Must know
		effects of drugs	
		➤ Effect of drugs on pregnancy, labour & Puerperium,	Must know
		➤ Nursing responsibilities in the administration of drug in	Must know
		Obstetrics – oxytocin, antihypertensive, diuretics,	
		tocolytic agents, anti – convulsions;	
		➤ Analgesics and anesthetics in obstetrics.	Must know
		Effects of mental medication on foetus and neonate	Good to know
		Search evidences for use of various pharmaco	Desirable to know
		therapeutic studies in obstetrics	
XII	10	Family Welfare Programme: -	
		Population trends and problems in India	Good to know
		Concepts, aims, importance and history of family	Good to know
		welfare programme	
		National Population: dynamics, policy and education	Good to know
		➤ National family welfare Programme; RCH, ICDS,	Must know
		MCH, Safe motherhood	
		Organization and administration; at national, state,	Good to know
		district, block and village levels	
		Methods of contraception; spacing, temporary and	Must know
		permanent, Emergency contraception	
		Infertility and its management	Good to know
		Counseling for family welfare	Must know
		➤ Latest research in contraception	Must know
		➤ Maintenance of vital statistics	Good to know
		Role of national, international and voluntary organizations	Good to know
		➤ Role of a nurse family welfare programme	Must know
		Training / Supervision / Collaboration with other	Must know
		functionaries in community like ANMs. LHVs,	
		Anganwadi workers, TBAs (Traditional birth attendant	
		Dai).	
		> Search evidences for best contraceptive methods	Desirable to know
		and its effectiveness (Group assignments, Field visit)	

SUBJECT: - MIDWIFERY AND OBSTETRICAL NURSING (PRACTICAL)

PLACEMENT: - THIRD & FOURTH YEAR B. Sc. NURSING

PRACTICAL – 180 HOURS, INTERNSHIP – 240 HOURS

COURSE DESCRIPTION: - The purpose of this course is to appreciate the concepts and principles of midwifery and obstetrical nursing, acquire knowledge and skills in rendering nursing care to normal and high risk pregnant women during antenatal, natal and post natal periods in hospitals and community settings, develop attitude and proficiency in managing normal and high risk neonates in family welfare programme.

* Essential Requirements for registration as midwife

0	Antenatal examination	30
0	Conducting normal deliveries in hospital / home / health centre	20
0	Vaginal examination	05
0	Episiotomy and suturing	05
0	Neonatal resuscitation	05
0	Assist with Caesarean Section	02
0	Witness / Assist abnormal deliveries	05
0	Postnatal cases nursed in hospital / home / health centre	20
0	Insertion of IUD	05

Note: - All casebooks must be certified by teacher on completion of essential requirements.

Areas		Skills to be developed
Antenatal	Ж	Antenatal history taking
clinic /	*	Physical examination
OPD	ж	Recording of weight & B.P.
	Ж	HB & Urine testing for sugar and albumin
	Ж	Antenatal examination – abdomen and breast
	*	Immunization
	Ж	Assessment of risk status
	*	Teaching antenatal mothers
	*	Maintenance of Antenatal records
Labour	*	Assessment of Woman in labour
room O.T.	*	Pervaginal examinations and interpretation
	*	Monitoring and caring of woman in labour
	*	Maintenance of partograph
	×	Conduct normal delivery
	×	Newborn assessment and immediate care
	*	Resuscitation of newborns
	×	Assessment of risk status of newborn
	×	Episiotomy and suturing
	*	Maintenance of labour and birth records
	×	Arrange for and assist with Caesarean section and care for woman & baby
		during Caesarean
	×	Arrange for and assist with MTP and other surgical procedures.
Post natal	*	Examination and assessment of mother and baby
ward	×	Identification of deviations
ward	*	Care of postnatal mother and baby
	*	Perineal care
	*	Lactation Management
	*	Breast feeding
	×	Baby bath
	*	Immunization,
	*	Teaching postnatal mother:
		➤ Mother craft
		> Post natal care &
		Exercises
		> Immunization
Newborn	*	New born assessment
nursery	*	Admission of neonates
nuisci y	*	Feeding of at risk neonates
	^^	 Katori spoon, paladin, tube feeding, total parenteral nutrition
	*	Thermal management of neonates – kangaroo mother care, care of baby
		in incubator
	*	Monitoring and care of neonates
	*	Administering medications
	*	Intravenous therapy
	×	Assisting with diagnostic procedure
	*	Assisting with exchange transfusion
	×	Care of baby on ventilator
	×	Phototherapy
	× ×	Infection control protocols in the nursery
	^	incetion control protocols in the nursery

	*	Teaching and counseling of parents
	*	Neonatal records
Family	*	Counseling technique
Planning	ж	Insertion of IUD
clinic	×	Teaching on use of family planning methods
	ж	Arrange for and assist with family planning operations
	*	Maintenance of records and reports

INTERNSHIP OBSTETRICAL NURSING: -

Areas	Skills
Labor ward	 Integrated Practice
Neonatal intensive care unit / NICU	
Antenatal	

List of assignments

- 1 Report Writing
 - Labour Room
 - MTP
 - Gyneac OT
 - Antenatal OPD
- 2 Trolley Presentation for LSCS
- 3 Care plan Antenatal (2)
- 4 Care plan Intranatal (2)
- 5 Care Plan Postnatal (2)
- 6 Care plan New Born (2)
- 7 Case Study (2)
- 8 Case book
- 9 Clinical Presentation- (2)
- 10 Procedure- (1)
- Health talk (1)
- 12 Daily Diary
- 13 Drug Book

SYLLABUS FOR EVIDENCE BASED NURSING EDUCATION <u>Course for 3rd Year B.Sc. Nursing</u>

COURSE CONTENT:-

THEORY: 30 Hrs

1) Barriers in EBNE.

4hrs

- Communication barriers
- Organizational barriers
- Nurse barriers.
- Research barriers.
- 2) Designs for evidence based nursing studies.

6hrs

- Experimental Designs.
- Non-Experimental Designs.
- Descriptive Designs.
- Quasi experimental Designs.
- Qualitative Designs.
- 3) Using sampling to provide evidence.

8hrs

- Collection of data.
- Methods of sampling.
- Sampling techniques.
- 4) Statistical methods for EBN studies.

8hrs

- Mean, median, mode, standard deviations, Chi-square.
- 5) Ethical issues in evidence based: Identifying and collaborating with stakeholders.4hrs

PRACTICAL (ASSIGNMENT):-20Hrs

- 1) Preparation of report on sample survey on identified problem.
- 2) Data analysis.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS:--

Total Marks: - 50 Marks
Theory: - 20 Marks
Practical (Assignment): - 30 Marks

GUIDELINES:--

Theory: - 20 Marks

- 1) Theory exam for EBNE to be conducted at College level and marks will be sent to University.
- 2) 1 Hr question paper containing One long essay 12 Marks & Two short essay 8 (2X4=8 Marks)

Practical (Assignment):

30

Marks

1) Marks will be given for both the assignments. Each assignment will carry 15 marks

Passing Grade: - Student is said to be passed up to Grade "C".

GRADE	RANGE OF MARKS
A.	More than 45
B.	36 to 45
C.	25 to 35
D.	Less than 25.

B.Sc. NURSING FOURTH YEAR

SUBJECT: - COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING – II

THEORY – 90 HOURS, PRACTICAL – 135 HOURS, INTERNSHIP – 195 HOURS

Course Description: - This course is designed for student to practice Community Health Nursing for the individual family and groups at both urban & rural area. **Learning Objectives:** - At the end of the course, the students will be able to,

- ➤ Define concepts, scope, principles and historical development of Community health and community health nursing.
- > Describe health plans, policies, various health committees and health problems in India.
- Describe the system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas, list the functions of various levels and their staffing pattern, explain the components of health services, describe alternative systems of health promotion and health maintenance, and describe the chain of referral system.
- ➤ Describe Community Health Nursing approaches and concepts, describe the roles and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel.
- > Describe and appreciate the activities of community health nurse in assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health.
- > Describe National Heath and family welfare programmes and role of a nurse; describe the various health schemes in India.
- Explain the roles and functions of various National and International health agencies.

The above objectives can be fulfilled by implementing EBES:

- Knowledge level:- Students should be facilitated by didactic lectures and evidence searching exercises for the same (Good to Know category)
- Analyze: Theory classes should incorporate recent evidences. (Desirable to Know category)
- Application: Tutorials and demonstrations based on all steps of Evidence Based Decision Making. (Must Know category)

Unit	Time	Content			
	(Hrs)				
I	4	Introduction to Management in Nursing: -	Distribution		
		 Definition, concept & scope of Community Health 	Must Know		
		and Community Health Nursing			
		Historical development of			
			Good to know		
		Community Health Nursing			
		♥ Pre – independence	Good to know		
		♥ Post – independence	Good to know		
II	6	Health planning and policies and problems: -			
		 National health planning in India five Year plans 	Good to know		

			0 1 1
		 Various committees and commissions on health and family welfare 	Good to know
		 Central Council for health and family welfare (CCH and FW) 	Good to know
		S National health policies (1983, 2002)	Good to know
		National population policy	Must Know
		 Health problems in India. 	Must Know
III	15	Delivery of Community health services: -	Widst IXIIOW
111		 Planning budgeting and material management of 	Good to know
		SCs, PHC and, CHC	
		• Rural: Organization, staffing and functions of rural health services provided by government at:	
		♂ Village	Must Know
		Subcentre	Must Know
		Primary Health centre	Must Know
		Community healt5h center / sub divisional	Must Know
		Hospitals	Must Know
		District	Must Know
		State	Must Know
		© Centre	Must Know
		 Urban: Organization, staffing and functions of 	
		Urban health services provided by government at:	
		Slums	Good to know
		Dispensaries	Good to know
		Maternal and child health centre	Must Know
		Special Clinics	Must Know
		G Hospitals	Must Know
		Corporation / Municipality / Board	Must Know
		• Components of health services	
		 Environmental sanitation 	Good to know
		Health Education	Good to know
		Vital statistics	Must Know
		M.C.H. antenatal, Natal, postnatal, MTP Act, female feticide act, child adoption act	Must Know
		Family Welfare	Must Know
		National health programmes	Must Know
		School health services	Must Know
		 Occupation health 	Must Know
		Defense services	
		 Institutional services 	Must Know
		Systems of medicine and health care	
		Allopathy	Good to know
		Indian System of Medicine and Homeopathy	Must Know
		 Alternative health care systems like yoga, meditation, social and spiritual healing etc. 	Must Know
		Referral system	Must Know
IV	25	Community health nursing approaches, concepts and	
		roles and responsibilities of nursing personnel	
		 Approaches 	
		Sursing theories And Nursing process	Desirable to know
		Epidemiological approach	Must Know

		☞ Problem solving approach	Good to know
		Evidence based approach	Must Know
		Empowering people to care for themselves	Must Know
		Concepts of Primary Health Care:	Widst Know
		Equitable distribution	Good to know
		Equitable distributionCommunity participation	Desirable to know
		Focus on prevention	Must Know
		<u>.</u>	
		 Use of appropriate technology Matting and the property of the proper	Good to know
		Multi – sectoral approach	Must Know
	•	Roles and responsibilities of Community health	
		nursing personnel in	3.6
		Family health services	Must Know
		Information Education Communication (IEC)	Must Know
		Management Information System (MIS):	Good to know
		Maintenance of Records & reports	
		 Training and supervision of various categories of health workers 	Must Know
		National Health Programmes	Good to know
		Environmental sanitation	Good to know
		Maternal and child health and Family welfare	Must Know
		Treatment of Minor ailments	Must Know
		School Health Services	Must Know
		 Occupational Health 	Must Know
		Organization of clinics, camps: Types,	Must Know
		Preparation, Planning, conduct and evaluation.	
		Waste management in the centre, clinics etc.	Must Know
	•	Home Visit: Concept, Principles Process,	Must Know
		Techniques: Bag technique home visit.	
	•	Qualities of Community Health Nurse	Good to know
	•	Job Description of Community health nursing	Must Know
		personnel.	TVIGST INTO V
V	15	1	I
		ting individuals and groups to promote and tain their health: -	
	mam		Good to know
		Empowerment for self care of individuals, families and groups in –	Good to know
	A	• Assessment of self and family	
	A	Assessment of self and familyMonitoring growth and development	Must Know
		Wile stone	Must Know
		♦ While stone ♦ Weight measurement	Must Know
		Social development	Must Know
		 Social development Temperature and Blood pressure monitoring 	Must Know
		 Menstrual cycle 	Must Know
		Breast self examination and testicles	Must Know
		Warning Signs of various diseases	Must Know
		Tests: Urine for sugar and albumin, blood	Must Know
		sugar	Widst Know
		Sugui	
	В	Seek health services for	
		Routine checkup	Must Know
		Immunization	Must Know
			Must Know

			Must Know
		Treatment	Must Know
		Follow up	Must Know
		1	Must Know
		C. Maintenance of health records for self and family	
		D. Continue medical care and follow up in community for various diseases and disabilities	Good to know
		E. Carryout therapeutic procedures as prescribed /	Must Know
		required for self and family	
		F. Waste Management	
		 Collection and disposable of waste at home and 	Must Know
		community	
		G. Sensitize and handle social issues affecting health	
		and development for self and family	
		Women Empowerment	Good to know
		-	
		Women and child abuse	Good to know
		Abuse of elders	Good to know
		Female foeticide	Good to know
		Commercial sex workers	Good to know
		Food adulteration	Good to know
		Substance abuse	Good to know
			Good to know
		H. Utilize community resources for self and family Trauma services	Must Know
		Trauma services	
		G Old age homes	Must Know
			Desirable to know
		Homes for Physically and mentally challenged	Desirable to know
		individuals mentally challenged individuals	D : 11 . 1
X 7 X	20	Homes for destitute	Desirable to know
VI	20	National health and family welfare programmes and	
		the role of a nurse: -	3.6 . 37
		National ARI programme	Must Know
		 Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme (RNTCP) 	Must Know
		National Anti – Malaria programme	Must Know
		National Filaria control programme	Good to know
		National Guinea worn eradication programme	
		National Leprosy eradication programme	Must Know
		National AIDS control programme	Must Know
		STD control programme	Must Know
		 National programme for control of blindness 	Must Know
			Must Know
		Iodine deficiency disorder programme	
		Expanded programme on immunization	Must Know
		National family Welfare Programme RCH	Must Know
		programme historical development, organization,	
		administration, research, constraints.	

	T		
		 National water supply and sanitation programme 	Must Know
		 Minimum Need programme 	Good to know
		 National Diabetics control programme 	Must Know
		Polio Eradication: Pulse polio Programme	Must Know
		National Cancer Control Programme	Must Know
		Yaws Eradication Programme	
		National Nutritional Anemia Prophylaxis	Must Know
		programme	
		20 point programme	
		ICDS programme	Must Know
		Mid – Day meal applied nutritional programme	Must Know
		National mental health programme	Good to know
		Health schemes	
		♥ ESI	Desirable to know
		♥ CGHS	Desirable to know
		⇔ Health insurance	Desirable to know
VII	5	Health Agencies	
		International	
		- WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF,	Good to know
		DANIDA, European Commission (EC), Red cross,	
		USAID, INESCO, Colombo Plan, ILO, CARE etc.	
		National	
		 Indian Red Cross, Indian Council for child welfare, 	Good to know
		Family planning Association of India (FPAI) Tuberculosis	
		Association of India, Hindu Kusht Nivaran Sangh, Central	
		Social Welfare Board, All India n women's conference,	
		Blind Association of India etc.	

SUBJECT: - COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - II (PRACTICAL)

PLACEMENT: - FOURTH YEAR

PRACTICAL – 135 HOURS, **INTERNSHIP** – 195 HOURS

Areas	Skills to be developed		
Community Health	Community health survey		
Nursing	* Community diagnosis		
	* Family care: Home adaptation of common procedures		
	* Home visit: Bag technique		
	X Organize and conduct clinics antenatal, well baby clinic, camps etc.		
	* Screen manage and referrals for: -		
	 High risk mothers and neonates 		
	 Accidents and emergencies 		
	Illnesses: Physical and mental		
	 Disabilities 		
	* Conduct delivery at centre / home: episiotomy and		
	suturing		
	X Resuscitate newborn		
	X School health programme		
	 Screen, manage refer children 		
	X Collaborate with health and allied agencies		
	X Train and Supervise health workers		
	* Provide family welfare services: insertion of IUD		
	Counsel and teach individual, family and community		
	about: HIC, TB, Diabetes, hypertension, Mental health,		
	adolescents, elderly's health, physically and mentally		
	challenged individuals etc.		
	* Collect and Calculate Vital health statistics		
	× Document and maintain		
	 Individual, family and administrative records. 		
	 Write reports centre, disease, national health 		
	programme / projects.		

Placement: -Internship Time: - 4 Week

Areas	Skills	
Urban	-	Integrated Practice and group project – I in each
		rural and Urban.

List of Assignments

1. Survey: Family folder - (2 family)

Family care study- (1) Family roster - (2 families)

- 2. Procedure: vital signs, urine sugar & albumin, medication, malaria smear, & sputum collection. (1)
- 3. Health talk (1)
- 4. Administration of vaccines.
- 5. Administration of medications.
- 6. Health promotional (counseling session): nutrition, hygiene, family planning.
- 7. Records & reports.
- 8. Daily diary.

SUBJECT: - NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

THEORY – 45 HOURS; PRACTICAL – 45 HOURS

Course Description: - The course is designed to enable to student to acquire the understanding of basic concept Research & Research Process and Statistics. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual or group research project.

Learning objectives:- at the end of the course, the students will be able to,

- ➤ Describe the concept research, terms, need and areas of research in nursing; explain the steps of research process.
- ➤ Identify and state the research problem and objectives.
- > Review the related literature.
- > Describe the research approaches and designs.
- Explain the sampling process; describe the methods of data collection.
- > Analyze, interpret and summarize the research data.
- Explain the use of statistics, scales of measurement and graphical presentation of data; describes the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of correlation.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Content			
I	4	cs Research & research Process:-			
		X Introduction & need for Nursing research			
		Definition of Research & Nursing research			
		X Steps of Scientific method.			
		X Characteristics of good research.			
		X Steps of Research.			
II	3	Research Problem / Question:-			
		X Identification of problem area.			
		× Problem Statement.			
		* Criteria of a good research Problem.			
		Writing Objectives.			
III	3	Review of Literature: -			
		× Location.			
		× Sources.			
		X On line search CINHAL, COCHRANE etc.			
		× Purposes.			
		* Methods of review.			
IV	4	cs Research approaches and designs:-			
		Historical, Survey and experimental.			
		X Qualitative and Quantitative designs.			
V	8	s Sampling and data Collection:-			
		 Definition of Population, sample, Sampling criteria, Factors 			
		influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques.			
		■ X Data – way, what, from whom, when & where to collect.			
		X Data collection Methods and instruments.			
		Method of data collection.			
		Questioning, interviewing.			
		Observations, record analysis & Measurement.			
		Types of instrument.			
		Validity & Reliability of the Instrument.			
		Pilot Study.			
		Data collection Procedure.			

VI	4	Analysis of data:-
		× Compilation
		× Tabulation
		× Classification
		× Summarization.
		× Presentation.
		X Interpretation of Data.
VII	15	☑ Introduction to Statistics:-
		X Definition, use of statistics, scales of Measurement.
		Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data.
		* Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation.
		X Normal probability and tests of significance.
		X Co-efficient of correlation.
		X Statistical packages and its application.
VIII	4	Communication and Utilization of Research: -
		X Communication of research findings.
		× Verbal reports.
		Writing research report.
		Writing scientific article/Paper.
		♦ Critical review published research
		Utilization of research Findings.
		Assignments:-
		Writing research report and abstract.
		Writing foot notes and bibliography.

SUBJECT: - MANAGEMENT OF NURSING SERVICES & EDUCATION

THEORY – 90 HOURS

Course Description: - The course is designed to enable to student to acquire understanding of management of clinical and community health nursing services, Nursing Educational programme.

Learning objectives:- At the end of the course, the students will be able to,

- Explain the principles and functions of management.
- > Describe the elements and process of management.
- > Describe the management of nursing services in the hospital and community.
- > Describe the concepts, theories and techniques of organizational behavior and human relations.
- > Participate in planning and organizing in service education program.
- > Describe management of nursing educational institutions.
- > Describe the ethical and legal responsibilities of a professional nurse; explain the nursing practice standards.

Explain the various opportunities for professional advancement

	Explain the various opportunities for professional advancement.				
Unit	Time		Contents		
	(Hı				
	Th.	Pr.			
I	4		Introduction to Management in Nursing:-		
			Definition, Concepts & theories.		
			X Functions of Management.		
			X Principles of Management.		
			X Role of a Nurse as a Manager.		
II	5		Management Process:-		
			Planning: - Philosophy, Objectives & Operational plan.		
			Staffing: - Staffing study, norms activities, patient Classification,		
			System, Scheduling.		
			* Human resources, Management recruiting, selecting, development,		
			retaining, Promoting, Super arinnation etc.		
			Budgeting: - Concept, Principles, types cost, benefit analysis and		
			audit.		
			Material Management: - Equipment & Supplies		
			X Directing (Leading) Process.		
			* Controlling: - Quality Management.		
			* Program evaluation Review Technique (PERT), Bench marking,		
	_		Activity Plan (Gantt Chart),		
III	8	20	Management of Nursing Services in the Hospital & Community.		
			(Practice – 8 Hrs. & Theory – 20 Hrs.):-		
			× Planning: -		
			Hospital & Patient case units including ward management.		
			Emergency & Disaster Management.		
			* Human Resource Management: -		
			Recruiting selecting, development superannuation etc.		
			Categories of nursing personnel including job, description of		
			all levels.		
			Patient / Population Classification Systems.		
			Patient / Population assignment & Nursing care		
		l	responsibilities.		

	1	I				
			> Staff development & well fare.			
			* Budgeting proposal, projecting requirements for staff &			
			Hospital: -			
			Hospital & Patient care units.			
			Emergency and disaster Management.			
			Material Management; procurement, inventory control,			
			auditing and maintenance in: -			
			Hospital & Patient care units.			
			Emergency and disaster Management.			
			* Directing & Leading: -			
			Delegation, Participatory Management.			
			Assignments, Rotations, Supervision & Guidance.			
			 Implement standards, Polices, Procedures & Practices. 			
			Staff Development & Welfare.			
			Maintenance of Discipline.			
			<u> </u>			
						
			Nursing rounds / Visits, Nursing protocols manuals.			
			Quality Assurance model, Documentation.			
			Records & reports performance appraisal.			
IV	5		Organizational Behavior and Human Relations:-			
			* Concept and theories of Organizational Behaviors.			
			* Review of Channels of Communication.			
			X Leadership styles.			
			* Review of Motivation (It is completed in 1 st year Psychology.)			
			X Techniques of: -			
			 Communication & interpersonal relationships. (Review of interpersonal relationships). 			
			as it is already completed in 2 nd year B. Sc. Nursing.			
			Human Relationship.			
			 Public Relations in Context of Nursing. 			
			* Relations with Professional associations & employees Unions &			
			Collective bargaining.			
V	5	5	In service Education:-			
'	3	3	* Nature & Scope of in service education program.			
			Wattare & Scope of in service education program. Organization of in service education.			
			 Principles of adult learning. Planning for in convice advantion programs techniques. Methods 8 			
			Planning for in service education program; techniques, Methods & Evaluation of staff			
***	1.0		* Preparation of Report.			
VI	10		Management of Nursing educational institutions			
			* Establishment of Nursing Educational institution INC norms and			
			guidelines.			
			X Co – ordination with:-			
			Regulatory bodies			
			Accreditation			
			> Affiliation			
			Philosophy / Objectives			
			♥ Organization			
			> Structure			
			> Committees			
			Physical Facilities			
			College / School			
			Hostel, Student			
	L		7 Hoster, Student			

		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		Admission
		➤ Guidance & Counseling
		Maintaining discipline faculty, staff & Students.
		Recruitment
		➤ Job description
		Placement, Performance appraisal
		Development & Welfare
		➢ Budgeting.
		Equipment & Supplies A.V. Aids, books, Journals etc.
		Curriculum – Planning, implementations & Evaluation.
		Clinical Facilities
		Transport Facilities
		➤ Institutional Records & reports Administrative, Faculty,
		Staff & Students.
VII	10	Nursing as a Profession:-
·		* Nursing as a Profession.
		Philosophy; Nursing practice
		Aims & Objectives
		Characteristics of Professional Nurse.
		Professional ethics:-
		Code of Professional conduct; INC, ICN
		Practice Standards for Nursing, & INC
		Consumer Protection act.
		Legal Aspects in Nursing.
		Legal terms related to practice, registration &
		Licensing.
		Laws related to Nursing Practice, Breach and
		penalties.
		Malpractice and Negligence.
VIII	3	Professional Advancement:-
		Continuing Education
		X Career Opportunity
		Collective bargaining
		* Membership with Professional, Organizations, national &
		International.
		Participation in research activities.
		* Publications, Journals, News Papers etc.
		Assignments:-
		* Organizational Chart (Hospital & College) – One
		Staff Duty Planning – One
		 Project on In Service education or Other (Group work) – One
		Requisition for indents – Drugs, diet, equipments & Supplies. –
1	1	Practice Teaching – Two.
		One. * Clinical Teaching – Two

SYLLABUS FOR EVIDENCE BASED NURSING EDUCATION Course for 4th Year B.Sc. Nursing

COURSE CONTENT:-

THEORY: 45 Hrs

1) Introduction to Evidenced Based Nursing Education & Nursing Research

- Definition, the five levels of collaboration
- Individual Level
- Organization Level
- Regional Level
- National Level
- International level
- Preparing literature review

2) Nursing Research Problem

- Design of nursing research
- Process of nursing research
- Comparison of nursing process & nursing research
- Identify nursing research problem
- Nursing Research past, present & future
- Sources of evidenced for nursing education & nursing practice
- Paradigms & methods: quantitative & qualitative research
- Developing hypothesis
- Purpose of finding evidence /types of evidence
- Searching for evidence
- Design validity & the pyramid for Evidenced Based Nursing Education

3) Ethical Issues & Legal consideration

- Ethical issues in quantitative & qualitative data interpretation
- Appraising the evidence
- Barriers to connect research & practice
- Professionalism in nursing
- Types of research

4) Innovations & Innovator

- Develop for oneself as an innovator
- Change the agent
- Lifelong learning
- Preceptors & role models
- Evaluating outcomes of innovations
- Preparing sampling distribution
- Pilot study
- Statistical analysis
- Strategies relating to presentation
- Paper presentation in local level/ State level/National level/ International level

PRACTICAL (ASSIGNMENT):-

40 Hrs

20

1.) Submission of the Mini research project.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS:--

Total Marks: -- 50 Marks
Theory: - 20 Marks
Practical (Assignment): - 30 Marks

GUIDELINES:--

Theory: Marks

- 1) Theory exam for EBNE to be conducted at College level and marks will be sent to University.
- 2) 1 Hr question paper containing One long essay 10 Marks & Two short essay 5 marks each (2x5=10 Marks).

Practical (Assignment):-

30

Marks

1. 30 Marks will be given for the assignment. Assignment will be submission of the Mini research project.

Passing Grade: - Student is said to be passed up to Grade "C".

GRADE	RANGE OF MARKS
A.	More than 45
B.	36 to 45
C.	25 to 35
D.	Less than 25.

MONTHLY CLINICAL EVALUATION PROFORMA

Name of the Student:	Course:	Year:
Department / Ward	Date of Posting / Month	

NO.	AREAS OF EVALUATION	5	4	3	2	1
Α	PERSONAL/ATTITUDES		<u> </u>	l		
A.1	Clean and tidy Uniform, well groomed, and pleasant.					
A.2	Punctual					
A.3	Maintains good interpersonal relationship with seniors and co-workers.					
A.4	Accepts suggestions and correction graciously.					
A.5	Takes initiative in learning at hospital environment					
A.6	Takes self-protective measures during postings					
A.7	Appreciates and respects institution policies					
A.8	Seeks help when needed					
A.9	Trustworthy and honesty					
A.10	Courteous and gives due respect to all					
B.	KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING			l		
B.1	Recognition of patient's need and understanding their problems					
B.2	Planning nursing care					
B.3	Understanding and application of scientific principles					
B.4	Understands the various diagnostic procedures and tests performed on the patient and their significance.					
B.5	Maintains records & reports, accurately and neatly					
С	SKILLS			ı		
C.1	Provides clean and safe environment for the patient					
C.2	Able to co-relate theory with practice					
C.3	Carries out treatment and nursing care techniques accurately and promptly					
C.4	Makes best use of available resources					
C.5	Use all opportunities to give health teaching					

Total Marks:	/100 Marks
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General Remarks:

Signature of Student

Sign. of Teacher/ Clinical Instructor

ANNUAL CLINICAL EVALUATION PROFORMA

Student's Name:	Hospital
Period under Evaluation	
Batch and Year:	Ward

		PERFORMANCE LEVEL						
		Standard met	Standard almost met	Standard partially met	Standard not met	Remarks		
		I. NURSING P	ROCESS (Max – 60					
Α	ASSESSMENT (12)		•					
1.	Collects complete data about the patient	4	3	2	0			
2.	Identifies basic needs/problems	3	2	1	0			
3.	Formulates complete nursing diagnosis	5	4	2	0			
В.	PLANNING (14)							
1.	Considers the patient's problems priority – wise	3	2	1	0			
2.	States the objectives	3	2	1	0			
3.	Plans suitable nursing actions for the stated problems	5	4	2	0			
4.	Sates rationale for nursing action	3	2	1	0			
С	IMPLEMENTATION (28)							
1.	Implements nursing care competently, safely and accurately within a given time	5	4	2	0			
2.	Maintains safe and comfortable environment for patient	4	3	2	0			
3.	Applies scientific principles	5	4	2	0			
4.	Meets the nutritional needs of patient as planned	4	3	2	0			
5.	Gives health instructions to patient and family as planned	5	4	3	0			
6.	Accurate in recording and reporting patients information to the appropriate personnel	5	4	3	0			
D	EVALUATION (6)							
1.	Evaluates the patient's response to nursing care	3	2	1	0			
2.	Re-examines and modifies the patient's care plan	3	2	1	0			

Contd...



		PERFORMANCE LEVEL						
		Standard met	Standard almost met KNOWLEDGE (15).	Standard partially met	Standard not met	Remarks		
1.	Knows medical diagnosis for each patient cared for and able to describe predisposing factors, etiology, pathophysiology, signs and symptoms, therapeutic management and results.	6	4	3	0			
2.	Describes the investigations done and knows the reasons, preparation, procedures and interprets the results of specific tests done for the assigned patient.	4	3	2	0			
3.	Describes and calculates the drug administered, the action, dosage, side effects of the drug and precautions to be taken.	5	4	3	0			
		III. PROFESSIC	NAL CONDUCT (2	5)				
1.	Appears well groomed and conscious about professional appearance	3	2	1	0			
2.	Always punctual for clinical experience and completes all learning assignments in time	5	3	2	0			
3.	Accepts responsibilities and follows rules and regulations	3	2	1	0			
4.	Establishes and maintains harmonious relationship with patient's relatives, members of health team and colleagues	5	4	3	0			
5.	Respects teachers and accepts constructive criticism	3	2	1	0			
6.	Shows initiative for self learning	3	2	1	0			
7.	Shows leadership abilities	3	2	1	0			

Maximum Marks – 100 Signature of teacher with date: Signature of student with date: Comments by the teacher: A – Excellent > 85% B – V. Good 75-84% C- Good 65-74% D – Pass 50-64% F – Fail < 50%

Signature of the Evaluator

Signature of the Principal